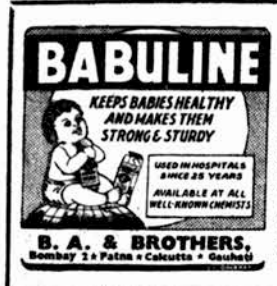
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SUNDAY CHRONICLE

Registered No. B. 4666

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MORARJI TO BREAK FAST BY EVENING

Public Meeting Is Arranged At Last

AHMEDABAD, August 25.

MR. MORARJI DESAI, Chief Minister of Bombay, will break his seven-day-old fast tomorrow evening after addressing a public meeting.

THE HAPPY NEWS OF MR. DESAI'S FAST COMING TO AN END WAS AVAILABLE AT 11 O'CLOCK TONIGHT WHEN ABOUT 50 LEADING CITIZENS ISSUED AN APPEAL TO THE PEOPLE OF AHMEDABAD AND GUJARAT TO FORGET THE PAST AND ATTEND HIS PUBLIC MEETING TO BE HELD AT 5 O'CLOCK TOMORROW EVENING.

Mr. Morarji Desai

The draft of the statement which underwent many changes during five days' consultations was finally approved after day-long discussions with all sections of the people of Ahmedabad by Mr. U. N. Dhebar, Mr. S. K. Patil and many other prominent leaders.

The draft was earlier shown to Mr. Morarji Desai who gave his consent.

The statement denounced violence in public life and expressed unflinching faith in freedom of expression.

THE MEETING

The Gujarat Pradesh Congress Committee late tonight announced that a public meeting to be addressed by Mr. Morarji Desai and Mr. U. N. Dhebar will be held under its auspices in Lal Darwaja on Sunday evening.

The meeting will be presided over by Mr. Kanaiyalal Desai, G.P.C.C. president.

No police arrangements are made for the meeting, it further added.

MORE DETERIORATION

Further deterioration in Mr. Desai's health was reported today, the seventh day of his fast, by the panel of doctors who examined him this afternoon.

He had a very disturbed sleep last night due to muscular pain.

The doctors said, his blood chemistry showed certain unfavourable features.

Some unfavourable symptoms also developed which showed that his kidneys were not bearing the strain as they ought to.

The above symptoms, according to the doctors, showed further deterioration in his health.

Mr. Morarji Desai has lost in all eight-and-a-half pounds of weight—since he began his fast.

NEHRU'S CONCERN

This morning Prime Minister Nehru, and Home Minister Pandit Pant kept in touch with Ahmedabad to know the actual position in view of the deteriorating condition of Mr. Morarji Desai.

The day-long consultations with a determined view to reach an agreement came to an end late tonight with the final approval of the draft of the statement which has been signed, among others, by Mr. Amritlal Hargovindas, vice-president, Maha Gujarat Vidyarthi Samiti, Mr. Chandulal Satia, president, Gujarat Chamber of Commerce, Mr. S. R. Vasavada, secretary, Textile Labour Association, Ahmedabad, and Mr. Himatlal Shukla, chairman, Citizens Committee.

THE STATEMENT

Following is the full text of the citizens' statement to the people of Ahmedabad issued late tonight:

Today is the seventh day of Morarjibhai's fast and the condition of his health is now causing anxiety. Therefore, the responsibility of this city has increased. It is very essential that complete peace should be established in the city so that his fast would come to an early end.

It is, therefore, necessary to create such an atmosphere as would fulfil the object of his fast. Some of us met him. He explained his view point to us.

He told us that there should be no place at all for any type of violence in the public life and no obstruction of any kind should be caused to any individual in giving expression to his thoughts or undertaking any activity to do so.

WE AGREE

"We agreed with this view point. In a democratic society if an individual realising his respon-

Continued On Page 5 Column 7

State Ministers For Ahmedabad

BOMBAY, Saturday.

Mr. B. S. Hiray, Revenue Minister, Dr. Jivraj Mehta, Finance Minister, and Mr. M. P. Patil, Co-operation Minister, left for Ahmedabad by a plane this afternoon, to meet Mr. Morarji Desai.

Rajya Sabha Passes S.R. Bill As It Is

NEW DELHI, August 25.

AMID APPLAUSE AND CHEERS, THE RAJYA SABHA TODAY PASSED THE STATES REORGANISATION BILL, WITHOUT MAKING ANY CHANGES. THE BILL NOW GOES TO THE PRESIDENT FOR HIS ASSENT.

The Home Minister, Pandit Pant, in his final speech, appealed to all sections in Gujarat to make the bilingual scheme for Bombay a success and to make sacrifices even if they were not satisfied with the soundness of the proposal that Parliament had accepted at the instance of some of the representatives of Gujarat itself.

The Home Minister at the outset said he would not enter into the "petty controversies" raised during the debate as "this is too big and solemn an occasion" to admit of trivialities.

"It is a matter of gratification that in spite of the sharp controversy and the vicissitudes through which the Bill had to pass, ultimately the form which it has assumed and which represents the collective wisdom of the two Houses of Parliament, has the almost unanimous support of both the Houses.

ONLY 14 STATES

"So far, we had a large number of States, perhaps there were 26 States, besides some territories, but now we will have only fourteen States and only four territories, besides Andamans, Nicobar and Laccadives.

Continued On Page 5 Column 7

Sunday Smile

"When I get in one of your moods, mummy always gives me a dose of salts."

Jap Official Convicted Of Espionage

TOKYO, August 25.

The first sentence in the famous Rastvorov espionage affair in Japan was passed today on former Japanese Foreign Office Secretary Shigeru Takamore.

He was sentenced at the end of a two year trial by the Tokyo district court to a year's hard labour and a fine of 1,500,000 yen.

Takamore was found guilty of having handed, in violation of the Civil Servants Act, to Soviet Mission Secretary Yotchelnikov the Secret Japanese Government documents for the period 1950-54 at a price of 4,000 US dollars.—UPI-AFP.

SUNDAY STAR

One of the most graceful exponents of Indian dancing we've seen in some time, Kamala gives an enchanting performance in "Devta." It's so nice that we've decided to give her our Sunday Star for the week.

JAMUNA IS RISING

NEW DELHI, August 25.

WATER LEVEL IN THE RIVER JAMUNA IS STEADILY RISING AND LATEST INDICATIONS ARE THAT IT WILL REACH DANGER POINT WITHIN THE NEXT 24 HOURS.

Several villages situated on low-lying areas have already been inundated as a result of floods. Approaches to these villages are water logged.

The water-level stood at 671.7 inches tonight—only three inches below the danger mark.

The authorities have alerted the army to be in readiness to meet any emergency. A number of boats have been kept at the disposal of villagers to evacuate them to places of safety.

So far there has been no evacuation from any of the villages threatened by floods.

According to official estimates, nearly 10,000 acres of land are under knee-deep water. Damage to standing crops is stated to be enormous.

All possible efforts are being made to prevent any breaches being caused in the Shahdara embankment which is protecting the entire Shahdara township with 50,000 population.

The flood water is nibbling the Shahdara bund at various points.—UPI.

Peron's Palace Falls

BUENOS AIRES, August 25.

Argentine President Pedro Aramburu last night signed a decree for the demolition of the presidential palace, of the former President Juan Peron and the late Eva Peron.

The site of the palace in "Palemro," the aristocratic quarter of Buenos Aires, will become a public garden.

The decision to demolish the palace has no political significance.

It is in a bad state of repair and its restoration would entail a considerable sum of money.—UPI-AFP.

AMUL DESAI ASKS FOR GOVERNOR'S INQUIRY

SURAT, August 25.

Dr. Amul Desai, Praja Socialist Member of the Bombay Legislative Assembly, today demanded a personal inquiry by the Governor, into the "police violence" at Ahmedabad.

In a letter to the Governor, who is here on a tour of the Surat district, Dr. Desai said: "You as head of the State and your Ministry accused the people for using violence, and are keeping silent over the police violence. That is why, to give justice to the people of Gujarat, I request you to inquire personally in the matter."—UPI

Split Among 18 Powers Seen

NASSER SPURNS WORLD CONTROL

CHRONICLE CORRESPONDENT P. T. CHANDRA

LONDON, August 25.

COL. NASSER IS BELIEVED TO HAVE TOLD MR. MENZIES IN HIS REPLY WHICH IS EXPECTED TO BE DELIVERED TOMORROW THAT HE WAS WELCOME TO CAIRO.

While expressing his willingness to discuss the Suez situation in all its aspects, he has explained his inability to consider any international control of the Suez Canal.

Eighteen Powers supporting the Dulles Plan now seem to be sorting out themselves.

There seems to be more differences among them than when they voted for the Dulles plan.

The American delegate is expected to play a decisive role in the preliminary talks with the Egyptians.

NASSER'S OFFER

Col. Nasser, it is believed here, is prepared to send his foreign minister to London or Geneva to have preliminary talks with the Menzies Committee.

The Committee was set up by 18 Powers supporting the Dulles Plan.

Some delegates would prefer to have direct talks with Col. Nasser because they say that talks with his foreign minister would not be of much value as Nasser is the unchallenged ruler of Egypt and in any case this procedure would involve delay.

According to Washington reports, some Americans hope that Nasser would not reject outright the Dulles Plan and made counter proposals which would keep the door open for negotiations.

ARMED THREAT

Britain continues to make military preparations but none seriously believes that these would be put into operation on the rejection of the Dulles Plan by Nasser.

The United States is reported to be against a policy of forcing Nasser to swallow internationalisation at the point of bayonet.

Many others who supported the Dulles Plan are opposed to precipitate military or economic sanctions.

Mr. Shepilov, before leaving for Moscow, again warned that any attempt to change the Suez position by force might produce

Continued On Page 5 Column 2

NASSER WILL APPEAL TO U.N.

LONDON, August 25.

Diplomatic reports reaching here from Cairo today said Egyptian President Nasser intends to appeal to the United Nations Security Council on Monday over the Suez Canal issue.

Informed sources in London commenting on these reports said the French and British Governments had already decided on a plan of action to deal with such an eventuality.

Britain and France could rely on a large majority in the Security Council to support their position, the sources said.—UPI-AFP.

Congress Nominee Is Pondi's President

PONDICHERRY, August 25.

Mr. Kamichetty Parasuram was today elected president of the Pondicherry State Representative Assembly in place of the retiring president, Mr. R. L. Purushotnama Reddiar.

Mr. Kamichetty was elected to the Assembly from Yanam.

The August session of the Assembly commenced today, with an address from the Chief Commissioner, Mr. Kewal Singh.

Mr. P. Barathi Dasan, who took the chair temporarily after the Chief Commissioner's address invited nominations for the Presidentship of the Assembly.

DR. KINSEY

Dr. KINSEY DIES

BLOOMINGTON, Indiana, August 25.

Doctor Alfred Kinsey, author of best-selling books, on sexual behaviour, died here today after a brief heart illness, he was aged 62.

Dr. Kinsey, a biologist turned expert on sexual matters, was hospitalized on Wednesday with pneumonia complicated with heart trouble.

He wrote his first sex study, "Sexual Behavior of the American Male," in 1948. It was followed in 1953 by a second work, "Sexual Behavior of the American Female."

Both the books hit the best-sellers' lists and touched off heated controversy among scientists, many of whom questioned the efficacy of Dr. Kinsey's research methods.—UPI.

Royal Rift Is Closed

AMSTERDAM, August 25.

As the Dutch people breathe a sigh of relief at their Queen's decision never to see her faith healer, Miss Great Hofmans, again, the Royal couple today flew off on a second honeymoon as guests of Queen Frederika of Greece, in Corfu.

Before leaving Holland, they issued a short 70-word communique thanking the members of a special committee for their advice, "which the difficulties that had arisen so has been very valuable for solving that we now face the future with confidence."

She Is No More Her Highness

NEW DELHI, Aug. 25.

Her Highness Rajmata Kamlendumati Shah of Tehri-Garwal, an elected member of the Lok Sabha, has discarded the title of "her highness."

She requested the Speaker in the Lok Sabha today to take away the title "her highness" from her name appearing on the business papers of the House.—UPI.

Major General Abdel Hakim Amer (right) Commander-in-Chief of Egypt's armed forces talks to new Egyptian pilots who ha ve been engaged since the nationalization of the Canal. Some British and French p ilots on leave are not returning to their jobs, breaking their contracts.

TODAY

HINDU: Shravan Vad 5 2012
MUSLIM: Muharram 19, 1376
PARSI: Aspradarmad 30 1325

SUN, MOON & TIDES

Sunrise: 6-22 a.m.
Sunset: 6-59 p.m.
Moonrise: 9-58 p.m.
Moonset: 10-13 a.m.
Hightide: 2-30 a.m., 2-25 p.m
Lowtide: 8-5 a.m., 8-29 p.m.

PHASES OF THE MOON

Last Q'ter: Aug. 29, 9-43 a.m
New Moon: Sept. 5, 0-27 a.m

Indo-Pak Agreement On Flood Control

NEW DELHI, August 25.

THE Indo-Pakistan Ministerial Conference on flood control, which concluded here yesterday, have agreed to exchange information relating to floods and rainfall in the eastern region of the sub-continent, it was announced here today.

The recommendations of the conference will be forwarded to the respective governments for action.

A joint statement announcing the recommendations of the conference said that it has been agreed that:—

1. Flood warnings be given from Dibrugarh, Gauhati, Patna, Silchar, Gomti, Khawai and Dhola from India to Pakistan.

2. Flood warnings be given to India from Atrai in Pakistan.

Continued On Page 5 Column 1

ONE MORE DIES IN DELHI BLAST

NEW DELHI, August 25.

ONE more among those injured in last night's bomb explosion near Jama Masjid in Old Delhi has died, bringing the number killed to four.

Intensive police investigation is in progress.

A number of searches were carried out in the neighbourhood, and 30 suspects taken into custody.

A reward of Rs. 2,000 has been announced for information which may lead to the apprehension of the culprits.

Last night's explosion has caused great public excitement.

Large numbers of people have visited the spot and seen the blood stains and scars left by bomb stains on the road in front of the cinema house.

The section of the road has been cordoned off.

It is in a part of the city, normally crowded most of the day and well into the night not only by cinemagoers but by visitors to the nearby Edward Park and to the hospital a few yards away as well as to Jama Masjid and the dozens of odds-and-ends shop, round the base of the mosque.—UPI.

(Earlier report: See Page Four)

Variable Skies, A Few Showers

BOMBAY, Saturday.

Variable skies with a few showers were forecast for the city and suburbs in the next 24 hours.

In the last 24 hours, Colaba recorded a maximum temperature of 86 degrees, plus one, and a minimum of 79 degrees, plus three.

The total rainfall since June 1 at Colaba was 72.7 inches, 18.5 inches above normal.

Santa Cruz recorded a maximum temperature of 85 degrees, normal, and a minimum of 77 degrees, plus two degrees.

Relative humidity was 79 per cent.

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ELECTRICITY DEPARTMENT GOVT. OF UTTAR PRADESH LUCKNOW.

TENDER NOTICE—CEE 9/56.

SEALED TENDERS are invited for supply of conductor accessories for 2000 miles of 0.10 Sq." A.C.S.R. conductor (Code DOG).

Tenders will be received in the office of the Superintending Engineer (Design) 22-Ashok Marg, Lucknow upto 3-0 p. m. on 28th September 1956 and will be opened in the same office at 11-00 H'rs on 29th. September 1956 in the presence of such parties as may be present.

Tender forms can be had on payment of Rs. 5|- (non refundable) either in cash or per money order from the Executive Engineer, Hydel Commercial Divn., 72-Halwasiya Market, Lucknow, on any working day from September 5 to September 22, 1956.

CHIEF ENGINEER,
Electricity Department,
Lucknow.
(14223)

ELECTRICITY DEPARTMENT GOVT. OF UTTAR PRADESH LUCKNOW.

TENDER NOTICE—CEE-5/56.

SEALED TENDERS are invited from indigenous manufacturers for supply of 1,50,000 Nos. Lead headed steel pins, according to departmental design and suitable for 11 KV pin type insulators.

Tenders will be received in the office of the Superintending Engineer (Designs) 22-Outram Road (Ashok Marg) Lucknow upto 3-0 p. m. on September 29, 1956 and will be opened in the same office at 11-00 H'rs on October 4, 1956 in the presence of such parties as may be present.

Tender forms can be had on payment of Rs. 5|- (non-refundable) either in cash or per money order, from the Executive Engineer, Hydel Commercial Divn., 72-Halwasiya Market, Lucknow, on any working day from September 10, 1956 upto September 25, 1956.

CHIEF ENGINEER,
Electricity Department, U.P.
Lucknow.
(14222)

Nehru's Emissary For Ahmedabad

NEW DELH I, August 25.

THE PRIME MINISTER HAS DEPUTED MR. G. L. NANDA MINISTER FOR PLANNING, TO AHMEDABAD TO STUDY THE LATEST SITUATION IN THE CITY AND REPORT ON THE POSSIBILITY OF CALLING A MEETING TO HEAR MR. MORARJI DESAI, CHIEF MINISTER OF BOMBAY.

Mr. Nanda left this morning for Ahmedabad, cancelling all his engagements here reaching there in the afternoon.

LEADERS' MOVE

AHMEDABAD, Aug. 25.

While Mr. Morarji Desai's deteriorating health has caused anxiety all over the country, hopes brightened up this morning for the early examination of the fast.

Congress leaders with the support of prominent citizens are now making frantic efforts to organise a public meeting to be addressed by the Chief Minister, by tomorrow evening, if possible.

Mr. U. N. Dhebar, Mr. Khandubhai Desai and Mr. S. K. Patil held discussions with different sections of the people, including student leaders this morning in this regard.

The executive committee of the Maha-Gujarat Vidyarthi Samiti is meeting this afternoon to consider its approval to the public meeting and giving active support to it.

A mass signature campaign for leading support to the meeting has been launched in the city and an appeal is being issued to citizens to attend it in thousands.

The flow of telegrams, telephone calls and letters making anxious enquiries about the Chief Minister's health continues unabated.

The personal staff of the Chief Minister is engaged round the clock in answering hundreds of inquiries received from all parts of the country every day.

Mr. Morarji Desai is lying in bed with pain on the back which is reported to be severe today, the seventh day of the fast.

He has been advised by his doctors not to sit up.

The Chief Minister was found very weak and exhausted.

He passed another restless and disturbed night.—UPI.

PRAYER MEETINGS

BOMBAY, Saturday.

Prayer meetings are being held every day at Congress House, Bombay and other places for the success of Mr. Desai's mission in Ahmedabad.

All well-wishers of Mr. Desai believe that the presence of Mr. S. K. Patil in Ahmedabad will bring about a speedy termination of Mr. Desai's ordeal.

Mr. K. M. Munshi, Governor of Uttar Pradesh, who is arriving in Bombay tomorrow, will address a prayer meeting at Chowpatty in the evening.

Mr. K. K. Shah will preside.

Adopt Gandhian Ways, Mahtab Tells Gujarat

BULSAR, August 25.

"Follow the Gandhian Path"—was the advice given by Bombay's Governor Dr. Harekrushna Mahtab to the people of Gujarat in particular and to Indians in general.

The Governor, who was referring to the disturbances in Gujarat following the decision to form a bilingual Bombay State, said it was in the national interest and in the interest of Gujarat that the decision made by Parliament as to the future set up for Bombay State, was accepted by all.

He said sometimes it was very difficult to satisfy all.

When the three States formula was mooted the Maharashtrians opposed to it, and now it was the Gujaratis who were opposed to the bilingual State.

He made an impassioned appeal to all to have a national angle, and to think themselves as Indians first.

Dr. Mahtab opened a v-ray department of the local Kasturba Hospital here today.—UPI.

S. T. Is Public Utility Service

The Road Transport Service operated by the Bombay State Road Transport Corporation has been declared by the Government of Bombay to be a public utility service for purposes of the Industrial Disputes Act for a further period of six months ending February 27, 1957.

MERCHANT BODIES SEND TELEGRAMS

BOMBAY, Saturday.

Several organisations in the City have sent telegrams to the Chief Minister, Mr. Morarji Desai, expressing their anxiety about his health as a result of his fast.

Mr. Devji Rattansey, vice-president of the Grain and Oilseeds Merchants' Association, Bombay, in a telegraphic message to the Chief Minister, said: "Committee Grain and Oilseeds Merchants' Association express grave anxiety for your health. Pray God may give you enough strength to bear this ordeal. Committee ardently hope that with efforts on part of all favourable circumstances be created to enable you to be successful in your mission."

Mr. Kantilal Nahalchand, president of the Bombay Yarn Merchants' Association and Exchange Ltd., has also sent a telegram to Mr. Desai.

Variety Show Off

BOMBAY, Saturday.

In view of the deteriorating condition of Mr. Morarji Desai, the National Students' Union has cancelled its variety entertainment which was to be held at Podar College at 5 p.m. today.

Prominent Citizens Are Pained At Morarji's Fast

BOMBAY, Saturday.

THE tragic developments in Ahmedabad and the fast of Mr. Morarji Desai had distressed and pained a number of people in the city, says a statement issued today by a number of prominent citizens and industrialists of Bombay.

The statement said that it was indeed tragic that a leader of the calibre of the Chief Minister, who had struggled so valiantly along with Gandhiji and Sardar Patel for India's freedom, should not be given a hearing.

The statement appealed to the people of Ahmedabad to foster conditions which would enable Mr. Desai to give up his fast and thereby stave off a calamity.

The signatories to the statement deplored the fact that this redoubtable son of Gujarat should be risking his life as a result of an unfortunate situation that had been created in his home province.

Those who sponsored this statement were Sir Purshotamdas Thakurdas, Sir Homi Mody, Mr. Murarji J. Vaidya, Mr. J. R. D. Tata, Mr. Naval H. Tata, Mr. Ramnath A. Podar, Mr. Tulsidas Kilachand, Mr. R. G. Saraiya, Mr. Dharamsey M. Khatau, Mr. Neville Wadia, Mr. M. L. Dahanukar, Mr. Shriyanprasad Jain, Mr. G. D. Somani, Mr. C. H. Bhaba, Mr. Ratilal M. Gandhi, Dr. C. S. Patel and Mr. Ramnivas Ramnarain Ruia.

The Calcutta Corporation has decided to rename the Royal Exchange Place, the centre of West Bengal's economic life, as Indian Exchange Place.

PANCHAYAT TAKEN OVER

BOMBAY, Saturday.

The administration of the village panchayat of Shetphal in Mohol taluka of Sholapur district has been taken over by the Government of Bombay.

MAN JAILED FOR KILLING WIFE

CHRONICLE CORRESPONDENT

THANA, August 25.

DHAWALYA Dewaji Waghare, 30-year-old agriculturist of Hedichapada, Kharonda village, Jawhar taluka, was unanimously found guilty of an attempt to murder.

The Additional Sessions Judge, Mr. M. K. Trilokekar, of Thana, sentenced him to five years' rigorous imprisonment.

The accused had been committed to the sessions by Mr. P. H. Abhyankar, the Judicial magistrate of Jawhar, to stand his trial under Section 302 IPC for murdering his wife, Bhimibai.

The prosecution story was that on the night of 18-5-56 the accused and his wife slept in his "padvi".

They had been married eight years ago, but the wife had stayed with him, only for one year before returning to her parents.

On the day of the killing, Bhimi had been brought back by the accused.

Bhimibai was hit with an axe and she died.

The defence was that was under the influence of a fit when he struck his wife.

The prosecution case was conducted by Mr. D. M. Nadkarni, the Assistant Public Prosecutor. The accused was found guilty under Section 304 IPC.

Pitman Scholarships

BOMBAY, Saturday.

Applications for taking advantage of the offer made by Sir Isaac Pitman and Sons, Limited, London to train eight Indian nationals in the second course for overseas commercial teachers to be organised by the Institute in the Pitman's Central College, London, are to reach the Ministry of Education, Scholarships Division, Government of India, New Delhi, by September 5, 1956 and not September 15 as earlier announced.

Two Persons Stabbed

BOMBAY, Saturday.

There were two stabbing incidents in Greater Bombay last night.

Parkhimal Sunder was allegedly stabbed by John Langda at Halao bridge, Kurla, last night.

The Kurla police said that John who is notorious bootlegger suspected Parkhimal of being a police informant.

Parkhimal was taken to a hospital, treated for some minor injuries and allowed to go.

John is absconding.

Jilted Lover Killed Girl, Court Told

BOMBAY, Saturday.

AFTER ten days of vigil, a team of the Bhoiwada police, headed by inspector Date and assisted by sub-inspectors Samson Gilbert and Talwar arrested a man who is alleged to have, in half an hour, committed two murders and stabbed several others.

The accused, Jacob Ezekiel N. Yakoob, was arrested in a motor lorry while he was travelling from Belgaum to Sawantwadi yesterday.

Describing him as a "desperate character" the police told Mr. V. Sonavane presidency magistrate, Dadar court that Jacob had come fully prepared to murder the girl he was in love with.

The police also said that he had even written letters to the Police Commissioner telling him about his love affair with a girl Eliza Sosoonka, and that her parents had turned down his offer to marry her.

The girl also, it was stated, did not wish to marry him.

The Bhoiwada police related the dramatic story in the court.

They told the Magistrate that Jacob went to the residence of the girl and stabbed her on August 14.

Thereafter he is alleged to have run amuck brandishing a knife. He then, is alleged to have killed David Samuel who had tried to stop him from stabbing the girl.

He is also alleged to have stabbed two sisters of Eliza who are lying in the hospital in a serious condition.

When, on hearing screams, Tony Rozario came to the rescue of the girls in distress, Jacob is alleged to have stabbed him also on the shoulder.

The blade of the knife however broke into two and one half remained stuck to his body.

Then Jacob fled with his accomplice, Gangaram Narsula, and entered a taxi that had been kept waiting by a third accomplice, Joe Joseph.

All the three accused were remanded to police custody.

HELD FOR FRAUD

BOMBAY, Saturday.

HIMMATLAL BHAVANJI Mehta, was arrested by the General Branch of the Bombay CID yesterday, for alleged misappropriation of goods and provisions valued at Rs. 38,422 from the Bombay State Consumers' Co-operative Society between October, 1954 and October 1955.

The Chief Presidency Magistrate, Mr. K. J. Khambatta, at the Esplanade Court, today, granted him bail of Rs. 10,000 with one surety for a like amount.

Police said Mehta was the manager of the main store of the Co-operative Society from October 18, 1954, until his transfer on or about October 11, 1955.

From the Society's godown, as well as from suppliers, Mehta used to receive cloth and provisions without showing them in the account books.

A check of the vouchers and the account books revealed that so far goods worth about Rs. 38,422 had remained unaccounted for.

These goods had been misappropriated, they alleged.

Bankman On Fast

BOMBAY, Saturday.

Mr. Divakar Shenoy, joint secretary of the Bombay State Bank Employees' Federation, and vice-president of the Canara Bank Employees Union, went on hunger-strike on Thursday to protest against the policy of victimisation by the Canara Bank.

Mr. Shenoy was served with a transfer order by the Bank.

The Bank Employees' Federation has called on all bank employees to support Mr. Shenoy's cause.

Bombay Today

PODAR COLLEGE OF COMMERCE PAST STUDENTS' ASSOCIATION: Annual general meeting and reception to fresh graduates, college hall, 9 a.m.

ARYA SAMAJ FORT: Pandit Rudra Mitraji Shastri on 'Gita,' Arya Samaj Mandir, Bora Bazaar, Fort, 9 a.m.

VILE PARLE-JUHU TALUKA CONGRESS: Executive Committee meeting, Mr. Shantilal Shah will be the chief guest, Gandhi Chowk, Vile Parle, 9 a.m.

FORT FOOTBALL CLUB: Eleventh annual general body meeting, Karnatak Free Night High School, Kumpta Street, Fort, 9-30 a.m.

SION & MATUNGA TALUKA CONGRESS: Prayer meeting in sympathy of Mr. Morarji Desai's fast, Mr. K. K. Shah presides, Jain Boarding Hall, Shadhanand Road, Matunga, 9-30 a.m.

MOGAVEERA VYAVASTHAPAKA MANDALI: Fifty-third anniversary and prize distribution of Mogaveera Free Night High School, C. J. Hall, 2-30 p.m.

GREATER BOMBAY COMPOUNDERS' UNION: General meeting 204, Charni Road, 2-30 p.m.

KUTCHI BRAHMAKSHATRIYA MITRA MANDAL: Felicitations to successful candidates in the last academic examinations, Marwadi Vidyalaya, Sandhurst Road, 3-30 p.m.

KANNADA VIDYARTHI SANGHA: Extraordinary general body meeting, Ruia College, 3-30 p.m.

VIJAY MITRA MANDAL: Fourteenth annual general meeting, Bai Lilavanti High School, Sandhurst Road, 5 p.m.

B.P.C.C.: Mass prayer meeting, Mr. S. K. Patil and Mr. K. M. Munshi, Governor of U.P., will address, Chaupatty, 6 p.m.

Oil Company Official Stabbed: Woman, Two Others Bailed Out

BOMBAY, Saturday.

AMY MERCHANT, a young woman residing at Clare Road, Byculla, Bombay, was today produced before Mr. M. Nemazee, presidency magistrate, Mazagaon court, by the Nagpada police along with two men, William Francis and Henry Francis, on a charge of stabbing a highly placed official of an oil company in Bombay.

The police stated that the officer, whose name they did not disclose, was stabbed by Amy and her associates last night while he was walking along Clare Road.

Amy, who appeared in the court with a blood-stained frock, was described by the police as a "gold digger," "a very dangerous woman," "an extortionist" and "a leader of a gang of blackmailers."

William and Henry were described as brothers.

The police alleged that Amy blackmailed respectable people and extorted money from them over a number of years, and if those trapped by her failed to pay, she used to hire "mavalis" and beat them up.

It was further stated that Amy was formerly kept by the officer of the oil company.

The injured officer, according to the police, was lying in a city hospital.

Amy denied the allegations made against her and said she was respectably employed as a packer in Kemp and Company.

She told the court that she had left the officer's company long ago and that though the police claimed that the officer was in hospital, he was seen going along Clare Road this morning.

Henry, who came to the court with a bandaged head and wearing a blood-stained shirt, said that he sustained the wound when he tried to save his brother from being stabbed by a person who had suddenly whipped out a knife while they were talking to Amy on Clare Road.

They were allowed bail of Rs. 750 each.

INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES

The industrial disputes between the Nogi and Company and Messrs. Jetha and Company, both of Bombay, and their respective workers have been referred by the Government of Bombay for adjudication, the first to the Industrial Tribunal of Shri P. D. Sawarkar and the other to that of Shri M. I. Ahmadi.

Shantilal Tells Gujaratis To Shed Fear

BOMBAY, Saturday.

MR. SHANTILAL SHAH, Bombay's Health Minister, today dispelled the fear of Gujaratis that their interests would be disregarded in a bigger bilingual State.

It was born out of misunderstanding regarding administration of the State, and "majority and minority" complex, he added.

As a result of an intense agitation for the linguistic divisions in the country for the last eight months, people have forgotten the Constitutional safeguards and procedures for the sound and progressive governance of the country.

Addressing a meeting of the Congress Mahila Samiti at the Jinnah Hall, he said, that the linguistic agitation had acted as a poison and all old, good relations between two communities seemed to have vanished overnight.

They also forgot the resolution of the Union Government at the time of the appointment of a commission for States Reorganisation.

It was clearly stated in that resolution that the Commission must consider the reorganisation strictly for the maintenance of national unity with several viable State units.

GOLDEN APPLE

Tracing the developments after the publication of the S. R. C. report, he said that the problem regarding Bombay was like a golden apple in Homer's epic.

It was considered best to form a bilingual State of Bombay to solve the issue, although in the beginning, it was not liked by many.

The Maharashtra Pradesh Congress Committee had accepted the bilingual idea with a condition that Gujarat might opt out after five years.

"It was a proposal for marriage, and a divorce after five years," he said.

FORGOTTEN

There could not be a marriage like that.

It must be a union for all time to come, with a sincere intention to undergo the worst and best of life.

THE GUJARAT PRADESH CONGRESS COMMITTEE HAD ACCEPTED THE BILINGUAL IDEA, BUT WITHOUT THE CONDITION FOR AN OPTION. HE WAS SORRY THAT GUJARATIS HAD FORGOTTEN IT SO SOON.

They had been putting forth all sorts of arguments that the pro-would be hampered in bilingual Bombay.

He described this as a myth.

Again, the Governments in our country were formed on a party basis.

And in all political parties there were members of all communities.

So in any government, it would be the party in majority that would decide the development of one or the other region, and not the largest language group.

SHED FEAR

And again, every citizen in a democracy equal rights and opportunities for his development and he could take any vocation in life — Government service or business career.

There should not be any fear about it.

He appealed to the people of Gujarat to understand the facts as they were and go through the records.

No injustice was done to them in the past and it was not likely in future.

ARRESTED FOR SNATCHING EAR-RINGS

BOMBAY, Saturday.

The Princess Street police arrested Dhirajlal Bhurabhai Soni yesterday for allegedly snatching a pair of gold ear-rings valued at Rs. 2,900 from a person.

He was remanded into police custody by Chief Presidency Magistrate K. J. Khambatta, at Esplanade Court today.

Two persons, the complainant and her brother, were negotiating with a Dhanji Street jeweller to sell a pair of gold ear-rings, studded with seven diamonds each.

On Thursday evening at about 7 p.m., they were going along Pydhonie junction when the accused accosted them and asked whether they had succeeded in selling the jewellery.

They replied in the negative and he, saying that he had a customer, took them to a place and asked them to wait on the ground floor of a building nearby.

He was away for about five minutes and then returned without the customer, promising to show the ear-rings to the customer.

He then allegedly snatched the cardboard box containing the ear-rings from the complainant and disappeared by a back door.

LIQUOR SEIZED

BOMBAY, Saturday.

Thirty-five gallons of illicit liquor and 1,600 gallons of wash valued at Rs. 5,630 were seized by the Prohibition police in 35 raids carried out yesterday throughout the city and suburbs.

In this connection 28 persons have been taken into custody.

CABINET MEMBERS TOE YOGA LINE WITH NEHRU

NEW DELHI, Aug. 25.

MR. NEHRU awarded diplomas today to 45 yoga asana trainees who had completed their course of instructions conducted by the Yoga Health Department of the Bharat Sevak Samaj.

The function took place this morning at Mr. Nehru's residence where a yoga asana information stall was set up depicting charts, photographs of various poses of the seven exercises pertaining to yoga asana system.

Mr. Nehru witnessed a demonstration of yoga asana exercises in which 20 selected students took part.

NEHRU SURPRISED

The Prime Minister was agreeably surprised to learn that the list of trainees in the yoga asana classes of the Bharat Sevak Samaj, Delhi, included, President Prasad, about half a dozen members of the Central Cabinet, 84 members of Parliament, including the Speaker Mr. Anantasayanam Ayyangar, a number of the heads of departments, Government of India, including a dozen I.C.S. officers, three of the Indian Ambassadors in other countries and one Governor of a State.—UPI.

U.K. TO TRAIN INDIANS IN ROAD SERVICES

BOMBAY, Saturday.

The London Transport Executive, United Kingdom, has offered to train six Indian nationals in traffic operation and engineering during the year 1957.

During the training, candidates will be attached to various offices, works or installations in order to enable them to obtain first-hand experience of the work with which they are concerned.

A candidate should possess at least a bachelor's degree with Economics as one of the subjects, or a degree or a diploma in Mechanical Engineering and he should have at least five years' practical experience in the line.

Only those candidates who hold a senior post in a transport undertaking, and are sponsored by the Central or State Governments or a transport organisation of good status and who, on return after completing the training in United Kingdom, will be employed by the same authority are eligible.

Today's Radio

BOMBAY, 243.9m.

6-30 Mangal prabhat. 6-50 Swar mudrika. 7-10 Programme. 7-15 K Pathare. Aheer bhaifav, 8-15 L. orchestra. 8-30 Folk songs. 10-30 For children. G. 11-0 L. music. 11-30 Radio orch., 11-45 K Manek. 'Premrang.' 13-0 P. Dossa, Week in sports. G. 13-15 K Pathare, Gaudmalhar. 13-40 Roshan Pundole, Soprano. 14-5 Variety.

17-30 Film songs. 18-5 Locals. 18-10 B G Rambnath, Compositions. 18-20 For villages, K. 18-50 B Bhavsar, Surmalhar. 19-20 Regl. news. G. 19-30 H Valdas & party. 20-15 H Valdas & party. 20-30 Matters of moment. 20-50 Songs. 21-15 Mag. prog., G. 21-45 Kamaladevi Chattopadhye, As I look back E. 22-0 In concept pitch.

VARIATIONS, 545.5m.

7-45 S Ali, Bhajan. 8-0 D Y Kelkar. 8-45 Y A Khan, Sarod. 9-0 For children, M. 11-45 B Bhavsar. Suddh sarang. 12-15 S Ali Compositions. 12-30 Y A Khan. Sarod. 13-0 D V Amonkar, Sports. M. 13-5 Manorama B Panjekar. 13-30 Bhavgeet. 13-50 S Ali, Compositions. 14-0 S Haldankar, Tarana multani. 14-30 Karnatak music.

17-30 Manorama B Panjekar. 17-45 K Pathare. Bhimpalas. 18-0 Locals. 18-10 D Y Kelkar. 18-20 For villages, M. 19-20 Regl. news. M. 19-30 For workers. 20-30 Letters' replies. H., 20-45 Konkani prog. (B Rodrigues party. Folk songs). 21-30 As in Poona. 21-45 Y A Khan. Sarod. 22-0 S Haldankar, Behag. 22-30 Siddheshwari Devi. R Thumri.

AHMEDABAD-BARODA, 352.9m.

7-0 Mangal prabhat. 7-5 Salutation. 7-15 D Mohammad, Bhajan. 7-30 Programme. 7-32, Raga sangeet. 8-30 Folk songs. 9-0 Pratima Trivedi, Kavya gaan. 9-10 For children. 10-0 Special music. 10-30 G Burhanpurkar. Pakhwaj. 10-45 Harini Desai. 11-0 L music. 11-30 Radio orch., 11-45 G play. 13-10 Geets. 17-30 L Maganlal. 13-45 Today's artist. 18-0 Locals. 18-5 Pratima Trivedi, G geets. 18-15 Music lessons. 18-30 For villages. 19-20 Regl. news. 19-30 For workers. 20-5 R Topical talk/music. 20-30 Matters of moment. 20-45 D Mohammad. Ghazals. 21-15 Pakhwaj. 21-30 H Naik. 'Sohag Dan.' 22-0 Pakhwaj. 22-15 P Ghosh. Flute. 22-30 Raga sangeet.

POONA, 375m.

7-0 Mangal prabhat. 7-15 K Tambe. Deska.. 7-45 N B Londhe. Compositions. 8-15 P R Kelkar, Tabla. 8-25 Programme. 8-45 Mandakini Pande. M songs. 9-0 Thumri, dadra. 8-15 Abhang. 9-30 For children. 11-45 L. music. 12-0 J Pandharpurkar, Surmalhar. 13-0 Tabla. 13-0 Mandakini Pande. L. music 13-30 K Tambe, Megh malhar. 17-30 S F Kashalkar, Violin. 17-50 N B Londhe, Compositions. 18-10 Locals. 18-20 For villages. 19-20 Regl. news. 19-30 Usha Deshpande, Miya malhar. 20-15 Letters' replies. 20-30 Matters of moment. 20-45 Bhavgeet. 21-15 K Tambe, Natkedar. 21-30 Book review. M. 21-45 J Pandharpurkar. Cl. vocal.

RAJKOT, 329.7m.

7-0 Mangal swar. 7-5 Prayer & prog., 7-15 L. vocal. 7-30 Usha R Tejwani, Desi. 8-30 V S Raval. Folk songs. 9-0 For children. 18-0 L. vocal. 18-15 Music lessons. 18-30 Geet gunjan. 18-45 Locals. 18-50 For villages. 19-20 Regl. news. 19-30 For villages. 19-45 L. vocal. 20-15 Topical talk/music. 20-30 Matters of moment. 20-45 L. vocal. 21-15 Film songs. 21-25 Instr. music. 21-30 H Naik. 'Sohag dan.' 22-0 Usha R Tejwani. Miya malhar. 22-30 Geet dhara. 22-45 V S Raval. Bhajan. geet.

MADRAS, 319.1m.

6-50 Swagatam. 6-55 Programme. 7-0 AIR instrumentalists. 7-30 Kadambam 8-15 J Lakshmi 18-0 Air Vadya goshti. 13-30 Geetamanjari. 13-40 Geetakanani. 14-10 Records. 14-30 V Somasundaram. 15-0 S S P Pillai, Vocal. 17-0 Western music. 17-30 V Sarda, Vocal 18-5 Regl. 17-30 V Sarada Vical. 18-5 Regl Chittbabu, Veena. 19-30 Music. 20-30 V S M Iyer. Violin. 21-0 K V Krishnan. 21-45 Sibelius.

VARIATIONS, 211.3m.

7-15 Variety. 7-30 For children. in Tamil. 8-15 C. John. Malayalam play. 8-30 S. K. Kamamrita. Suprabhatam. 8-45 Readings from K. V. Bharata. 13-40 Geetamalika. 14-0 Flute. 14-15 for children. in Telugu. 17-50 Locals. 18-5 Regl. news. 18-15 and 19-15 For villages. 19-30 Listeners' letters. 20-30 Matters of moment 21-15 UN speaks. 21-30 Rasamayl. 21-45 By requests.

RADIO CEYLON

25m. 7-0 Good morning; 7-30 BBC news, 7-40 Voice in harmony. 8-0 Choice of people. 9-0 Voice of Prophecy. 9-30 Story hour.

31m. 5-0 p.m. Music. 5-15 E Ros and orch., 5-45 Sunday star. 6-0 Tunes at twilight. 6-15 Home news news talk. 6-45 Broadway parade. 7-0 Men behind melody. 7-30 Waltzes of world. 8-0 Amateur hour. 8-30 Melody, tours. 9-0 On wing of songs. 9-30 Voice of Prophecy. 10-0 Greetings. 10-15 As you like it 10-45 Music to dream by.

BBC: OVERSEAS SERVICE.

11.65m. from 15-0 to 21-15; 19-91, 14.92m. from 15.0 to 23-45)—15-0 Chopin, records. 15-15 C'wealth of song. 16-0 Service. 16-45 Sports. 17-0 'Back with Braden.' 17-30 Nora Swinburne. 'Sister Angelica.' 18-45 For children. 19-45 poems by heart. 20-5 Edinburgh International Festival. 20-45 'Finkel's Caff.' 21-15 Montmartre players. 21-45 London forum. 22-15 Our kind of music. 23-0 Service.

EASTERN SERVICE (16-86, 13.86m.)—18-45 London calling Asia. 19-30 for India. 19-45 For women. 20-0 Music. 20-5 Science. 20-15 For Pak. 20-15 Caesar and Cleoptra by Show.

V.O.A. 25.26, 42.19m.

HINDI Part 1 (7:00 to 7:30 p.m.) Humse Poochhiye; Avishkar ki Duniya Men. Part II (9:00 to 9:30 p.m.) Saptahik Samachar: News Analysis.

ENGLISH (6:00 to 6:30 p.m. Repeated 10 to 10:30 p.m.) Madelyn's Music Shop, (8:30 to 9:00 p.m.) News; The Nation at Worship.

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Egypt Takes More Pilots For Canal

CAIRO, August 25.

TWENTY NEW EGYPTIAN PILOTS HAVE BEEN ENGAGED BY THE EGYPTIAN SUEZ CANAL ADMINISTRATION, CANAL ADMINISTRATOR MAHMOUD YUNES SAID TODAY.

He said these were in addition to the 30 pilots recruited in the past two weeks.

Ten foreign pilots of different nationalities would be taken next week.

Mr. Yunes said the Canal management hoped with these 60 new pilots to overcome the difficulties arising from the absence of pilots who had not returned from their holidays.

QUALIFICATIONS

Mr. Yunes told the Press: "Canal pilots must have qualifications and professional qualities which make their recruitment difficult.

"We have now nearly succeeded in remedying the situation.

"The new Egyptian and foreign pilots will have training for a certain period and will have to pass difficult examinations before taking up their duties. Our 'apprentice' pilots are working in good harmony with the old Egyptian pilots and those who belong to friendly countries.

"Their morale is excellent."

All personnel of the offices of the chief agent of the Universal Suez Canal Company in Egypt were invited to resume their work this morning under the new Egyptian Administration.

Neither the Company's chief agent in Egypt, Count Jean Philippe de Grailly nor his deputy, Jacques Raudot de Chatenay, have so far been called on to help in reopening the offices or to resume their activities as main agent.

COMMITTEE STANDS BY

The "Suez Canal Committee," representing the majority Powers at the Suez Canal Conference, is holding itself ready to act as soon as a reply is received to its note forwarded yesterday to Egyptian President Nasser, an authoritative source stated, today.

The note contained the proposals for the constitution of an international Suez Canal Board.

It was delivered to the Egyptian Ambassador in London by Australian Prime Minister Robert Menzies, who heads the "Committee."

EGYPTIAN REPLY

An Egyptian embassy spokesman said today he did not think the Egyptian reply to the Committee's message would come very quickly.

He added, that the reply would probably be handed over in Cairo and not in London.

Members of the Suez Committee will remain at the disposal of Chairman Menzies during the week-end, an authoritative Australian source said.

Mr. Menzies conferred this morning with members of his delegation.

The United States representative on the Committee, Mr. Loy Henderson, also worked this morning with his assistants and with Roter Kirk, of the American Embassy staff, who has been appointed secretary of the Committee.

SABRI LEAVES

Wing Commander Ali Sabri, Egypt's unofficial observer at the Suez Canal Conference, left London by air this morning for Geneva.

Sabri, who is chief political adviser to Egyptian President Nasser, declined to make any statement on the results of the Conference.

He said that he did not know what President Nassar's attitude would be towards the "Suez Canal Committee" which has been entrusted with the mission of conveying to him the proposals adopted by 17 of the 22 nations represented at the London Conference.

Before entering his plane, the envoy chatted with members of the Egyptian embassy in London and with two members of the Soviet Embassy.

He was flying by one of the regular London-Cairo services via Geneva.

LONDON FAILURE

HONG KONG: The Peking "People's Daily" said editorially today that the London Suez Canal Conference had failed to provide "a legal and reasonable solution" due to "defects" in the way it was convened and its compositions.

Quoted by Peking Radio, the editorial said the Conference participants had recognised in varying degrees the basic principle which should be observed in settling the issue and this was extremely important for further efforts in seeking a solution.

It added that these principles included Egypt's full right to nationalise the Canal Company and respect for her sovereignty whatever settlement was finally reached.

Suez Canal Issue Explained

BOMBAY, Saturday.

Mr. K. K. Shah, vice-president of the BPCC, today explained to the students of the Congress Library and Study Circle Committee, the nationalisation of the Suez Canal by Colonel Nasser and the unfortunate role that the Western Powers were playing.

Later the students of the Study Circle discussed the pros and cons of the whole situation, following the nationalisation of the Canal.

No Licence To Ooty S K V Bank

MADRAS, August 25.

The Reserve Bank of India has served a notice on the Ootacamund Sri Krishna Vilasa Bank Ltd. Ootacamund, informing them that a licence to carry on banking business in India cannot be granted to it.—UPI.

Governor Visits Surat Factories

SURAT, August 25.

Dr. Harekrushna Mahtab, Bombay Governor, today paid a visit to the factories of Atul Products, Atik Products and Lederle Institution at Atul, a few miles from here.

The Governor watched with great interest at Atul factory the working of the newly installed fast dyes plant. This plant, started recently in partnership of ICC (Imperial Chemical Industries) costs five million rupees.

At Lederle Institution, Dr. Mahtab saw the manufacturing process of drugs.

He evinced keen interest in the capsulation machine which has a capacity of one million capsules per day.

This machine is the first of its kind in India and is stated to be one of the eight in the world.—UPI.

The Central Government in consultation with the State Governments, has decided to set up a National Council for training in vocational trades, which will begin functioning soon.

The three men who sailed the Kon-Tiki raft L'Egare II across the Atlantic (left to right) Maro Modena Henri Beaudout, the skipper, and Gaston Vanaekere. The two kittens Pon (left) and Griton who sailed with them are also seen.

Kharagpur Institute Has National Status

NEW DELHI, August 25.

THE LOK SABHA TODAY PASSED A BILL DECLARING THE INDIAN INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AT KHARAGPUR TO BE AN INSTITUTION OF NATIONAL IMPORTANCE.

The Institute is located about 70 miles from Calcutta at Hijli, a suburb of Kharagpur, which used to house one of the biggest detention camps during the British days.

The first in the chain of four high grade technical institutes proposed to be started in the country to meet the present special needs of industrial development, the Indian Institute of Technology is empowered under this Bill to grant degrees, diplomas and other academic distinctions.

While giving general support to the Bill, members representing all parties regretted the lack of facilities for technical education in the country as a whole.

Some pressed for the setting up of such institutions in other regions and for opening the doors of the Kharagpur Institute to students from all States.

MORE COLLEGES

Dr. Monomohan Das, Deputy Education Minister who sponsored the Bill replying to the debate said that while the "Government has not been able to achieve miracles," it had certainly succeeded in spreading technical education in the country.

DR. DAS MADE IT CLEAR THAT THE KHARAGPUR INSTITUTE WAS NOT MEANT FOR STUDENTS OF WEST BENGAL ALONE.

It was open to the people of all States and the only criterion for admission was merit and nothing else, he said.

RAJADHYAKSHA AWARD

The House passed the Indian Railways (Amendment) Bill moved by Mr. O. V. Alagesan.

It puts on the statute book the award with regard to the dispute of Railway employees given by the late Justice Rajadhyaksha in 1948.

The award which deals with hours of work, periods of rest and leave reserves of railwaymen has already been implemented by the authorities.

Earlier, the Lok Sabha referred to a select committee the Suppression of Immoral Traffic in Women and Girls Bill and the Children Bill.

The committee is to report back to the House by the first week of the next session.

Before the House rose for the day, Mr. Nityananda Kanungo, Minister for Consumer Industries, moved a motion for reference to a joint select committee of his Bill to establish standards of weights and measures based on the metric system.—UPI.

MORE ABOUT THE ATLANTIC DRIFT

The L'Egare II being towed towards Falmouth by the Litard Falmouth lifeboats.

AN epic voyage across the Atlantic on a "Kon-Tiki" raft made of logs ended on August 21 when L'Agare II was towed into Falmouth by the Lizard and Falmouth lifeboats.

The tiny raft with three ragged, bearded and hungry Canadians aboard, was first sighted fourteen miles off the Lizard.

It had drifted nearly 2,500 miles across from Nova Scotia, on the east coast of Canada, in eighty-seven days.

When the Dutch steamer Blydendyck sighted the battered raft the three men signalled for help.

The ship radioed for the Lizard lifeboat, but when it arrived the men refused to be taken off.

They just wanted a tow into Falmouth, they said.

The lifeboat took Henri Beaudout, the raft skipper, into Falmouth to arrange the tow and then went back to stand by the raft with the other two men still on it.

STORMS

Beaudout told an amazing story when he came ashore.

"We've had about as much as we can take," he said.

"For thirty days we had only one meat patty, one potato and one slice of bacon between us, plus what we could catch from the sea.

"There were many storms.

Sometimes our raft was swamped.

"We spent most of the time playing draughts while standing guard—watching over our frail craft and looking out for ships.

"When it was foggy, all we had to give a warning signal with was a toy trumpet.

"I stood on the raft blowing and hoping the noise would be heard."

The story of L'Egare II began in May when it left Halifax, Nova Scotia, to drift in the Gulf Stream to Europe on a research trip into ocean currents for Montreal University.

The voyage was inspired by the famous Kon-Tiki expedition—the adventure of a balsawood raft that crossed the Pacific.

L'Egare II, which measured 17 feet by 13 feet was made of cedar logs two feet thick, with a little 4 ft. high cabin in the centre.

With Beaudout who is an electrician, were Gaston Vanackere, 31, a draughtsman, and Marc Modona, 27, an artist.

They had food for only two months, but an American ship which contacted them in mid-Atlantic in July gave them some more provision.

A storm at the week-end caused anxiety about the raft and coastguards and fishing vessels were on the lookout when the Dutch steamer sighted it.

CAIRO SOUNDS 'JEHAD' CALL FOR SUEZ

CAIRO, August 25.

MUSLIM religious leaders of Egypt yesterday called on the people to support a "holy war." Egypt's spiritual leader, Sheikh Ahmed Hassan El Bakouri, spoke to a crowd of 24,000 Muslims in the great Mosque of El Azhar University.

He reminded the people of their duty to support Muslim solidarity above all else.

All the mosques in the city, following Government orders, took up the theme of the Muslim's duty to repell aggression.

The subject of the addresses from the mosques has been publicised for the last few days, and every mosque was full to overflowing.

Traffic in the city almost came to a standstill and the normally busy areas of the capital were empty as the people flocked to prayer and their weekly Friday devotions.

The ones who could not get into the mosques stood outside and listened to broadcasts of the sermon.

ENEMY WRONG

The broadcast sermon said: "Muslims, you are in the right and your enemy is in the wrong. Do not give in or be dejected.

"You will win. Insist on your right and be prepared to defend your country and your dignity.

No one dies except with the will of God.

"Rise to the defence of your country and do not lag behind.

"You are the pride of the nation and its hope.

"Do not disappoint its hopes.

"The field of struggle and the work is wide enough for everyone.

"God will reward you in this world and in the hereafter."—NAPEN and UPI-AFP.

Opposition To Jap Labour Plan

TOKYO, August 25.

The 3,000,000-strong Japanese Labour Federation "So Yo" began its four-day Congress today with the threat of an all-out battle over its policy programme.

The secretary-General Akira Iwai has aroused strong opposition to his plan to incorporate the Federation with the Socialist party, and cut its ties with the Communist and Peasants parties, with the ultimate objective of facilitating a merger with the rival right wing labour federation "Zenro."—UPI-AFP.

World Needs Men Like Rev. Long

MAYOR'S TRIBUTE TO U. S. SOCIAL WORKER

BOMBAY, Saturday.

MEN like the Reverend L. Long were needed to clear much of the misunderstanding, now evident in the United States regarding India, said the Mayor, Mr. Salebhoy Abdul Kader, today when he spoke at a meeting at the Nagpada Neighbourhood House.

The Mayor was speaking at a function to bid farewell to the Rev. Loy Long, director of the Nagpada Neighbourhood House, on his departure for the United States.

After several years as director of the institution, the Rev. Long was returning home to his ailing wife.

Members of the House presented the Rev. Long with a carpet in appreciation of his services and as a token of their affection for him.

AN INDIAN

The Mayor said that after having spent so many devoted years in India and especially in Bombay, fighting some of the evils of poverty and slums among the city's youth, the Rev. Long could as much be considered an Indian, as an American.

The Rev. Long was an Indian-American who was now going to the United States, the Mayor said, leaving behind him a host of friends and comrades.

The Rev. Long had been in India long enough to know the Indian mind, he said, and he was also for that reason appreciative of India's role in international politics and in world affairs.

With this appreciation already in his mind, Mr. Kader said, the Rev. Long could do much in educating the Americans on the true aspirations of the Indian people, and he could also bear witness to the great love and affection, with which the Indian people looked upon the American people, despite the present political controversies.

SPIRIT OF BROTHERHOOD

The Rev. Long, touched by the sincerity of the farewell reception accorded to him, said that the Nagpada Neighbourhood House was a place where the spirit of brotherhood prevailed.

He thanked ".....the loyal and devoted workers, who helped him in the task of building up this social organisation," and he assured them of a bright future.

He said, that with its present group of able, loyal and intelligent leaders and workers, the House could rise to even greater heights of social work, than it had done in the past.

The function was largely attended by the members and workers of the House, social workers and representatives of various educational institutions.

The Nagpada Neighbourhood House is a social welfare institution, run for the benefit of the youth, the needy and the stricken of the Nagpada area, one of the most pronounced slum areas in the city.

Grants To Women Students

The Mayor of Bombay distributing grants to first year women students of local colleges.

Mayor Appeals For Quake-Fund

BOMBAY, Saturday.

The Mayor's Fund has exceeded the Rs. 50,000 mark.

The donations previously announced amounted to Rs. 46,251-1-10, and the present total is Rs. 51,646-1-10.

The donations came from students and teachers, employees of textile mills, merchants, and private individuals.

Out of the funds, the Committee has sent Rs. 17,500 to the Chief Commissioner of Cutch, Bhuj, Rs. 5,000 to the Collector of Bijapur, Rs. 2,500 to the Collector of Ahmednagar and Rs. 2,500 to the Collector of Sholapur.

As there is an urgent need for relief from the various parts of Bombay state, the Mayor appeals to the public to contribute generously to the Fund.

PROCESSION

Under the joint auspices of the Praja Socialist Party and the Rashtriya Seva Dal, a procession will be taken out on Sunday, August 26 at 8 a.m., to collect funds for the relief of the people affected by the earthquake.

The procession will start from Malad Station and will move through Daphtari Road, Datta Mandir Road and Quarry Road.

The collection will be handed over to the Bombay Citizens Relief Committee.

Dr. PRASAD TO VISIT BHILSA

BHOPAL, August 25.

Dr. Rajendra Prasad will visit on September 17, village Bhilsa about 45 miles from here to inaugurate the "Shishu Mandir" an institution for small boys.

Its foundation ceremony was performed by Mr. Nehru in 1952.

Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant, is also arriving on September 15 to lay the foundation stone of the building of Gandhi Medical College.

Mrs. Indira Gandhi is visiting Bhopal in the first week of September in connection with the organisational work of the Congress.—UPI.

India-China Air Service Plan Dropped

NEW DELHI, August 25.

The proposal to start an India-China air service is understood to have been given up by the Government of India.

It is explained that the Chinese Government have expressed their inability to permit the transport to or through Chinese territory of passengers belonging to countries which have not recognised the Chinese Government.

Air India International which operates the Eastern Services is therefore not in a position to take advantage of the Chinese Government's concession to Indian planes to land at Canton.—UPI.

Money Missing From Safe, Cashier Seized

BURDWAN, August 25

Rs. 5,000 are reported to have disappeared from the iron safe of the office in the power house of the West Bengal State Electricity Board here.

The cashier, who is alleged to have reported the loss of keys of the safe, has been arrested.

Following the report of the loss, the police broke open the safe and the loss was discovered.—UPI.

CENTRE PLANS TAXATION COUNCIL

BOMBAY, Saturday.

The Union Government proposes to set up an All-India Taxation Council soon after the reorganisation of States becomes effective in November next, it is learned.

The council will be aided by a taxation research bureau to co-ordinate tax policy, tax legislation and tax administration in the various States.

While the Union Finance Minister will be the chairman, the Finance and Local Self-Government Ministers of the States will be its members.

The decision to set up the council is said to follow the recent friction in the operation of inter-State taxation which had to be validated by a Presidential ordinance.

The council is being set up under Article 265 of the Constitution regarding financial provisions of the various States and the Centre.

It will have jurisdiction over all tax matters including those of the local bodies in the various States.—**NAPEN.**

STALINGRAD WAR SCENES TO BE SHOWN IN EGYPT

CAIRO, August 25.

Soviet-made documentary films on the battles of Stalingrad and Leningrad are to be shown in public places in Cairo, Alexandria and the chief Egyptian towns, the Egyptian Press reported today.

The films would enable the people "to learn the technique of street fighting," the newspapers said.

MORE THAN 1,000 STILL CROSS TO W. BENGAL, A DAY

NEW DELHI, August 25.

West Bengal's Rehabilitation Minister, Mrs. Renuka Ray arrived in New Delhi this evening to discuss with the Central authorities the situation, that has arisen in the State due to non-avialability of funds, which is said to have hampered some of the major schemes for rehabilitation of displaced persons from East Pakistan.

BAPAT'S CALL TO STUDENTS

BOMBAY, Saturday.

Senapati Bapat inaugurated this evening the Marathi Vangmaya Mandal of the Siddharth College of Commerce and Economics.

Congratulating the students for their initiative he asked them to keep in mind the glorious traditions in Marathi literature.

ENTERTAINMENTS

DEV ANAND was never so dashing! JOHNY WALKER was never so joyous!

GURU DUTT'S

C. I. D.

Directed by RAJ KHOSLA — Music O. P. NAYYAR

DEV ANAND, SHAKILA, JOHNY WALKER & WAHEEDA REHMAN.

MINERVA Daily 3, 6, 9 Sun. Wed. 12 Plans Open 10 to 12, 4 to 6 p.m.

STRAND Daily 3, 6, 9 Plans Open 10 to 1, 2 to 8-30

AURORA Daily 3, 6, 9 Plans Open

KOHINOOR Daily 3, 6, 9 Sat. Sun. Wed. 12.

STAR, KUM KUM, BANDRA TALKIES, KASTURBA (Malad), AKASH (Kurla), ASHOK (Thana), PARAMOUNT (K. Camp), GLOBE & CAPITOL (Poona).

Super Pictures Circuit Release

A POWERFUL STORY WITH FULL FAMILY APPEAL

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Now Showing to capacity Houses at

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Daily 3 Shows

1-30, 5-15 & 8-45 P.M.

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1-45, 5-15 & 8-45 P.M.

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Daily 4 Shows

10-15, 1-45, 5-15 & 8-45 P.M.

CITYLIGHT

Daily 4 Shows

11-0, 2-15, 5-30 & 8-45 P.M.

ALSO AT

DECCAN ..... Poona
APOLLO ..... Poona
VIJAYANAND ..... Nasik
RAJARAM ..... Kolhapur
MEENA ..... Sholapur
REX ..... Belgaum
NEW SUPER ..... Surat

FINANCE CHRONICLE

Produce Market Quiet On Scattered Long Liquidation

BOMBAY, August 25

Following a decline of £1 in London Linseed Oil and a drop of £3 1/2 in Argentine quotation, the produce market ruled quiet today.

Groundnuts were steady on buying by manufacturers of Vanaspati but upcountry merchants were sellers.

Groundnuts February opened at Rs. 136-4 and after declining at Rs. 135-8 steadied at Rs. 135-14. August was quoted at Rs. 32-12 to Rs. 33. December delivery was placed at Rs. 27-4.

Castorseeds September opened at Rs. 142-4 and after advancing at Rs. 142-10 declined at Rs. 141-4 and steadied at Rs. 141-10. May delivery was quoted at Rs. 125-8.

Linseed August delivery was quoted at Rs. 30-8, October at Rs. 31-4, February at Rs. 28 and May delivery at Rs. 26-12.

Price movement was as under:

Castorseed September: Opening Rs. 142-10, Highest Rs. 143, Lowest Rs. 140-8, Close Rs. 141-2.

May delivery: Opening Rs. 126, Highest Rs. 126-12, Lowest Rs. 125, Close Rs. 125-8.

Groundnuts February: Opening Rs. 136-2, Highest Rs. 136-12, Lowest Rs. 135, Close Rs. 135-4.

Linseed May opened at Rs. 26-12 and closed at the same rate.

GROUNDNUTS			
Quality	35	0	0
Bold Usual	34	12	0
Nizam Bold	35	0	0
Aug-Sept. delivery	33	4	0
Dec-Jan. delivery	27	4	0
February	135	4	0
CASTORSEEDS			
Castor September	141	2	0
Castor May	125	8	0
Madras	28	12	0
Kanpur Bold	26	12	0
Gujarat	28	12	0
LINSEED			
Ready	30	4	0
Aug-Sept.	30	10	0
Oct-November	31	0	0
Feb-March	28	0	0
May delivery	26	12	0
KARDI			
Bold	18	4	0
NIGER SEEDS			
Ready	28	8	0
OILS			
Groundnut receipt	18	6	0
September	18	2	0
October	17	0	0
November	15	14	0
Linseed Ready	16	12	0
Castor Oil Commercial	15	9	0
B. S. S.	16	9	0

WALL STREET STEADY

NEW YORK, August 25.

Wall Street was steady after a show of strength at the opening yesterday.

The utilities remained easy throughout the session but the industrials and the rails showed gains at the close.

The industrials index at 507.91 shows a rise of 0.85.

1,530,000 shares changed hands, 270,000 of them during the last half hour.

The following are yesterday's closing rates: Gen Electric 62 General Motors 47 U S Steel 64-1/2 Studebaker Packard 6-1/8 U S Steel Preferred 152-3/4 Anaconda 83-7/8. UPI-AFP.

Share Bazar Closed

BOMBAY, August 25

The Bombay Stock Exchange was officially closed today for settlement purposes.

Tata Steels were quoted at Rs. 212, Indian Irons at Rs. 37-2-6, Dyeings at Rs. 681-4 and Bombay Burmahs at Rs. 790.

OTHER BOMBAY MARKETS

BOMBAY, August 25.

Cloves

CLOVES Rs. 306, CASSIA Rs. 55, MERCURY Rs. 1140, BHADARVA Rs 1180 to 1210 ASO Rs. 1180 to 1210, CAMPHOR Rs. 3.

Gur

KOPARGAON No. 1 NEW Rs. 18-8, KOPARGAON No. 2, Rs. 16-8. No. 3 Rs. 15-4, MADRAS BAGS Rs. 16, KOLHAPUR NEW Rs. 22. No 2 Rs. 20. No. 3 Rs 15.

Copra

RAJAPUR Rs. 340, ALLEPPY Rs. 295, OFFICE Rs. 282, GINGER Rs. 97 SAGO Rs. 24 PERMINT Rs. 37.

Ghee

B L Rs. 54, M J Rs. 52, B K Rs. 53, AGMARK FRESH Rs. 50 BELGAUM No. 1, Rs. 51, BELGAUM No. 2 Rs. 48, SANKESHWAR Rs. 45.

Pepper

READY Rs. 104, BHADARVA Rs. 720 to 730, ASO Rs. 720 to 730.

Sugar

INDIAN 2½ Mds. Rs. 90-8, INDIAN BETTER QUALITY Rs. 102, BRITISH REFINED Rs. 91-8 to 93.

Hessian

Ready 45x11 pics 94, July-Sept. Pics 92, Oct.-Dec. Pics 92½, 40x8 Pics 64, 50x10 Pics 81, 40x10 Pics 85, DW Bags Rs. 102, July-Sept. Rs. 99, Oct.-Nov. Rs. 101, B Twill Rs. 121, Liverpool Rs. 136, Twine Rs. 50.

Metal Market

Copper Ready	222	0	0
Bhadarva	217	4	0
Aso	215	4	0
Zinc Ready	66	8	0
Bhadarva	66	8	0
Aso	67	0	0
Lead Ready	82	0	0
Bhadarva	82	0	0
Aso	82	0	0
Tin Ready	129	0	0
Bhadarva	128	12	0
Aso	128	4	0

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, August 25

The Forward Cotton market was quiet today on moderate long liquidation.

At the opening Jarilla March was quoted at Rs. 695 against the previous close at Rs. 697-12 and declined at Rs. 693-8 on moderate selling.

Thereafter there was absence of selling and the market recovered at Rs. 695 on short covering.

Vijay April opened at Rs. 826 against the last close at Rs. 827-8 and steadied at Rs. 827 with limited business.

The market closed as under:

Jarilla March	690	0	0
Vijay April	821	0	0

Gold & Silver

BOMBAY, August 25

The Bullion market ruled steady today with limited business.

At the opening Forward Silver was quoted at Rs. 172-10 against the previous close at Rs. 172-7 and most of the business was done at the opening level.

Ready Silver was quoted annas two under Forward at Rs. 172-8.

Forward Gold was placed at Rs. 103-9 against the previous close at Rs. 103-8.

Ready Gold was quoted at Rs. 103-10 and Sovereigns were priced at Rs. 67-2.

The market closed as under:

Ready Silver	172	0	0
Forward	172	2	0
Ready Gold	103	7	0
Forward	103	6	0
Sovereigns	67	0	0

NEW YORK COTTON HIGHER

NEW YORK, August 25.

The New York cotton market was slightly higher. There was some hedging but some traders were cautious thinking that further advance might bring about more trade selling.

New York closed one to nine points up.

New Orleans closed one to five points up.

The following are the closing rates:

Oct 33.69 Dec 33.59 Mar 33.47 May 33.14/33.15 July 32.28 bid.

NEW ORLEANS

Oct 33.67 Dec 33.50 Mar 33.44 bid May 33.14 July 32.36 bid Oct 31.73 bid closing Spot 32.75.—UPI-AFP.

New York Metals

NEW YORK, August 25.

COPPER close: Aug 37.30 Sep 37.20 Oct 36.90 Nov 36.70 Dec 36.50 Jan 36.35 Feb 36.20 Mar 36.16 Apr 36.00 May 36.90 June 35.80 July 35.70.

ZINC close: Aug 13.02 Sep 13.00 Oct 12.93 Nov 12.86 Dec 12.79 Jan 12.71 Feb 12.64 March 12.59 April 12.55 May 12.53 June 12.50 July 12.50.

TIN close: Aug 98.50 Sep 98.00 Oct 97.25 Nov 97.00 Dec 96.75 Jan through July 96.25.—UPI-AFP.

Kozhikode Markets

KOZHIKODE, August 25.

Coiryarn Beypore Rs 225/235 Quilandy Rs 245/255 Fibre Garbled Rs 200 Ungarbled Rs 180.

Coconuts raw husked Rs 80/107-8 Unhusked Rs 90/127-8 Dry Rs 125/135 Coconut oil Rs 485 Copra office Rs 322/8 Dilpasand Rs 380 Madrasnottam Rs 325.

Pepper Wynaad Rs 830 Country Rs 820 Dryginger Chernad Rs 760 Ernad Rs 750 Coffee Robusta Rs 172/8.

Timber Pali Rs 60/65 Junglewood Rs 35/40 Vellapine Rs 60/67-8 Benteak Rs 40/47-8 Teak Rs 115/125 Mango Rs 3-6/3-10 Teak Rs 20/25 Rosewood Rs 20/25.

HAPUR MARKETS

HAPUR, August 25.

Ready wheat Rs 15 to 16/6 Gram Rs 12/14 Barley Rs 12 Bejhar Rs 11/12 Maize old Rs 12/6 Bajra Rs 12 Jowar Rs 13-8 Guwar Rs 10 Rice Basmati Rs 24 to 32 Coarse Rs 15/12 Peas Dara Green Rs 12 White Rs 13/6 Matar dal Rs 14 Arhar Rs 12/8 Arhar dal Rs 17/4 Urd Rs 17/8 to 19 Moong Rs 13/8 Masoor Rs 15 Oats Rs 13 Methi Rs 17.

Trade stocks wheat 31 Gram 131 Bejhar 4 Peas 58 Arhar 100 khatis.

Gur Pansera Rs 13/4 Kotha Rs 11/4 Crystal sugar wholesale mill delivery Jaswant Rs 28/9 Simbhauli Rs 28/11 Daurala Rs 29/4 to 30 Mansoorpur Rs 28/8 to 30 Rampur Rs 31 Retail Rs 30/10 Khandsari Rs 23 to 27.

Oil seeds Sarson Rs 30/8 Taramira Rs 26 to 27/8 Groundnut Rs 16/4 Cottonseed Rs 13/8 Mustard oil Rs 82 Groundnut oil Rs 61 Vegetable Products Rs 36/4 Oil cake Rs 10 2.

Bardana Laldhari Rs 72 Sufeddhari Rs 95 to 99 Sajanwa katta Rs 52 Kalidhari Rs 124-8.

Futures silver Rs 175/8 Peas Bhadon Rs 11/13/10-1/2 Mangsar Rs 12/2/4-1/2 White Bhadon Rs 12/0/7-1/2 Mangsar Rs 12/8/7-1/2 Arhar Bhadon Rs 12/9/3 Mansar Rs 13/0/9 Guwar Maha Rs 9/2 Bar Fagun Rs 10/5.

Ahmedabad Shares

AHMEDABAD, August 25.

Today's closing quotations were: Calico 622 Ambica 732 Atul 209 Arvind 1386 New Shorrock 1035 Tata Ordinary 211.—UPI.

Indo-Pakistani Flood Control Talks

Mr. Gulzarilal Nanda, Minister for Irrigation, Power and Planning, Union Government addressing a conference on August 24 in New Delhi to discuss measures to control floods in the eastern regions of India and Pakistan. Seated on his left are: Mr. Jaisukhlal Hathi, Union Deputy Minister for Irrigation and Power and Mr. T. Sivasankar, Secretary, Ministry of Irrigation and Power. On the right of the Minister is Mr. Kanwar Sain, chairman, Central Water and Power Commission. Seated opposite are members of the Pakistani delegation led by Mr. Habib I. Rahimtoola, Minister of Industries, Government of Pakistan (third from left).

Dock Workers Give List Of Demands

BOMBAY, Saturday.

The Bombay Port Trust General Workers' Union today submitted its charter of demands on behalf of 6,000 members to the Bombay Port Trust authorities and to the Regional Labour Commissioner, Union Government.

Along with the demands, the Union also sent an ultimatum to the authorities that if their demands were not accepted by September 15 they would give a month's formal strike notice.

The Secretary of the Union said that the demands of the workers were that the scale of their basic wages should be revised immediately.

The night shift should be of six-hour period and that they should get over-time work allowance.

Similar ultimatums have also been given to the authorities at Calcutta and Madras by the Port Trust authorities since the demands have been approved by the Port Trust Workers Union.

U. S. STUDENT TEAM ENDS INDIAN TOUR

BOMBAY, Saturday.

SEVEN American graduate students of the University of California left Bombay for home last night after a seven-week study tour of India.

The students formed part of Project India, a scheme for annual visits of American students to India. It is aimed at closer relations and better understanding between student groups of the two countries.

On the eve of their departure the students said that one of their "most thrilling" experiences in India was their meeting, a ten-minute informal chat, with the Prime Minister.

A highlight of their tour was a seminar in which they participated with Calcutta students on the extent to which students should take part in politics.

The result of the seminar was in favour of students talking an active part in politics," . so long as such participation did not affect their studies.''

They also visited several Community Development projects, Sarvodaya centres, refugee camps and industrial project sites all over the country.

They expressed admiration for the all-round progress they had seen on all sectors.

They spent three days in Bombay City before their departure last night by air.

Delhi, Jakarta Extend Trade Pact

NEW DELHI, August 25.

Letters have been exchanged in Jakarta between the representatives of the Government of India and the Government of Indonesia, further extending the trade agreement between the two countries, it is officially announced here today.

The agreement, concluded on January 30, 1953, was last extended up to June 30, 1956.

It will now remain in force for a further period of six months up to the end of December, 1956.—UPI.

Donation Solicited For Batley Memorial

BOMBAY, Saturday.

A meeting of friends and admirers of the late Mr. Claude Batley held in Bombay in April unanimously decided to perpetuate his memory in view of his manifold services not only to the profession with which he was connected but also to building contractors and specially students training to be Architects.

A committee was appointed for the purpose.

The late Mr. Batley was well-known in Bombay, where he lived nearly forty-two years, serving the cause of architecture and the building industry.

The committee favours the founding of a Batley Scholarship.

All contributions, which will be duly acknowledged, may be made out in favour of "Batley Memorial Fund," and forwarded to the Honorary Treasurer (Mr. M. B. Hodiwala), Batley Memorial Fund, c/o Simplex Art Floorings (Private) Ltd. "La-Citadelle," 95 Queen's Road, Bombay 1.

The national committee of the Socialist Party, meeting at Nagpur from September 16 to 19 will discuss the international situation, the situation in Maharashtra and Gujarat and the civil disobedience movement in Bihar which is to commence on August 31.

Portuguese Policeman Surrenders

VAPI, August 25.

A Portuguese policeman Francis Noronha by name belonging to the secret service entered Indian territory at a village near Vapi and voluntarily surrendered himself to an Indian constable on duty at the Customs Chowky No. 22 here.

Noronha was armed with a fully loaded .32 bore pistol.

He crossed into Indian territory at 2.30 p.m. with one Louis Coutinho and his son, Anthony Coutinho.

From the statements made by these people it is learnt that very great dissatisfaction prevails in Daman.

The scarcity of food has forced people to a near starvation diet.

Indian police are investigating the case.

GOA POLICE BEAT VILLAGERS

SAWANTWADI, August 25.

Following the recent derailment in Goa of a goods train carrying manganese and iron ore, the Portuguese police have rounded up and beaten people from villages between Chandor and Margao where the derailment took place.

A number of prominent persons in Margao have also been taken into custody.

DELHI WILL PAY PENSIONS TO GOANS

BOMBAY, August 25.

There is every likelihood of payment of pensions to Indian Government pensioners residing in the Portuguese Provinces in India being resumed in the near future.

The payment of pensions, which annually amount to nearly a lakh of rupees, was discontinued from January 1956.

After the withdrawal of the Consul-General from Goa in September, 1955, the pensions were being paid by the joint representative of the Southern Railway in Marmagao.

Before his withdrawal the joint representative of the Southern Railway was authorised by the Government of India to obtain the agreement of the Portuguese authorities for the payment of pensions.

But the Portuguese authorities made no reply to his proposals.

Recently the Portuguese authorities issued a communique stating that they had provisionally agreed to the proposals put forward by the joint representative of the Southern Railway.—UPI.

KARNATAK MPs' COMMITTEE FOR FLOOD RELIEF

NEW DELHI, August 25.

Members of Parliament of the bigger Karnataka State met here yesterday to discuss relief measures for the flood victims in Bijapur district now in Bombay.

A relief committee with Mr Nijalingappa as chairman was constituted for the purpose.—UPI.

CRIME IN BRIEF

Chronicle Correspondent

BANDRA, August 25.

J. Max. Pereira, a landlord of Bandra, was found guilty of the charge of assaulting his tenant, John Fernandez with sodawater bottles, and was sentenced to a day's simple imprisonment, and to pay a fine of Rs. 150, or in default to undergo simple imprisonment for one month, by Mr. A. S. Navalkar, presidency magistrate, Bandra court.

*

Allegedly wanted in about 15 cases of different police stations Ramchandra Narayan Ghadi was arrested by the Bandra police, yesterday at Khar on charge of theft of a woman's wrist watch, worth Rs. 120.

The magistrate ordered the accused to be released on bail.

*

The Santa Cruz police, yesterday, arrested Gnuya Babu, who was allegedly absconding since May 19 last, when the complainant was assaulted with a knife.

The police alleged that the accused was responsible for the alleged assault.

At the Bandra court, the accused was ordered to be released on bail.

*

Mohan Kachru and Kisan Budhya were arrested yesterday by the Santa Cruz police as both were alleged to be feeling the pockets of customers at shops on Dashrathlal Joshi Road, Vile Parle.

They were arrested by the police as none of the two was able to give a satisfactory explanation of his presence in the locality.

The accused were produced at the Bandra court and were granted bail.

*

Sakharam Vithal Gaikwad was found guilty of theft of a brass "samai" worth Rs. 10 from Vithoba's temple at Wadala, and was sentenced to undergo rigorous imprisonment for one year by Mr. M. M. Dhuru, presidency magistrate, Bandra court.

Pondi Treaty Will Be Ratified Soon

PONDICHERRY, August 25

Mr. Kewal Singh, Chief Commissioner of Pondicherry, today expressed the hope that the treaty of cession governing the 'de jure' transfer of the former French establishments, signed by India and France on May 23 would be ratified without much delay so that the State of Pondicherry could play a more active role in the political and economic life of the nation.

Mr. Kewal Singh, who was opening the session of the Pondicherry State Representative Assembly here this evening, made a detailed survey of the progress of the State.

The Chief Commissioner disclosed that an extraordinary session of the Assembly would be convened early in November when the budget proposals of the State for the next financial year would be placed for approval, and then sent to the Government of India for incorporation in their overall budget.—UPI.

EAST PAK I-G OF PRISONS IN TROUBLE

DACCA, August 25.

The East Pakistan Government has ordered an immediate inquiry into an allegation against the Inspector-General of Prisons.

It was alleged that he used jail building materials and convict labour to build his private residence.—UPI.

Jap Argentine Trade Pact

BUENOS AIRES, August 25.

Argentine Finance Minister announced Friday night that Japan and the Argentine had reached provisional agreement for a forty million dollar trade agreement.

The Minister said the agreement was for 20 million dollars each way, and was aimed at avoiding any interruption in trade between the two countries until a full agreement was signed.—UPI-AFP.

F.A.O. Assigns Soviet Expert To W. Bengal

NEW DELHI, August 25.

A Soviet expert has recently been assigned by the Food and Agricultural Organisation to advise the West Bengal Government on the organisation of a Pharmacology Department of the Bengal Veterinary College.

This was stated by the Food and Agriculture Minister, Mr. A. P. Jain replying to Mr. Bhagwat Jha Azad.

The expert would be staying in India for twelve months "in the first instance," the Minister added.

The Deputy Minister for Transport, Mr. O. V. Alagsan, replying to Mr. K. T. Achuthan said Olavakkot where the Divisional Headquarters was to be located, was as much in the Kerala area as any other place and added that the decision had been reached after consultations with Members of Parliament from this area.

The question of the precise scope and manner of association of workers with management of industries is now under consideration of the Government, said the Deputy Labour Minister Mr. Abid Ali, in Lok Sabha today.

Asked whether the question of workers' participation in management had been decided in the public sector, the Deputy Minister said that the Railway Board was considering it in relation to some of the workships.

The Deputy Labour Minister Mr. Abid Ali, told Mr. Valmiki that Government proposed to enact comprehensive legislation for regulating the working conditions of motor transport employees.

A draft bill on this subject had already been sent to the states for opinion.

GRAINS EXPORT

The Minister for Food and Agriculture Mr. A. P. Jain, told Mr. K. C. Sodhia that over 44,000 tons of foodgrains were exported from India during the first half of 1956.

Of this, the largest amount was rice with over 42,000 tons, followed by maize, wheat and jowar.

Mr. Alagesan replied in the affirmative to a question by Mr. F. B. Dahhi whether several representations ahd been made to Government protesting against the decision not to make Ahmedabad one of the Divisional Headquarters of the Western Railway.

However, he said, Government had not been able to comply with the request.

Mr. Alagesan told Mr. Vittal Rao that it had been decided to establish a factory for the manufacture of metre-gauge steel body light-weight coaches.

The question of its location was under consideration.

NO WARNING YET

Health Minister Rajkumari Amrit Kaur told Mr Bibhuti Mishra that the relationship of chewing pan-supari and strong tobacco with cancer of the mouth was the subject of study at the Indian Cancer Research Centre, Bombay.

THE PRELIMINARY DATA WAS SUGGESTIVE OF GREATER PREDISPOSITION, BUT WERE STILL INCOMPLETE.

In the absence of definite proof, it was not feasible to issue any warning to pan-supari chewers to refrain from taking strong tobacco.—UPI.

Life Insurance Field Workers' "Protest Day"

BOMBAY, Saturday.

The life insurance field workers will observe September 1, the date the Life Insurance Corporation of India is to be inaugurated, as a "protest day."

Announcing this at a meeting of field workers under the auspices of the Life Insurance Field Officials' Association here today, Mr. P. K. Kunte, general secretary of the Association, said that the Corporation had failed to give satisfactory treatment to the field workers in the matter of remuneration.

The insurance personnel, including the field workers, had high hopes about the working and management of the nationalised insurance industry but the treatment meted out to employees in general and field workers in particular had "belied our hopes for better conditions of service for the future."

He, however, hoped that a settlement to the satisfaction of all concerned would be arrived at as a result of the negotiations now going on.

Mr. P. D. Prabhu, who presided, said that there were two alternatives before the field officials—either to accept the pay scales formulated by the Corporation or to agitate for a better deal.

Viet Nam Wants Indian Textiles

BOMBAY, Saturday.

The South Vietnam Trade Delegation led by Mr. N. H. Chau the Minister for the Interior met the Committee members of the Cotton Textile Export promotion Council at a Conference yesterday.

The discussion centred on the prospects of promoting exports of Indian cotton Textiles to Vietnam.

Mr. Chau the leader assured that India would be given sympathetic treatment in the matter of imports.

He also welcomed a suggestion of an Indian Trade Delegation visiting Vietnam.

Mr. Neville Wadia, chairman of the Council, welcoming the delegation, said that India was endeavouring to improve the quality of textiles for export.

He reiterated that the industry and the trade would make every effort to keep up prompt supplies, should Vietnam choose to buy from this country.

Delhi Police Baf fled

FOURTH BLAST IN TWO MONTHS

NEW DELHI, August 25.

A POLICEMAN was among the three persons killed in a mysterious explosion at 9.15 p.m. yesterday near Edward Park, opposite the Red Fort.

The other killed were a pedestrian and a rickshaw driver.

Seventeen of the 31 injured have been detained in hospital and the others discharged after treatment.

Two victims died on the explosion site and the third on way to hospital.

This is the fourth explosion recently in this area of the city. The other explosions occurred on June 21, June 23 and August 17.

The police tried on the previous occasions to track down the miscreants.

They could not find any clue, although as many as 1,000 persons in the area were interrogated.—UPI.

Demand To Curb Conversion

BOMBAY, Saturday.

At a meeting under the auspices of the Hindu Mahasabha, at Parel on Thursday, a resolution was passed urging the Madhya Pradesh Government to take immediate steps to see that the recommendations of the Christian Missionary Activities Committee were implemented.

Another resolution, called upon the Government of India to amend the Constitution, to prohibit forcible and fraudulent conversions carried on under the garb of freedom of propagation of religion.

The Government should make it clear that the freedom to preach and propagate religion is meant for Indian citizens alone and not for foreigners, the resolution added.

New Companies In Bombay State

BOMBAY, Saturday.

During the half year ending June 30, 1956, 104 companies were incorporated in Bombay State.

Of these, 93 were private companies and three were public companies and eight companies were registered as companies without capital.

The authorised capital of these companies was 16,70,50,500.

This includes the Western Shipping Corporation Private Ltd., which is a Government company with an authorised capital of Rs. 10 crores.

During the same period two companies and five officers of companies were convicted under the Indian companies Act in Bombay State for non-compliance with the provisions of the Act.

Two Bills For Select Committees

NEW DELHI, August 25

Two bills of social importance were referred to Select Committees by Lok Sabha today without discussion.

One tabled by Mr. B. N. Datar Minister in the Ministry of Home Affairs, provides for suppression of immoral traffic in women and girls.

The other, tabled by Dr. M. M. Das, Deputy Education Minister, relates to the care, protection, maintenance, welfare, training, education and rehabilitation of neglected children and delinquents in Part 'C' States.

The second bill has been passed by Rajya Sabha.

The Select Committees have been instructed to report by the end of the first week of the next session.—UPI.

PORTUGAL BLAMES INDIA FOR CONSULAR DISPUTE

LISBON, August 25.

PORTUGAL said yesterday it refused to allow facilities to protect Indians in Goa because India refused to grant equal facilities for Portuguese in India, notably in Bombay.

The Portuguese Foreign Ministry, in a communique, said the Indian authorities prevented the efforts of a Brabilian representative to safeguard the interests of the Portuguese in India.

It said 80,000 Portuguese in Bombay were now entirely deprived of all Consular protection despite attempts by Portugal and Brazil.

The Portuguese authorities retaliated by refusing facilities to an Egyptian representative.—UPI-AFP.

THE
BANK OF BARODA Ltd.
INTEREST ON
Savings Bank Deposits
RAISED
to 2% p.a.
FROM 1st APRIL, 1956,
AT HEAD OFFICE & ALL BRANCHES
3½% INTEREST ALLOWED ON FIXED DEPOSITS OF RS 10,000/- & OVER FOR 12 MONTHS
N. M. CHOKSHI,
General Manager.

Candidates From States For General Elections

HYDERABAD, August 25.

THE ALL-INDIA CONGRESS COMMITTEE HAS "SLOWED DOWN" THE TIME SCHEDULE FOR THE SELECTION OF PARTY CANDIDATES FOR THE STATE LEGISLATURES AND LOK SABHA IN CONNECTION WITH THE FORTHCOMING GENERAL ELECTIONS, IN VIEW OF THE CHANGES IN THE STATES REORGANISATION BILL AND THE CONSEQUENT DELAY IN THE FINAL DELIMITATION OF CONSTITUENCIES.

The revised time-table as forwarded to the Pradesh Congress Committees is as follows:—

Upto September 30:—Selection of representatives by the Pradesh Election Committee for the districts.

October 1 to 31:—Proposals from members of the District Congress Committees to reach the Pradesh Selection Committee.

November 1 to 30:—Pradesh Election Committee representatives to visit different districts.

December 1 to 15:—Pradesh Election Committee to make its recommendations to the Central Election Committee.

December 16 onwards:—Final selection of candidates by the Central Election Committee.—UPI.

VILLAGERS CAUTIONED ON QUAKE

JAIPUR, August 25.

The rumbling sounds resembling that of artillery fire, which continue to be heard frequently in Ramseen village and adjoining areas in Jalore district area are result of the formation of some gas in deep interior following unusually heavy rains, according to Mr. Sahashra Buddha of the Geological Survey of India.

He said that there was no possibility of a severe earthquake and that the situation would improve within a fortnight.

He however advised the inhabitants of the village not to sleep in their houses during nights till the situation was normal.—UPI.

'DEMANDS DAY' OBSERVED

HYDERABAD, August 25.

A mass rally of Central Government employees stationed in Hyderabad was held here this evening, at which resolutions were adopted demanding the increase in dearness allowance and the appointment of a second pay commission.

The rally was held in observance of the 'demands day.'

Earlier khaki-uniformed P. and T. employees went in an impressive cycle-procession. Employees in other Central establishment like Income Tax, Civil Aviation, Survey of India and Meteorological, also took out a combined procession, which terminated in a mass rally at the R M S compound.—UPI.

Comedian Dies In Baroda

BARODA, August 25

Gujarat stage and cinema comedian Chhagan Romeo died here yesterday.

He was here with the Dishi Natak Samaj performing a Sarvodaya drama yesterday's show, which was to be the 100th, was cancelled.—UPI.

Saurashtra Not Consulted On Bilingual State

Chronicle Correspondent

RAJKOT, Aug. 25.

On Wednesday, the opening day of the last session of the Saurashtra State Assembly, Mr. Rasiklal Parekh, the Chief Minister, admitted that the Union Government had not invited his opinion about the proposed bigger Bilingual State.

Bhoodan Leader Backs Bilingual State

AHMEDABAD, August 25.

Mr. Ravishankar Maharaj, the wellknown Bhoodan leader of Gujarat, today made a fervent appeal to the people to desist from all acts of violence and help creating a healthy and peaceful atmosphere in city with a view to facilitate Mr. Morarji Desai to break his fast at an early moment.

He also advised the people of Gujarat to accept the verdict of Parliament in regard to the formation of a bigger Bilingual Bombay State.

He commended the bilingual formula to the people as the best under the prevailing circumstances and as one that would promote national unity and solidarity.—UPI.

Bhavnagar Pleads For Maha Gujarat

Chronicle Correspondent

RAJKOT, Aug. 25.

At the general meeting of the Bhavnagar borough municipality held on Wednesday a resolution was adopted condemning the bigger bilingual Bombay State and demanding the formation of Maha Gujarat.

Two auxiliary power houses, one at the foot of the Papanasam Dam and the other at the foot of the Pykara Dam in Madras State will be put up soon.

Mayor Addresses Women Graduates

The Mayor of Bombay speaking at a function of the Bombay Branch Federation of University Women Graduates Union held at Alexandra School, on Saturday. (From left): Mrs. Deena Ahmadullah, Vice President of the Federation, Mrs. Dolly Masani, Joint Hon. Secretary, Mr. Salebhoy Abdul Kader, Mayor of Bombay, and Mrs Kader.

Mayor's Advice To Women Graduates

BOMBAY, Saturday.

The Mayor, Mr. Salebhoy Abdul Kader advised women graduates today not to restrict their field of activity only for "politics at home" but to utilise the knowledge gained by them in the universities for the public good.

He was presiding over a function organised by the Women Graduates' Union to welcome the fresh women graduates this evening.

Today, he said when India's 86 per cent of population was illiterate, it was the duty of all educated citizens, particularly women, to see that this figure was brought down considerably within a short span of time if India was to make headway.

The Mayor hoped that the women graduates would try by all means at their disposal for the eradication of illiteracy and help the poor man to lead a happier and healthier life.

Mrs. Dolly Masani welcomed the guests.

KUNZRU ANSWERS PANT'S CRITICISM

Continued From Page 1

The citizens of this country will be living in the States and only less than two per cent or just near about one per cent will be living in the Centrally-administered areas.

It is worth considering whether we have not really succeeded in evolving a scheme of which we all can feel proud."

HELPS UNITY

Except in the case of Ahmedabad and Gujarat, there had been unanimous acceptance of the proposals contained in the Bill.

"It is my firm opinion that the country has succeeded n achieving the results which will prove of an enduring character and which will take you forward on the road to progress, prosperity, and absolute security and safety.

The unity of India will now be helped by the rational distribution of the territories."

IDEAL SOLUTION

So far as bigger bilingual Bombay State was concerned, Pandit Pant believed everybody accepted that as the ideal solution for Bombay.

That being so, no one could find fault with the Government for having agreed to accept a proposal which 99 per cent people in the country considered to be the best solution to that "very ticklish and almost insoluble problem which had engaged attention of both Houses of Parliament continuously for weeks together."

It was unfortunate that there had been some amount of difference in Ahmedabad with regard to the proposal.

There might have been errors and mistakes in the Government's approach. But wisdom was ultimately the result of lessons learned in the series of mistakes committed from time to time.

So, if any incidents had happened of a very regrettable and unfortunate character, "We can find consolation in the idea that things much worse have happened over relatively smaller matters in other countries."

He appealed to the Gujaratis to accept the decision of the Parliament.

"Gujarat, which had the privilege of being regarded as the home State of Gandhiji, is to guide us all now and also in future," he said.

"That solemn name has inspired millions not only in this country but also outside. Whatever progress we have made is due to the inspiration that we received from the Father of the Nation.

"So we have our respect and affection for Gujaratis. We would individually and collectively wish to serve Gujarat in every way we can."

So far as boundary disputes were concerned, he hoped they would be considered by the Zonal Councils. He did not see any reason why once they had settled down they should not be able to untie the knots.

If anything called for special attention, the Government, he assured, would consider what it could do to help the process of solution and of cohesion which could come only by and through complete understanding between all sections living in the country.

He hoped that all those States which were now being formed would take special interest and would show tender solicitude for the capitals of States which were now being merged into bigger units.

NAGPUR WAS ENTITTLED FOR SPECIAL CONSIDERATION ON ITS MERGER WITH BOMBAY AS IT HAD SO FAR HELD A POSITION.

No city or town should suffer in its economic or cultural life because of the changes now being made.

KUNZRU HITS BACK

During the third reading stage, Dr. H. N. Kunzru dealt at length with the Home Minister's criticism of the SRC and said that much of the bitterness and dissatisfaction in the country was not due to the recommendations of the Commission but due to the manner in which these recommendations were handled by the Government.

Dr Kunzru took exception to Pandit Pant's remarks that the Commission had shown lack of imagination in not attaching Vidarbha to bilingual Bombay.

He said the Commission had stated in the report that Vidarbha was financially a viable unit. It had been given to understand that if Vidarbha was separated from Madhya Pradesh it would have a surplus of rupees one-and-a-half crores.

The Commission also reached the conclusion after examining facts that there were great possibilities of economic development of Vidarbha if allowed to have an independent existence.

Whose point of view, was more in accordance with the demands of justice, and what imagination had the Government shown in this matter when it decided to join Vidarbha with Maharshtra, but separated Bombay from it? he asked.

Maharashtra in any case would have preferred Bombay to Vidarbha. If it were given a choice between Bombay and Vidarbha, it would certainly prefer Bombay. If the Government had been in favour of a bilingual State from the very beginning, which was a most desirable thing, it should have used its influence with the people of Gujarat and Maharashtra, but there was no evidence of that.

He was still confident that if efforts were made by the leaders commensurate with the urgency and importance of the Bombay question, the present crisis could be overcome and the two communities of Maharashtrians and Gujaratis brought together to work in a spirit of amity and co-operative endeavour.

GREAT INJUSTICE

Earlier, Mr. Mahanty (Ind.-Orissa) said that he could not fully support the Bill because a great injustice had been done to the 15 million people of Orissa.

He regretted that the Chairman, Mr. Fazl Ali, did not associate himself with the Commission's decision with regard to Orissa.

He hoped that the decision on Orissa would not be the last word on the subject and the Government would lose no time in coming to the Parliament in undoing the wrong inflicted on the people of this State.

Mr. Chenna Reddy (Cong.-Telangana) urged for the setting up of some machinery to settle the border disputes.

Mr. P. N. Sapru (Cong.-U.P.) said that Mr. Nehru had not done anything unconstitutional in announcing the decision in regard to Bombay city.

Quoting from Munroe, he said, a Prime Minister was much more than a member of the Cabinet and could even over-ride the Cabinet.

COMPENSATION

Mr. Bhupesh Gupta (Com.-W. Bengal) urged for a judicial inquiry into the police firings at Ahmedabad and payment of compensation to the relations of those killed.

He also wanted that all those arrested during the linguistic agitation in the country should be released.

While he was happy over the creation of linguistic states in the South, he opposed with vehemense the formation of bilingual Bombay.

He alleged that the Congress had gone back from its past commitments that it stood for linguistic states.

After passing the Bill, the House adjourned till Monday.—UPI.

Morarji's Fast Is To Promote National Unity

BOMBAY, Saturday.

THE fast undertaken by Mr. Morarji Desai was not directed against movement or organisation, but for self-purification and the promotion of unity within the country, said Mr. K. K. Shah, Vice-President of the BPCC, here today.

He was addressing a prayer meeting at the Mumbadevi Tank Maidan to bring about a speedy end to Mr. Desai's self-imposed fast.

His action, Mr. Shah said, was in the best traditions of the fast undertaken by Mahatma Gandhi.

Mr. Desai, he said, was getting weaker and weaker day by day, and he hoped that the people of Gujarat would come and listen to him and enable him to break the fast.

Hopes were raised, he said, of an end to the fast today, but, as yet, there was no intimation to that effect.

He wished Mr. Desai success in his mission.

Mr. G. N. Desai, former Mayor of Bombay, was also present.

MEASURES TO AVOID DELAYS AT OUR PORTS

NEW DELHI, August 25.

MEASURES being taken by the Government to avoid detention of ships at Indian ports were explained in the Lok Sabha today by the Deputy Transport Minister in reply to a question tabled jointly by Mr. Gidwani and Mr. Raghunath Singh.

He said occasional detention of ships at Indian ports was caused by a variety of factors which varied from port to port and from season to season.

The main causes were:

(I) Bunching of ship arrivals.

(II) Weather and tide conditions.

(III) Labour troubles.

(IV) Limitation in rail and road transport for movement of goods to and from ports.

As a long term measure, the said, port capacity was being increased by the execution of various development works under the First and Second Five-Year Plans.

The somewhat difficult conditions prevailing at present were mainly due to the sudden increase in imports in recent months, particularly of iron and steel and heavy machinery — a type of cargo which was difficult to handle.—UPI

Governor's Assurance To Gujaratis

BULSAR, August 25.

As long as Pandit Nehru is at the helm of affairs of the country, Gujarat, and for that matter any state, need not have any fear of discrimination or neglect, said Mr. Harekrushna Mahtab today.

The Governor was talking with people of Parnera and neighbouring villages on his way from Bulsar to the Pardi anandashram.

The villagers assured the Governor that they were quite happy about the decision for a Bilingual Bombay.—UPI.

Search For Survivors Called Off

TAIPEI, August 25.

Vice-Admiral Stuart Ingersoll, Commander of the United States Seventh Fleet, today called off the search for survivors of a U.S. navy patrol aircraft, shot down by unidentified aircraft off the China coast on Wednesday.

He said, that all search efforts had been terminated at 11-25 local time today, because "all possibility of locating survivors had been exhausted."

The three-day search had so far only produced the body of one man of the sixteen-man crew. Two life-rafts and two fuel tanks were also found by rescue parties.—UPI-AFP.

SARKAR CONFERS WITH HUQ

DACCA, August 25.

East Pakistan Chief Minister, Mr. Abu Hossain Sarkar had a meeting with the Provincial Governor Mr. A. K. Fazlul Huq, immediately on his return to Dacca from Karachi today.

FLOOD CHECK

Continued From Page 1

3. Heavy rainfall data from Shillong be transmitted to Pakistan.

4. Heavy rainfall data from Sylhet and Habiganj in Pakistan be sent to India, and

5. India will endeavour to furnish such other information relating to the Brahmaputra Valley or other assistance as may be considered necessary by the two chairmen for formulating flood schemes in East Pakistan.

The Pakistan delegation was led by Mr. Habib Rehimtoola, Minister for Industries and Commerce, and the Indian delegation by Mr. Gulzarilal Nanda, Minister for Irrigation, Power and Planning.

Welcoming the Pakistan Minister, Shri Gulzarilal Nanda explained the main features of the flood problems.

The various direction in which the co-operative work should proceed were then discussed and it was agreed that the details should be gone into by the chairmen of the two Commissions.

The chairmen of the two Commissions met later and made certain recommendations regarding details of the information required by each side and the manner of exchange of such information.—UPI.

Dawn Patrol Of Local Beaks

DAY breaks over a city and along the street comes the dawn patrol of the local beaks—nine beaks, in fact, belonging to Mr. and Mrs. Swan and their seven cygnets.

Cars and lorries from a nearby builders' yard hoot. The swans, also from the builders' yard, hiss.

And as the swans stick their necks out at the traffic, the children of Arthur-street, Northampton, stick their necks out of windows and doors at the swans. For they know that it's breakfasttime.

Soon the street is filled with laughing kiddies, mums and dads.....and bread. Quickly the swans and their babies form a cygnet ring round the food.

The traffic waits. The people watch. Not even a chimney is smoking while the birds eat.

Then, with a good breakfast inside them to keep their peckers up, the dawn patrol falls in and waddles back to the pond, where all is plain sailing for another day.

New State Plan Is MPCC Idea, Says Kunte

NAGPUR, August 25.

Mr. D. K. Kunte, Speaker of the Bombay Legislative Assembly, said in an interview today, that he welcomed the formation of a bigger bilingual Bombay State, because "we of the Maharashtra Pradesh Congress Committee had actually proposed it in the first instance."

Mr. Kunte said that when the MPCC placed the proposal to the Congress High Command, there was no cry against it in Maharashtra from any quarter.

As far as MPCC was concerned, there would be no difficulty in getting the decision passed, when it would meet on August 30 and 31.

Their last resolution in support of the proposal was unanimous, he added.—UPI.

Octroi Duty Rate To Be Opposed

HYDERABAD, August 25.

An octroi and profession tax protest committee representing 30 trade and commercial associations of Hyderabad and Secunderabad, was formed here today to put up a joint struggle against the proposed rate of octroi duty and the contemplated increase in profession tax.

It called upon the authorities to fix the octroi duty at the "lowest possible levels" and to abolish profession tax with the introduction of octroi.—UPI.

'Quake Ball' In Taj

BOMBAY, Saturday.

The "Quake Ball," organised by come collegians in aid of the Times of India Earthquake Relief Fund, was held at the Taj tonight.

It was well attended and the response to the appeal for funds is very encouraging.

The total amount collected is Rs. 12,000.

Panch Shila Pact Between China, Laos

PARIS, August 25.

China and Laos today agreed to observe the five principles of peaceful co-existence and to develop good neighbourly relations in a joint statement issued in Peking by Chinese Premier Chou En-Lai and visiting Laotian Premier Prince Souvanna Fhuma.—UPI-AFP.

Small Minority Responsible

NEW DELHI, August 25.

Mr. Babubhai Chinai, member of A-ICC, who was deputed by Mr. Morarji Desai, to Ahmedabad during the days of agitation against bilingual Bombay State decision, said in Delhi today, that only a small minority was responsible for the troubles in the city "although the people at large were uneasy, they could not be said to have become overnight devoid of all sentiment and respect for the good of the national, for which Gujarat is justly famous, having produced the great sons of India—Mahatma Gandhi and Sardar Patel."

Mr. Chinai said he himself was manhandled nearly a dozen times on his way from his residence to the Congress House. "To say that the people boycotted Mr. Morarji Desai's public speech on their own would be a terminological inexactitude.

There was open and unashamed coercion of people irrespective of age or sex."

Mr. Chinai appealed to the people of Gujarat "to show the sagacity and wisdom with which they are so well endowed."—UPI.

Violence Condemned

AHMEDABAD, August 25.

The Ahmedabad City Depressed Classes League has welcomed the decision favouring a composite bilingual Bombay State and expressed its concern over Mr. Morarji Desai's fast.

The League at a meeting today condemned violence and appealed to all to work for a peaceful atmosphere.

The workers of Ahmedabad division of Bombay State Road Transport today prayed for an early end of Mr. Morarji Desai's fast.

Mr. K. T. Desai (Congress), has resigned his membership of the City Municipal Corporation in protest against the decision to form a bilingual Bombay State. Mr. Desai was one of the ten delegates, who voted against GPCC's resolution.—UPI.

BOMBAY-SYDNEY AIR-SERVICE PLANNED

BOMBAY, Saturday.

Air-India International will inaugurate a new super constellation service to Australia on October 5. This service will operate between Bombay and Sydney with an initial frequency of one flight per week, leaving Bombay every Friday and Sydney every Monday.

AII's super constellation, "Rani of Nilgiris," will leave Bombay on September 2 on a proving flight to Sydney, for a technical survey of the route.—UPI.

MORARJI

Continued From Page 1

sibility behaved accordingly, expressed his thoughts while remaining within the limits of law and allowed others to express their thoughts or carry on their avocations and did not put any kind of obstruction in their way an unhappy situation would not arise. If a situation as mentioned above arose and life of citizens were suffocated, as a result of it, the Government, whether it liked it or not, would be required to take certain measures. Of course, before taking those measures, the Government would be required to assure itself whether the atmosphere transacting those limits had arisen or not.

FOR NOBLE OBJECT

Morarjibhai's fast is for explaining to all this position and for creating an atmosphere in which every citizen could carry on his avocation with peace and tolerance and with proper respect to rights and privileges of one another.

From the talks some of us had with Morarjibhai it is realised that for such a noble object and for saving Gujarat from the atmosphere of violence which had been created there, he had undertaken the fast.

His fast has no relation to the merits or otherwise of either bilingual State or Maha Gujarat.

It is, therefore, our earnest request to the people of Ahmedabad city that each one of them should try in all possible ways at one's command to see that the public life of the city was made completely peaceful, and peacefully co-operate in the meeting that may be called to hear Morarjibhai. May God give to all strength and wisdom to discharge their duties.—UPI.

CONGRESS WINS IN PONDI

PONDICHERRY, August 25.

Mr. P. Shanmugham of Karaikal was elected the sixth councillor of Pondicherry State Government in the vacancy caused by the death of Mr. A. S. Pakkiriswami Pillai.

Mr. Shanmugham was elected to the Assembly in the last general elections on Communist-sponsored Peoples Front ticket. He later joined the Assembly Congress Party.—UPI.

A nine-day session of the Andhra Pradesh committee of the Communst Party with began in Hyderabad on Saturday an address by Mr. Ajoy Ghosh, General secretary of the C.P.I.

NASSER SPURNS WORLD CONTROL

Continued From Page 1

serious consequences in the Middle East.

Mr. Kruschev is reported to have told the British Ambassador in Moscow that if war develops over the Suez issue, it might be "holy war."

PILOTS' POSITION

Meanwhile, the pilots' situation is getting serious as many European pilots have failed to turn up for duty after leave. Egypt is trying to enlist some of the Kiel Canal pilots to help keep the Suez canal in operation.

Paris has plan to paralyse the Canal by withdrawing all western pilots but some Americans fear the plan, if implemented, might give Nasser excuse to say that he was being blackmailed.

LLOYD'S TALKS

British Foreign Secretary Lloyd today had a meeting at the Foreign Office with Georges Picot, Director-General of the Universal Suez Canal Company. (adds UPI-AFP).

Later he was to receive Japanese Foreign Minister Mamoru Shigemitsu and Indian Minister without portfolio Krishna Menon.

Iranian Foreign Minister Ali Ardalan said today that he did not think Egyptian President Gamal Abdel Nasser would reject the majority plan of the London Suez Canal Conference.

He added: "We are optimistic. There is no reason why it would not be acceptable."

Mr. Ardalan made this statement as he was leaving London by air for Teheran.

Iran is a member of the "Suez Canal Committee' of five, which was entrusted with the mission of conveying the majority plan to Col. Nasser.

CAIRO: The Indian Ambassador in Cairo, Mr. Ali Yavar Jung today handed over to President Nasser the Indian proposal on Suez Canal which was submitted to the London Conference.

REPORT SENT

The British Embassy in Cairo today forwarded to the Egyptian Government a full report on the work of the 22-Power London Conference on the Suez Canal which ended on Thursday.

The report was contained in an 800-page document.—UPI-AFP.

4 SPEAKERS TO CONFER HERE ON REORGANISATION

NAGPUR, August 25

The Speakers of the Legislative Assemblies of Bombay, Hyderabad, Saurashtra and Madhya Pradesh will be meeting in Bombay on September 3 to discuss problems connected with the reorganisation of various State Assembly secretariats.

Mr. D. K. Kunte, Speaker of the Bombay Legislative Assembly, who is here now, had preliminary discussions with Pandit Kunji Lal Dubey, Speaker of the Madhya Pradesh Vidhan Sabha, and other officials of the State Vidhan Sabha secretariat in this connection.

The President has given assent to the West Bengal Criminal Law Amendment Bill.

R.A.F. Proves Flop In The War Against Mau Mau

This is a chapter from "Mau Mau Manhunt," a book by Mr. Baldwin about his life as a member of a Kenya Police striking force, published by E. P. Dutton & Co.

THE BRITISH ARMY, FOR ALL ITS PROVEN ABILITY IN LARGE-SCALE WARFARE, WAS A DAMNED NUISANCE IN THE JUNGLES OF KENYA. AND THE ROYAL AIR FORCE AIR-RAIDS AGAINST THE MAU MAU WERE PRETTY MUCH A WASTE OF TIME AND MONEY.

By William Baldwin

These were not just my opinions, but those of the men in in the Kenya police striking forces with which I served for 13 months.

Of course there was rivalry between the army and the police reserve—with the Colony's Administration also jockeying for prestige and position.

Although all the three branches of the security forces had headquarters in Fort Hall—my station during most of my Kenya police service—there was relatively little fraternisation among the groups.

AND RIVALRY INCREASED ON THE HIGHER ECHELONS.

Still, the police raiders lived and worked in the very front lines of the fighting, and their opinions are worth mentioning to clarify some of the confusion created by press reports of why the Mau Mau have been driven back—at least temporarily.

Army High Brass

Most of the time, the forests where the Mau Mau lurked were under the army's control.

British regimental units were either based in the Kikuyu Reserve or established camps in the jungle, and they made daily patrols.

But the army patrols comprised 20 to 30 men each, which made them useless.

On the densely covered slopes of Mount Kenya and the Aberdares mountains, it was difficult enough for our small police groups of four and five men to move quietly.

An army patrol sounded like a herd of elephants when it moved through the bamboo.

Such large patrols were not only silly; they were also highly inefficient.

Only the first two or three soldiers could possibly fire; sometimes just the leading man could shoot, so dense was the foliage.

A single day on a jungle patrol should have made it clear to anyone that big groups were hopelessly ineffective.

But the army high brass stubbornly continued to employ tactics better suited to the fields of Europe.

I remember Ian Fritchard, the intelligence officer at one of my jungle stations, commenting when the army closed one of its much-publicised "Operations" against the Mau Mau:

"Thank the Lord the bloody army is out of the Aberdares for a little while. Now maybe we can get into the Bundu (undergrowth) and kill a few mice (Mau Mau) before the military decide to try another pet scheme."

The British Army's "operation hammer," which ended on Feb. 12, 1955, was a good enough example

FOR SIX WEEKS, NINE ARMY BATTALIONS SLOWLY WORKED OVER THE KINNANKOP AND DOWN THE EAST FLANK OF THE ABERDARES TO DRIVE MAU MAU INTO POLICE AND HOME GUARD UNITS MAINTAINED ALONG THE FOREST EDGE.

Ninety terrorists were claimed killed, while 32 were captured and 20 surrendered during the army's attack period.

Even these figures were exaggerated, since all but about 20 killings were accounted for by police and home guardsmen.

Meanwhile, much of the work of the police reserve, which achieved maximum killings with minimum effort, was stopped.

Surrender Offers

The British originally made the "Green Branch" offer, so-called because the terrorists were to indicate their peaceful intentions by waving a piece of foliage.

Under this plan, the Mau Mau were to face punishment if convicted of crimes.

But then the Government bettered the surrender terms

I was in Nairobi, assigned to the police striking forces there, when the Governor of Kenya, Sir Evelyn Baring, announced that "The Government will not bring any prosecutions for (past) terrorist offences against those who voluntarily surrender. But they will be detained and the irreconcilables will not come back."

Any offences committed henceforth by either the Mau Mau or security forces would be prosecuted.

It was disheartening to the loyal Kikuyus who had risked their necks to fight the Mau Mau.

Even with all this aside, I have read and heard testimony from dozens of surrendered terrorists.

Without exception they said their reasons for giving up were the increased harassment by the security forces and the terrible hardships of living in the jungle.

The Government is afraid of us, the Mau Mau reasoned. It formerly offered surrendered terms—but now offers better ones. Let's wait for a still better deal.

Bombing Mission

I remember how the trained ex-terrorists, referring to the "green branch" plan would say, "This offer of the Serekali (Government) is not good, bwana. This is weakness. If you wish to finish the Mau Mau, you must be hard."

Who should know the minds of the Mau Mau better than these former gang members?

I mentioned the Royal Air Force and its part in the Kenya fighting.

While stationed in Nairobi, I got acquainted with the RAF pilots at Eastleigh aerodrome and went along on some of their bombing missions flown in Harvard and Lincoln bombers to hit Mau Mau hideouts in the Aberdares and Mount Kenya.

The Lincolns carried 500-pound bombs, the Harvards 20-pound fragmentation bombs.

We would skim over areas which took days to cover on foot, and dive-bomb and machine-gun the thick green carpet below.

The military was always trumpeting the devastating effects of these raids.

Maj. Gen. G. D. G. Heyman of the East African Command gave a "low estimate of 3,000 terrorist casualties in this field."

A year later, Air Commodore W. K. Beisegel, speaking of the Lincoln raids, said the "morale effect on the major gangs was tremendous."

I accompanied enough raids to know that such statements bear no relation to the facts.

The targets were invisible even at low altitudes.

As one pilot friend told me, even with reconnaissance photographs, "we can't be sure where our bombs are going in that mess below."

On patrol in the forests, I would come across craters made by 500-pound bombs.

Many were on ridge tops where Mau Mau camps were never found.

The camps presented only tiny targets: they seldom covered more area than a four-bedroom house.

THE DESTROYED AREAS VARIED FROM 10 TO 20 YARDS ACROSS, THE BLASTS BEING SMOTHERED BY THE THICK BAMBOO. NEITHER I NOR MY FRIENDS EVER ENCOUNTERED A BOMBED MAU MAU CAMP

As to the terrorists being cowed by bombs, one has only to question captured or surrendered gang members to realise the absurdity of such a statement.

When the bombers first commensed operations, the terrorists were frightened.

But they soon realised that the planes' engines gave ample warning that an attack was coming.

While patrolling the jungle, I have heard the planes coming 10 minutes before they arrived overhead.

Even more important, the gangs knew that when bombings were under way, the forest was safe.

All security ground force personnel were kept out of the jungle during the RAF operations.

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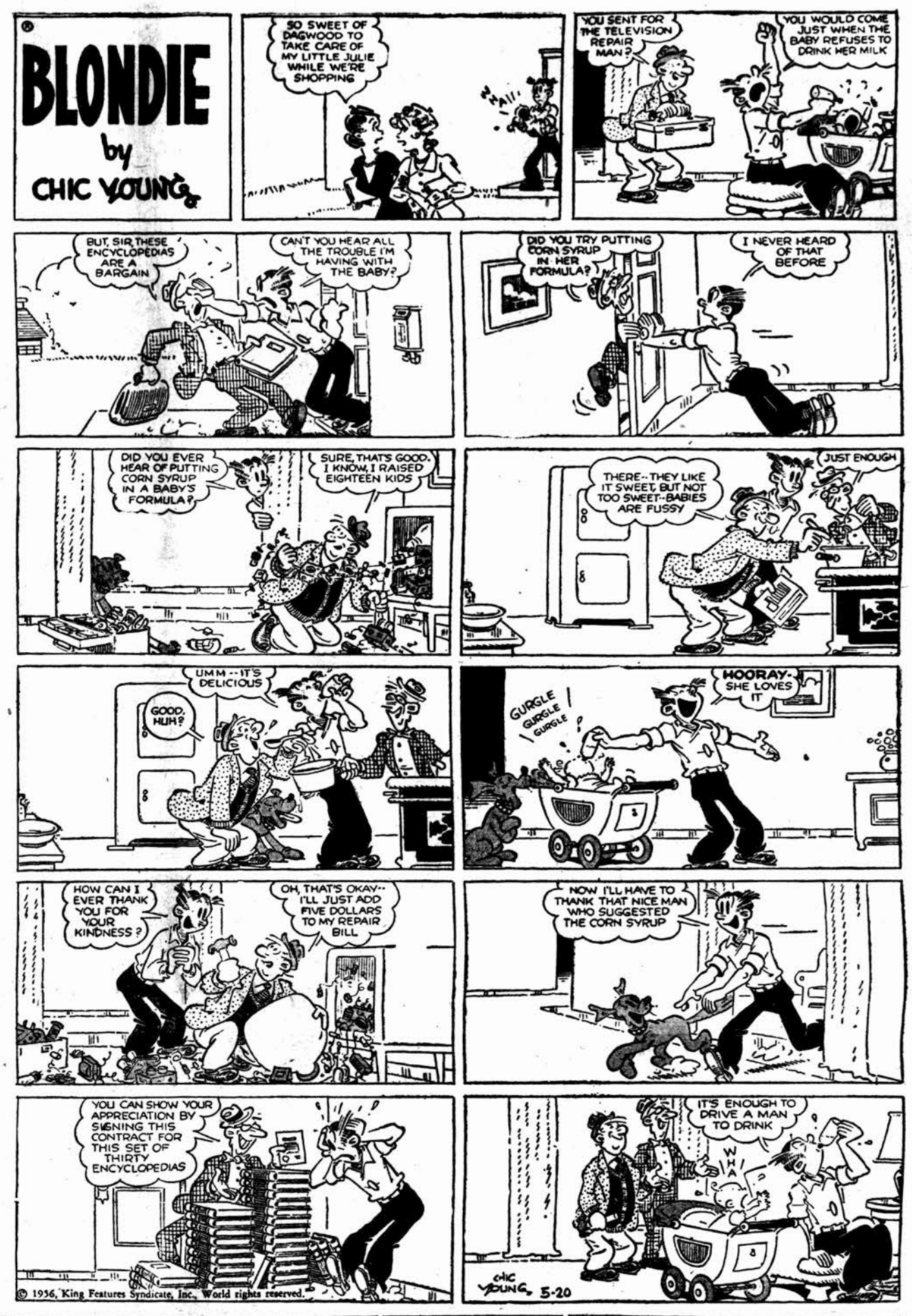
BLONDIE
by
CHIC YOUNG
SO SWEET OF DAGWOOD TO TAKE CARE OF MY LITTLE JULIE WHILE WE'RE SHOPPING
ZZAII!
YOU SENT FOR THE TELEVISION REPAIR MAN?
YOU WOULD COME JUST WHEN THE BABY REFUSES TO DRINK HER MILK
BUT, SIR, THESE ENCYCLOPEDIAS ARE A BARGAIN
CAN'T YOU HEAR ALL THE TROUBLE I'M HAVING WITH THE BABY?
DID YOU TRY PUTTING CORN SYRUP IN HER FORMULA?
I NEVER HEARD OF THAT BEFORE
DID YOU EVER HEAR OF PUTTING CORN SYRUP IN A BABY'S FORMULA?
SURE, THAT'S GOOD. I KNOW, I RAISED EIGHTEEN KIDS
THERE--THEY LIKE IT SWEET, BUT NOT TOO SWEET--BABIES ARE FUSSY
JUST ENOUGH
UMM--IT'S DELICIOUS
GOOD, HUH?
GURGLE GURGLE GURGLE
HOORAY--SHE LOVES IT
HOW CAN I EVER THANK YOU FOR YOUR KINDNESS?
OH, THAT'S OKAY--I'LL JUST ADD FIVE DOLLARS TO MY REPAIR BILL
NOW I'LL HAVE TO THANK THAT NICE MAN WHO SUGGESTED THE CORN SYRUP
YOU CAN SHOW YOUR APPRECIATION BY SIGNING THIS CONTRACT FOR THIS SET OF THIRTY ENCYCLOPEDIAS
IT'S ENOUGH TO DRIVE A MAN TO DRINK
WHA
CHIC YOUNG 5-20
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Franciscan Father Finds Home For Sing Sing Grads

By SERGE FLIEGERS

ROME.

A FRANCISCAN FATHER HAS STARTED ORGANISING A HOME FOR RETIRED AMERICAN RACKETEERS.

Father Biondino della Croce, who has become known as "The Gangster's Patron Saint," thus hopes to solve a problem of growing concern to Italian authorities—what to do with the 2,420 ex-racketeers deported from the United States to Italy.

Italian authorities have become increasingly worried about these men.

Clustered around Naples and Rome, they represent today the world's greatest concentration of potential bad-men.

His Plan

But Father Biandino has nothing but pity for them—and hope.

He said: "Transplanted from their usual haunts to a country they scarcely remember, whose language and customs they don't know, they are a flock of lost sheep. They need to be taken care of, body and soul."

The dynamic monk has found a haven for his "black sheep," an ancient Palazzo in Achila Reale, some ten miles outside Rome.

There he plans an idyllic retreat for the former members of Murder, Inc. and their associates: "I want to arrange cozy living quarters for them, a garden where they can sit in the sun, a farm on which they can help with the chores, and some workshops where they can get occupational therapy."

Besides all the modern comforts, the racketeer's retreat would have one big advantage as far as Italian police are concerned: it would concentrate Father Blandino's "flock" in one spot that can be kept easily under surveillance twenty-four hours of the day.

The chubby, smiling cleric has received promises of co-operation in his project from both sides of the fence.

Promises of financial assistance have come from such underworld leaders as Lucky Luciano and the recently-arrived Joe Adonis.

"Lucky told me that destitute former colleagues of his continually com to him for help," Father Blandino reported, "and he now feels that he might as well give that help in one lump sum for the project."

Father Blandino and Lucky have been in close contact, and the monk proudly displays a letter he received from an ex-hoodlum in distress.

It was addressed simply to "Father Blandino, care of Lucky Luciano, Naples, Italy."

The idea of helping Sing Sing graduates in Italy developed one night in Naples, when Father Blandino visited a restaurant and, to the tune of nostalgic guitar music, sang a few songs in his resonant baritone voice.

Origin

The songs—which he had learned from prison inmates on his visiting list—deeply affected two men standing at the bar.

They later introduced themselves to Father Blandino as Leonardi Arena and Vincenzo Passafora, two ex-gangsters deported from the United States.

They told the sympathetic cleric about the plight of their fellow-exiles: "Many of them are starving, lonely and ill. They have left their family behind in the States, the police won't give them a working permit to engage in honest work—and the only thing left for them to do is to join up with the Maria."

Father Blandino immediately took the matter up with Countess Filippi Lera, a noble lady of Rome who is helping him with another project which he has been directing since 1948, a clinic for social readjustment of former criminals.

He has a long list of ex-crooks who would be willing to enter his retreat and foresake all thoughts of illegal activities.

"OUR MARRIAGE"

FILM actor Anthony Steel and his bride of ten weeks, Swedish actress Anita Ekberg, flew into London from Hollywood and talked about their marriage.

TONY looked into Anita's eyes. "Life could not be better," he said. "We are very happy."

ANITA squeezed his hand.

She said: "I didn't realise how wonderful marriage could be."

Do they want children? Both said: "We don't anticipate a family at the moment, but we are planning to have one later on."

Anita is in Europe to make a film.

GRISBI AND GANGS

Chronicle Correspondent

PARIS.

ALBERT Simonin, one-time taxi-driver who hit the jack-pot by writing stories of the underworld in almost incomprehensible Paris slang, is working on a successor to "Grisbi" and "Rififi."

To freshen up his own first-hand knowledge of the murky life in the back alleys of Paris he spent two days with the police vice squad and went on several raids with them.

Says he enjoyed it fine—and met lots of his old pals on the way to the cells.

★

As a taxi-driver Simonin had to learn slang from such guys and dolls as Max Le Menteur, Pierrot-Belle-Jambe and Fifi-Le-Dingue.

Once a man has got used to living at night, it becomes a habit.

So if you want to meet Simonin, the best time would be about 3 a.m. in the "L'Echaude" at Saint Germain-De-Pres.

This is the place where the local cabaret girls come and eat steak tartare in the early hours.

It's run by a man called Leduc, whom they call "The Intellectual" for no other reason than that he wears thick horn-rimmed glasses.

Ancient Rose-Red City Is Tourist Attraction

By G. A. Halaby

AMMAN.

AMERICAN tourists are expected to travel through Europe and Asia this summer in greater numbers than ever before and many of them may see Petra, the "rose-red city as old as time."

Petra, the rock-city, was the former capital of the Nabateans, a sensible, artistic people whose main occupations were trade and agriculture and who had a passion for building beautiful monuments.

They were a remarkably tolerant and democratic tribe, and their king often rendered an account of his rule to a popular assembly.

Petra was extensively populated from about the fifth century B.C. to the fifth century A.D., and reached its height during the first centuries B.C. and A.D., when the Nabateans ruled as far north as Damascus.

The city lay along the main Arabian-Syrian trade route, and the Nabateans made a fortune by extracting tolls from the caravans in exchange for a guarantee of safe conduct.

Myrrh, spices and frankincense from South Arabia, rich silk fabrics from Damascus and Gaza, henna from Ascalon, glassware and purple from Sidon and Tyre, and pearls from the Persian Gulf, made up the principal commodities of these passing caravans.

The wealth thus amassed was lavished on building a city out of the red sandstone, a city so magnificent that it retains its beauty and splendour even in ruins.

Two things set Petra apart from other ruined cities.

It is remarkably well-preserved—many buildings stand almost intact today—and it has a magnificent natural setting.

Well-Planned

Petra is actually built in and out of the living rock, and at sunrise and sunset it takes on all the hues of the rainbow.

The only access to Petra is through a narrow, winding defile hemmed in by gigantic cliffs, a defile that a handful of men could successfully hold against an army.

IN THE CITY THE PRESENT-DAY VISITOR LOOKS UPON THE REMAINS OF TOMBS, PRIVATE HOUSES, THEATRES, TEMPLES, PALACES, BATHS, PAVED STREETS AND THE WATER-CHANNEL CUT IN THE ROCK, WHICH CARRIED THE FRESH WATER FROM THE SPRINGS OF WADI MUSA INTO THE HEART OF THE CITY; AS WELL AS THE LARGE ROCK-HEWN CISTERNS LINED WITH PLASTER.

Petra is about 180 miles south of Amman and is accessible by plane, car or train.

Circus Films Spelt Doom To The Big Top

DESERTED BY THE MILLIONS THAT ONCE WAITED WITH EAGER EXCITEMENT FOR ITS ANNUAL ARRIVAL ON THE BIG CORNER LOT, THE CIRCUS HAS TOSSED IN THE SPONGE—AT THE SAME TIME POINTING UP ONE OF THE STRANGEST PARADOXES IN SHOW BUSINESS HISTORY:

Whereas the public apparently wants no part of the "live" circus, it is stampeding as never before toward big motion pictures featuring life under the big tops!

Almost simultaneously with word that the grandaddy of them all, the vast Ringling Brothers-Barnum and Bailey enterprise was pulling stakes because of consistently poor business, Hollywood was gloating in its trade press over the smashing world-wide business being transacted by a couple of its own big circus entries — CinemaScope style, that is.

The Hecht-Lancaster thriller, "Trapeze," for instance, which is strictly of, for and by the circus—with only a scattered few feet shot elsewhere—was not only setting new box office marks throughout the United States but was sweeping European centres as well.

Ironically, "Trapeze," which might get along pretty well anyway on the crowd appeal of its three stars, Burt Lancaster, Tony Curtis and Gina Lolobrigida, casts a flashily-dressed character in the role of the big boss of the real circus, John Ringling North.

Mr. North is supposed to be scouting this particular Paris circus in the hope of stealing some of its great acts. It was the bona fide Mr. North who announced a few weeks ago that his fabulous show had reached the end of its rope.

Almost day and date, too, was a first page story in Variety about receipts—dol. 22,000,000 to date—on Cecil B. De Mille's great circus movie of seven years ago.

★

It carried the title, "The Greatest Show on Earth" and was filmed by De Mille with an all-star cast at the winter quarters of the Ringling show in Florida.

And with no sign of fear, rather in a tone of complete enthusiasm. Paramount declares the De Mille spectacle will be re-issued this fall.

Because of its firm link to the American scene, as much a part of it as the Statue of Liberty or the hamburger stand, the Ringling fadeout was a sensational bit of news.

But two other great carnival organisations were passing, less spectacularly, almost at the same time.

They were the famed Clyde Beatty show, first to call quits, and the King Brothers, both reporting increasing lack of public interest.

Significantly, even the kids were refusing the most tantalising cut-rate ticket offers. Both Beatty and King have had successful Hollywood picture flings.

Ever since movies began flickering, producers have been alert to the lure of the circus. Luckily, they've never overdone it, but each time one does come out it has been a hit.

Titles were searched out that would spell immediate appeal. Between 1914 and 1940, they began with the word, "Circus."

BY 1940 SUCH A BALD APPROACH WAS NOT CONSIDERED NECESSARY, EVEN THOUGH THE WORD HAS OCCASIONALLY BEEN USED IN A QUALIFIED FORM.

Less than a couple of years ago Martin and Lewis hit the screen with "Three Ring Circus" which proved one of their most successful films to date.

★

About that same time, Wayne-Fellows released "Ring of Fear," which featured Mickey Spillane and the Clyde Beatty menage.

Circus-on-the-screen was responsible also for America's first great interest in foreign films. In 1926, the German picture, "Variety," was released here.

The carnival theme appealed so deeply to American imagination that its stars, Emil Jannings and Lya de Putti, were brought to America.

Thereafter, we were treated to the importation of a large number of great German films lasting until the Nazi regime took over.

Oddly, in the German influx was one bearing the same title as the current Hecht-Lancaster "Trapeze." It took its American bow in 1932.

Insisting that circus movies will go on and on to fresh triumphs, Hollywood dopesters like to point up a parallel involving the unswerving popularity of the western.

The rugged frontiers and the actual gun-toting long ago disappeared from the American scene, they declare, just as the live circus is checking into history today.

And (they hasten to add) the modern confection-packed theatre lobby provides much the same odorously chewy atmosphere as the Big Top—with much more butter on the popcorn.

Sanity Seeps Through At Long Last

CZECHOSLOVAKIA is arranging the import of a large number of films including America's "Marty."

Negotiations are going on with France, Sweden, Italy, West Germany and India.

The Czech public is tired of political films such as the Communists have hitherto produced.

An official admitted that cinemas all over the country are largely empty when conventional films of the so-called "Peoples Democracies" are shown.

On the other hand, there are long queues when western films are exhibited.

Debra Paget's next is with Bob Taylor and Stewart Granger in "The Last Hunt."

Sure-FireBaitFor Glamour Girls

STEVE COCHRAN'S latest lure for the ladies is dog-gone good and catty with plenty of monkeyshines!

"Women love animals," he chuckled. "A beast on one end of a leash and a man at the other is great girl bait."

To back up his argument Steve pointed to a bustling street corner where a medium-attractive male was dangling a leash with a cocker spaniel at the other end.

"See!" he cackled and pointed a knowing finger.

Sure enough, in a span of five minutes four medium-attractive gals had passed. Three stopped to pet the pooch's head. The fourth did not, but only because she was piloting a canine of her own.

"I've made a study of women and their attraction for the domesticated animal," Cochran said with an air of authority. "I own two dogs and four cats.

"I've ambled up and down this avenue with one or all of them on a leash and I've never once failed to negotiate a date—if I happened to be in the mood."

But Steve grumbled that things are rough all over and he's had to dig up a better gimmick than a dog or cat to attract the female of the species.

"A dog on the end of a string may cause some doll to stop and pat his head, but it doesn't necessarily follow that she'll wind up walking home with you. You've got to do better than that.

"When the movie houses gave away dishes to attract the crowds, Television started giving away fancy cars and dol. 64,000 for the right answers. Now I think I've got the right answer for how to snag glamour gals on Sunset Boulevard."

Meanwhile, back at the Cochran Ranch a brace of dogs, a quartet of felines and two parrots were readying a greeting for their master and would-be lady killer.

"That's part of my menagerie," Steve declared. "But you haven't seen anything yet!"

The actor went to the back where there was Aristophanes—not the erudite Greek who wrote those satirical dramas—but a two-foot tall Indian monkey that looked sort of like a prehistoric Peter Lorre.

"You see what I mean," Cochran bellowed, as Aristophanes grabbed a passing visitor around the neck, "It never fails to get 'em!"

DEBRA IS BUSY REVIVING HOLLYWOOD'S OLD-TIME GLITTER

IT WAS LITERALLY A SIGHT FOR SORE EYES—OLD HOLLYWOOD EYES THAT HAVEN'T WITNESSED SUCH A BIZARRE SPECTACLE SINCE INCOME TAX AND THRIFTIER LIVING TACTICS PUT AN END TO THE FREE-SPENDING STAR ERA.

Midst rousing cheers from 3,000 bleacherites and open-mouthed amazement from premiere-hardened theatre attendants, Debra Paget drove up to the Pantages the other night in a gaudy vehicle that would have caused Billie Dove, Corinne Griffith or Gloria Swanson to purr with pride.

Putting all other cars to shame, Debra's exhibit turned out to be a long, sleek strawberry-and-cream coloured job of expensive make, with a jewel-encrusted top ("rhinestones and crystals") dancing wildly under the floodlights.

A liveried chauffeur (actually Debra can't drive) hired for the occasion completed the 1925 touch and the fans, roaring their approval more vociferously than for any of the distinguished guests, easily voted this the top outdoor event of many a gay Hollywood evening.

The Paget project whipped up a furor. Tottering old-time observers of the Hollywood scene were immediately hit by acute nostalgia, busying themselves recalling some of the fantastic driving antics adopted by greats of silent days.

Lupe Velez travelled in the biggest Deusenberg ever made; it was fitted with a dressing room in the back.

★

In his "Volga Boatman" prime, Bill (Hopalong) Boyd, clad in silver cowboy outfit, drove a fire-red Rolls with a horse-trailer hitch to match.

Bill often brought his horse along to an unveiling, leaving him in the trailer with an attendant.

W. C. FIELDS OWNED A 16-CYLINDER BRIGHT GREEN CADDY — EQUIPPED WITH A COMPLETE BAR AND ICE BOX IN THE REAR.

Buster Keaton cut a spectacular swath in his famous "Land Yacht," as big as a bus and designed for him by General Motors.

It featured an observation platform and sleeping quarters for six. Stony-faced buster wore a fancy Admiral's uniform as he cruised the town.

It was Tom Mix, however, who outflashed them all—in one of the first convertibles (hand-operated), the body and top covered with expensive white leather — with hand-tooled orange upholstery inside. Giant steer horns sprang out from the radiator.

★

In the midst of this competitive extravagance, it was Jack Oakie's favourite gag to drive up to an important premiere in a rattletrap jalopy.

It clattered noisily along without tires, its radiator belching steam. Togged in top hat and tails, Jack would alight and with a sweeping gesture turn the wreck over to the doorman as a tip.

Why is Debra Paget attempting to revive such early-day shenanigans? Her answer seems to make some solid sense to a business seeking a powerful shot in the arm.

"What Hollywood needs is more colour, more excitement, more things the fans can talk about with awe in their voice," she declared in explaining a daring venture that has the whole colony applauding.

However, we must pass along a discouraging little addendum. It seems that while Debra was taking bows and signing autographs after the show, some unnostalgic thieves pried dol. 500 worth of those glittering jewels from the roof of her car, making off with them right under the eyes of parking lot attendants.

Debra isn't discouraged. She's insured. And she'll have the gems reset — with some added baubles on the fenders—in time, she promises, for the lusty premiere of C. B. De Mille's "The Ten Commandments," a couple of months hence.

Prime Villain Has An Artistic Bent

ALTHOUGH Rod Steiger is happy about the movie roles that have catapulted him to considerable fame and fortune—such as Charlie in "On the Waterfront," and Jud in "Oklahoma"—his one burning desire, professionally, is to portray the immortal composer Beethoven on the screen.

Come to think of it, there is a sharp resemblance between the two.

Steiger's love for Beethoven's music and his intense interest in the life of the composer have made him an authority on both subjects.

The man Rod wants to make the picture for is Samuel Fuller, for whom he is now starring in "Run of the Arrow" at RKO.

Perennial favourite Vyjayantimala scores a success in the lavish adventure drama "Devta."

Diana Dors And Co-Star Hit It Off Great

GEORGE GOBEL, WHO IS CO-STARRING IN "I MARRIED A WOMAN" WITH BLONDE DIANA DORS OF BRITAIN, CONFIDED HE THINKS BLONDES ARE GREAT BUT HE NEVER "TIES" HIMSELF DOWN TO JUST ONE TYPE.

"I think of other things," he quipped, "Besides the colour of their hair!"

Lonesome George and the lovely Diana are making mad movie love over at RKO, but George is frankly more interested in learning the British accent.

In return he's teaching Diana to speak Brooklynese.

"I think it's only fair," he explained. "To teach her dis for dat!"

While George stood on the sidelines waiting for his next scene, the set whirred with activity.

Prop suitcase tumbled down prop staircases, electricians changed the babies (lights) and a white dog named "Blackie" bounded across a swanky prop New York apartment.

In the middle of it all, Diana ambled over to Gobel and offered him a hug.

"Cawn't it wait until lateh?" he yawned in fancy Blimey.

★

"No, it can't," Diana snapped back in Brooklynese.

Then George melted and told the curvey British actress:

"I cawn't tell you how divine it has beeeeen working with you, my deah!"

And Diana replied: "I'll tell you little Biddie Buddy — you've made quite an impression on me, too"

With that, Diana waltzed off to her dressing room and George commented:

"There go the best looking 'Swinging Dors' I've ever seen. "That girl," he added, "Could wear a gunny sack and still stack up against any of them."

As George tugged at his conservative businessman's necktie, "Blackie," the white hound, flashed by.

"Now there's a well-balanced female," the comedian declared. "She's always minding her own business! She came cheap, too. You know, we got her at the city dog pound for $3!"

Just then, Hal Kantor, Gobel's director, paged him for a scene. As George moved in his stand-in, Henry Carr, moved out.

Carr, a former tennis shop owner, clumped down the set staircase in wooden elevator shoes to make room for Gobel on the top landing. Not that there wouldn't have been space for both of them.

George, who is 5 feet, 5 inches tall, tops Carr by 2½ inches.

"THERE GOES THE ONLY MAN IN THE WORLD," GEORGE QUIPPED, "SHORTER THAN I AM!"

Storm In The Offing

OFFICIAL announcement from MGM that Dean Martin has been signed to co-star in '10,000 Bedrooms," lifted a few eyebrows around the Paramount lot, especially in the Hal Wallis offices.

Wallis holds a two-picture contract for the services of Martin and his partner, Jerry Lewis, but whether the team's recent temperamental smash-up and their decision to do no more appearances together makes both free picture agents in Hollywood remains to be seen—perhaps to be aired in the courts.

Born in the Bronx, actress Anne Bancroft's last two assignments have found her cast in the role of an Indian maiden. She now appears in U-I's "Walk the Proud Land" with Audie Murphy.

Lola Albright — on top of the world with a lush role in "The Tender Trap."

Flashes From Filmdom

TRANSMIGRATION of the soul will form the subject of "Janam Janam Ke Phere," a mythological film launched by Subash Desai.

Manubhai Desai, who wrote the story for the film, will also direct the picture, his first attempt at direction.

Nirupa Roy and Manhar Desai are to figure in the leading roles. S. N. Tripathi will provide the music.

Trick photography will be one of the outstanding features of this film, for which the services of India's foremost "special effects" wizard, Babubhai Mistry, have been secured.

He will introduce at least 25 novel camera tricks in this film, which will go into regular production next month.

★

PREMNATH has resumed film production after a lapse of two years with "Baghi Captain" which went on the sets yesterday.

Premnath will star in the picture with wife Bina Rai.

Ulhas, Sunder and Hiralal constitute the supporting cast.

"KHANDOBACHI MURLI," a musical picture, will be launched here next month by producer-director S. Chavan under the banner of Arya Chitra.

The film story by P. Savlaram will have as its background the tamasha and the Maharashtrian "murli" folk dance.

Director Chavan is now busy completing the script. D. P. Koregaonkar will provide the musical score.

★

MUSIC director O. P. Nayyar recently recorded one of the highlights of the "Quaidi" score, a six-minute song which will be filmed with the Travancore Sisters dancing.

Lachhu Maharaj, the celebrated Kathak exponent, who has been engaged to direct this number, has left Bombay for Madras, where shooting will take place.

★

"DILAIR DAKU" is the latest film to be launched by Basant Pictures.

A swashbuckling romance, it stars Nadia and John Cawas. Mohini, a new-comer, makes her screen debut in this film, which will be directed by Noushir Engineer.

The story has an Arabian background and is a mixture of romance and comedy.

★

S. N. TRIPATHI will direct "Ram Hanuman Yuddha" to be produced by R. N. Mandoloi.

Nirupa Roy and Manhar Desai will feature in the leading roles while Durga Khote and Babu Raje will play the supporting roles.

Tripathi will also play a role in this picture the music for which has been also written by him.

★

NAINA, who played the leading role in "Pedgaonche Shahane," has now taken the new screen name of Sunetra.

Playing the leading role in the Marathi film "Nako-to-Navra," a satire on a group of women opposed to marriage, she is teamed with C. Raghuvir, the producer-director, who is playing his first screen role.

Raja Nene, Vimla Vashist and Dinanath constitute the supporting cast.

The Lessons Came In Handy At Last

WHEN it was decided that Gordon MacRae, Dan Dailey, Ernest Borgnine and Sheree North should sing together the title number of "The Best Things In Life Are Free" as a prologue, Borgnine was the happiest fellow on the set.

"All through the film, I'd been doing things I'd never done before—singing and dancing," he reported. "Gordon played the uke, Dan played the piano, and I yelled songs.

"But in this prologue, they let me do the one thing I know best how to do—and that's play a banjo.

"My family had me take banjo lessons for five years and the only time I got to play was aboard ship the ten years I spent in the navy.

"So, now I strum the banjo in a picture—and it's something I don't have to fake!"

It Could Only Happen In Hollywood

EVERYONE, as Jimmy Durante has so wisely noted, wants to get into the act.

In a picture called "Spring Reunion" at the Bryna Studio there is a scene in which the players reminisce about old times.

When they came to this sequence, Betty Hutton, Dana Andrews and Jean Hagen discarded the names in the script and asked instead whatever happened to Alan Livingston, Mary Todd and Tom Seidel.

Those are the names of their respective spouses.

Boudoir Beauty Has Decided To Quit

FRANCE'S ANSWER TO MARILYN MONROE HAS FORMALLY ABDICATED HER ROLE AS THE REIGNING SYMBOL OF SEX, VOWING SHE'LL NEVER AGAIN APPEAR IN A BATH OR A BEDROOM FOR THE PLEASURE OF MOVIEGOERS.

From now on, Martine Carol, boudoir queen of French films has pledged she's going to make the public appreciate her for her less-obvious talents.

In each of her 26 films, Miss Carol, 33, has played essentially the same character—a beautiful, young woman whose interests were suggested by the movie titles.

Miss Carol has played in "Wedding Night," "The Bed," "Beauties of the Night" and "Lucretia Borgia."

Not only is Miss Carol to the French screen what Miss Monroe is to the American, but the French censorship code is much laxer.

Miss Carol's decolletage is considered to be as sensational as anything that can be seen in any movies—including the Italian.

What has made her quit the daring role which has brought her fame and fortune in favour of "more serious" but less sensational types of parts?

It happened because she has a hard business head, Miss Carol reported in an interview.

"I want to try something different," she explained in good but thickly accented English. "I want to prove my versatility. It will last longer than my beauty."

Naturally, the blonde star who has been called the world's most censored actress doesn't expect to be able to change her screen personality overnight.

But, for a start, she is insistent on one point. "I'm not going to take any more baths," she declared.

Her directors have managed manfully to squeeze at least one bath scene into most of her pictures, including her latest, "Nana," based on Emil Zola's novel. She, of course, plays the title role of the ill-fated courtesan.

"It is very chilly in those baths." Miss Carol remarked as an additional explanation of why she'll do her soaping in private.

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Need For Film Reforms

THE Lok Sabha debate on a non-official resolution relating to control of films by the Government showed a commendably predominant desire to find some effective means to improve an important medium of popular entertainment and instruction in this country.

It also showed that any proposal to arm the Government with more powers to realise this aim was controversial, unnecessary, ill-suited and might well have a crippling effect on the healthy growth of the industry.

Understandably, therefore, Dr. B. V. Keskar, Minister for Information and Broadcasting, refused to accept the original resolution seeking to amend Article 19 (2) of the Constitution so as to enable the Government to effectively control and regulate the production and exhibition of films.

★

WHETHER this change of approach to an old proposal, which was once vigorously canvassed by influential members both inside and outside Parliament, is influenced by a belated dawn of wisdom or intended as a concession to adverse popular reaction, is hard to determine, but it is certainly refreshing.

Even if it is conceded that some measure of control by the Government is unavoidable in the existing conditions of the industry, it must be recognised that there is a limit beyond which it is both unsafe and undesirable to seek the extension of the Government's powers.

Artistic talent, it is generally admitted, thrives in a sunny atmosphere, free from inhibitions and restraints of various kinds, and it tends to wilt under the shadow of the Government's authority, direction or powers.

★

SINCE, however, the necessary encouragement to artistic talent depends largely on the initiative, imagination, enterprise and resources which the industry is capable of commanding, the present malady is often attributed to conditions in the industry itself.

But the malady is sometimes misconceived or exaggerated, because there has long been a tendency to regard that films, which depart from pre-conceived notions of moral tone and desirable content, have the inherent danger of influencing youthful minds and infecting youthful conduct.

While shoddy productions and grossly debased pictures have certainly to be discouraged it seems inappropriate to fasten all the blame on the silver screen for all the spiritual or moral ills of the people.

★

MATERIAL and social conditions in which the people live cannot altogether be ignored and so long as there are squalid slum areas, dead-end jobs, and all manner of discomforts and disappointments, the fantasy-world of films is bound to have an irresistible appeal to them.

Reforms, however, are needed in the industry and concerted efforts will have to be made to ensure constant, healthy and lasting improvement, so that it is eventually enabled to exercise the necessary kind of self-control and to stand on its own legs.

The Government's proposals to establish a Production Bureau and a Film Finance Corporation will be welcomed as something positive and constructive in a concerted drive for introducing the necessary reforms and it is hoped the industry will extend its co-operation in their implementation.

LYTTON RAJ PROVIDED POWDER FOR PHEROZESHAH'S GUNS

IN THIS INSTALMENT OF SIR PHEROZESHAH MEHTA'S HISTORIC CAREER, THE AUTHOR DWELLS UPON THE FRONTAL BATTLE HE WAGED AGAINST 'LYTTON RAJ,' HIS FIGHT AGAINST THE EUROPEAN DOMINATION IN BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY AND THE BEGINNINGS OF THE INDIAN NATIONAL CONGRESS WHICH GAVE A GOLDEN OPPORTUNITY TO SIR PHEROZESHAH TO FIGHT THE BUREAUCRACY.

By J. J. Udani

NOW we come to the year 1878 when events pushed Mehta into prominence.

This was the time of Lord Lytton's reactionary regime.

He was a perfect Tory.

His brief reign in India was marked by many retrogressive measures.

The most famous of them was called the "Black Act"—the Vernacular Press Act.

It threatened the Indian language Press with penalties and instituted a vigorous censorship which gave Government power to punish them.

This Act was marked by public protests all over the country.

Pherozeshah was not behind in raising his voice of indignation.

EVEN THE EUROPEANS DISAPPROVED OF THE WAY IN WHICH LORD LYTTON CARRIED ON, OVERRULING REPRESENTATIONS OF NEWSPAPERS AND THE PROTESTS OF HIGH GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS.

Lord Lytton said that the Act must be passed in a hurry, as there was a state of emergency.

Until Lord Ripon came and repealed it, there was seething discontent against this measure.

Abuse

It was also in Lord Lytton's time that the cotton duties were repealed at the bidding of Lancashire.

This was in the year 1879.

From many provinces the Governors and their Councillors wrote against the abolition of these duties as being a spoliation of the country.

Lord Lytton's Councillors, too, by a majority, refused to sanction the measure.

But Lytton wanted to please the Lancashire magnates and so he exercised his prerogative of overruling his Executive Council and passed the measure on his own authority.

This was a most arbitrary and unjustiable exercise of a very rare privilege for which he was severely criticised all over the country and even in England.

But Lord Lytton was a tyrant to the core.

A memorial was sent to the House of Commons with a large number of signatures.

Nothing happened.

Sir R. Temple

Then we come to another great battle which Pherozeshah fought. Sir Richard Temple was then the Governor. In his time he was a great administrative genius and a literary figure.

By some people, therefore, he was lauded to the skies but by many others, he was regarded as a highly autocratic Governor.

He had a great many friends among Indians but Pherozeshah who had a very large following did not like him.

When he left India there was a large farewell meeting.

Of course Mehta did record a statement.

He was not a man to be silent.

He protested and said Indians should not accord any honour to this man.

He was induced to drop all ideas of opposition only when it was explained to him that it was a meeting of the friends and admirers of the retiring Governor.

That was the trick.

HE WROTE TO THE PAPERS AFTERWARDS SAYING THAT IT WAS WELL KNOWN THAT AMBITIOUS PEOPLE GOT INTO THE HOUSE OF COMMONS AND THAT IF TEMPLE COULD GET INTO THE HOUSE OF COMMONS AND SPOKE AS ONE WHO HAD ACTED AS AN ABLE GOVERNOR OF A PROVINCE, HIS WORDS WOULD CARRY WEIGHT.

So he protested against the meeting.

He said: "This would give him a moral authority. It should not be accorded to him and I protest against the whole movement on that ground as it will be used for this illegitimate purpose."

Moral Victory

IN THE YEAR 1880 THERE WAS A VERY REMARKABLE CASE IN THE MUNICIPALITY OF BOMBAY. THERE WAS AN EUROPEAN EXECUTIVE ENGINEER.

He was a very corrupt officer.

When a municipal work had to be carried out he allowed stones to be taken from a municipal quarry thus benefiting the contractor.

Pherozeshah took objection to it.

In a municipal meeting he said this officer must be dismissed.

It was one of his longest speeches buttressed with all his legal acumen.

He threatened that if this was not done, he would seek other remedies.

Europeans wanted to screen him as he was a member of their own community.

They voted against Pherozeshah's proposal and got some of their Indian "yes-men" also to vote with them.

The motion was lost 27 against 26; but it was a moral victory.

In order to please their Indian colleagues, the European members, however, passed what was practically a vote of censure on the engineer.

Another Tussle

That was a case in which Mehta distinguished himself for probity and for skill in the marshalling of facts.

On another occasion Mehta came out with flying colours.

Some of the elderly people may remember that there was an act called the Contagious Diseases Act.

The Act was a very contentious piece of legislation.

Consequently the Government wanted a large sum of money to be paid by the Municipality.

A dispute arose and in the end Pherozeshah agreed to the passing of a resolution by the municipality agreeing that a sum of Rs. 15,000 should be set apart annually, if the circumstances of the Municipal funds permitted it.

He took care to put in a proviso, "whenever the conditions of the Municipal funds permit it."

The Government promptly deducted the sum of Rs. 15,000 from the contribution they were paying for police charges to the Municipality.

Pherozeshah thought that this was irregular, and an encroachment on the privileges of the Municipality.

He said: "We have put in this clause 'if the financial circumstances permit it.' We are the judges.

"WE ARE TO JUDGE WHETHER OUR FINANCES ALLOW THIS CONTRIBUTION. THE CONTRIBUTION IS INADMISSIBLE AND WE WILL NOT PAY."

So he protested to the local Government; and they refused to yield.

He said: "I am going to teach you a lesson."

He said, "If you are going to deprive us of our rights, we will write to the Government of India."

He got the municipality to memorialise the Government of India.

They said that they had no power to interfere.

Whitehall Acts

Then he sent a strong memorial to Whitehall.

At that time Indian affairs were managed by the Marquis of Hartington.

He wrote:

"The Municipality have expressly reserved their own power.

J. J. Udani

'This is a highly arbitrary act. This is an encroachment and I am not going to allow it. The money has been appropriated by Government. This is an illegal appropriation."

The Government grew very angry and said "What is the meaning of this? We are not going to pay monies we have appropriated. No one can ask us to do so.", and still they protested

In those days the Government of India and the local Governments had no cast-iron rules of discipline.

Then after some time, Lord Kimberely as the Secretary of State, to please the Government of Bombay, said "I will excuse you from refunding the amounts taken, but in future, don't do it."

It was a triumph for the Municipality.

"Trimurti"

On the other hand, Pherozeshah, Telang and Tyabji, who were described as the "Trimurti" of Bombay got together.

Always some one of the three moved a proposal, while the other two supported it.

Pherozeshah, generally speaking, delivered the most important speech, but he preferred to come second on this occasion.

PHEROZESHAH MADE A SPEECH. PHEROZESHAH WAS CALLED "THE FEROCIOUS." PARSI PEOPLE HAVE A WAY OF GIVING NICKNAMES.

Bhowanaggree was described as a man who "bowed and agreed."

Dadabhai Naoroji, for instance, got into Parliament from Central Finsbury, by a majority of three votes and was described by the British working people as "Narrow Majority."

Ideal President

We come now to the period (1884-1886) when Pherozeshah became President of the Bombay Municipality.

I have told you before how he took part in shaping the Municipal Bill of 1872.

In the year 1884, Pherozeshah Mehta became President for the first time.

At that time in the Municipality he had such undisputed dominance that he was called the King-maker of Bombay, the local Earl of Warwick.

Nobody, could be appointed President without his consent.

In 1884, for the first time, they asked him to be President.

In his office as President, he kept up scrupulous observance of formalities, with such meticulous respect for Law and Procedure, that they called him an ideal President.

They asked him to be President for the second year.

Congress

Now we come to the year 1885, and the birth of the Congress.

The Marquis of Dufferin is referred to, as part-father of the Congress.

As a matter of fact, he is often so described by our people.

The Marquis of Dufferin, though a Tory, was a sound Liberal at heart.

He had been in Canada before he came to India.

He told the youngmen of Canada: "No man can consider himself to be a full citizen unless he takes an active part and interests himself earnestly in the affairs of his native country, and in the affairs of his native city."

Pherozeshah was fond of often quoting it.

Hume's Work

In the year 1884 A. O. Hume, who had just retired from the I.C.S. and had great affection for India, conceived the idea that it was necessary to bring all the leading men of India together to one platform, where they could meet and have personal contacts and tackle India's problems in their entirety.

Theosophists say that when he conceived this idea, he was a member of the Theosophical Society, and happened to be sitting at a Theosophist meeting.

WHEN HE MENTIONED IT, OTHERS TOOK UP THE IDEA SOMEWHAT EAGERLY, AND THUS THE THEOSOPHISTS CLAIM THE INDIAN NATIONAL CONGRESS WAS BORN UNDER THEIR ROOF.

Hume sought an interview with the Marquis of Dufferin and he put his idea to him,

(Continued on Page 12, Col. 3)

The historic British factory at Surat, the birth place of British rule in India, now in possession of a Parsi family.

Richest Frenchman Is 'Emperor Of Silence'

THE hardest man to get to know in France is also the wealthiest. We refer to Marcel Boussac, stocky 64-year-old multi-millionaire who is known to the man in the street as triple-crowned king — 'King of Horses,' King of Good Eating and 'King of Textiles.'

But the man himself will have none of these titles.

"No title is good enough for me," he said this week with one of his rare smiles. "Call me 'The Emperor of Silence'."

Why should a man of such fabulous wealth who can keep out of the public eye however much he wants, shy away from publicity interviews? Says Boussac:

"What good are interviews? What I say today I may no longer believe when it appears in print tomorrow."

Big Empire

Boussac's industrial empire is estimated to be worth dol. 200 000,000.

It includes textile mills on three continents, newspapers, aircraft interests and — horses.

His stud of 100 prize animals has been valued at dol. 9,000,000.

Horse-racing is a passion with Boussac, and though his winnings are far and away the largest in Europe, they do not really cover his lavish expenditure on his paddocks and breeding programme.

Boussac started to work when he was 14.

He left home after a row with his father and struck out on his own.

His father, who had risen from ribbon peddler to textile mill-owner, had given him the know-how.

Boussac applied it and by 19 he was an executive in another man's textile factory.

Then the First World War brought riches.

He invented an airplane fabric and sold it to the government.

Boussac likes to be called a cosmopolitan

He buys his Derby hats in London.

FOOD FOR HIS DINNER PARTIES IS FLOWN IN FROM ALL OVER THE WORLD. THE GARDENS OF HIS ESTATES IN NORMANDY

Our Paris Diary

AND ON THE RIVIERA WERE DESIGNED BY BRITISH LANDSCAPE EXPERTS. BUT HE SPEAKS ONLY FRENCH.

He drives himself faster than any one of his horses or workers.

He still puts in a 12-hour day, starting at eight in the morning.

How to get on?

Boussac replies: "Work and apply common sense and intelligence. But diffinitely work first."

★

Statistics on French striptease spectators supplied by a mass-observation outfit: 60 per cent are over 40; 30 per cent are under 20; 60 per cent are balding; 75 per cent wear spectacles, and 8 per cent go with their wives.

Progress

HEARD this week that the bums who hang around the Champs-Elysees district now are organised.

Albert, a blind beggar with a head for business, has set up as boss and one-legged Ernest is his second-in-command.

Strict discipline is maintained.

One of Albert's first edicts: No begging with the open palm. Always use a hat. It looks more respectable.

Latest report: Takings up by 20 per cent on last month.

Unbreakable

WE dropped in to the Chatelet theatre just before it closed for the summer break to see how Tino Rossi is making out in his first stage musical.

The answer is fine.

The show has been running for eight months and Tino expects it to last a full two years.

FRIEND TINO, FREQUENTLY CALLED THE FRENCH BING CROSBY, APPEARS INDESTRUCTIBLE. LIKE THE FATHER OF AMERICAN CROONERS, HE HAS BEEN A PERMANENT TOP RANKER IN SINGING SHOW BIZ FOR THE PAST 25 YEARS.

Tino says he knows why the girls still go for him: "Because

"Hell of a shore leave, ain't it?"

I sing of romance with sympathy and simplicity."

Maybe he's right.

For, also, Tino is no longer the sleek young Corsican who once looked like Rudy Valentino.

He's over 50 now and frankly Barrel-shaped.

And his patent-leather black hair has to be carefully combed across the bald spots.

But although a pin-up boy no more, his canned voice continues to spin on millions of turntables with the magic of his youth.

Last month his grateful record company celebrated the sale of his 10,000,000th disc.

Some he made 18 years ago, draws a regular yearly pay are still selling.

From their royalties alone he packet of dol, 50,000.

MEHER BABA MEETS FOLLOWERS IN U.S.

By P. G. Krishnayya

NEW YORK.

ONE great fascination that Americans have towards India is that it is the land of people devoted to spiritual things. Two men of India are mainly responsible for this. One is Swami Vivekananda and the other Mahatma Gandhi.

This is the Meher Baba's fourth visit to the United States.

The first visit was in October, 1931, when he stayed in America one month contacting and interviewing his first close American disciples.

A second visit followed in May, 1932.

On this trip he met a great many people both in New York, Chicago and Los Angeles.

In December, 1934, he came again for the third time to America.

★

He contacted an ever-growing circle of devotees and followers in this country, returning to India by way of China.

After a long interval during which World War II took place, he again visited the West in 1952 arriving in America in April of that year with a party of 12 disciples, six men and six women.

He stayed in this country abour four months, meeting many hundreds of interested men and women in New York and at the Meher Centre, Myrtle Beach, S.C.

This 500-acre estate is dedicated to him and is in a natural surrounding of virgin forest, lake and seashore.

He met with a "personal disaster" on this trip in the shape of an automobile accident crossing the United States, breaking his left arm and left leg.

Mrs. Robert Duce, head of the Sufi organisation of USA and Dr. P. G. Krishnayya, Indian editor and publisher of New York, are seen here with Meher Baba when they discussed with him various problems in his hotel room. From left to right are seen in the picture Mrs. Duce, Dr. Krishnayya, Meher Baba and the man who is kneeling is Meher Baba's interpretor.

On this present tour, Meher Baba has come at the ardent request of his American followers to give his "Sahavas" or the company of his presence, to them who have not met him before and those who are anxious to meet him for the first time.

Meher Baba went into one year of strict seclusion beginning February, 1958, and is breaking seclusion only for this one whirlwind world tour.

He stopped at Zurich, Switzerland, and spent two days in London, meeting devotees there before coming to U.S. for two weeks.

He will then go to Australia on the return trip.

Although there are people interested in Meher Baba scattered all over the United States, there are groups of followers in several places, notably New York, Schenectady, Myrtle Beach, S.C., Washington, St. Petersburg, Fla., Los Angeles, and San Francisco, Calif.

They meet in each other's home to study and discuss Meher Baba's teachings.

★

There is no specific religion or organisation, as he does not wish it.

He says his message of love and truth will spread from heart to heart.

ONE ORGANISED RELIGIOUS GROUP, HOWEVER, IS SUFISM REORIENTED, WHICH HAS DEDICATED ITSELF TO HIM AS THE "KUTUB" OF THE AGE.

There are Sufi centres in New York, Washington, and San Francisco.

Activities of Meher Baba's followers include public lectures on his teachings and message for humanity, showing films on his work in India; and an American quarterly magazine "The Awakener" is published in New York and is devoted to his life and teachings, and has subscribers all over the world.

A big American publisher Dodd, Mead and Co., has just published Meher Baba's latest book **God Speaks** this year and and it had a wide sale for such advanced spiritual teachings.

Meher Baba frequently asks his disciples to keep silence or fast as on last July 10, 1956, anniversary of his own silence.

At other times they are asked to feed the poor or do other service.

Sometime, money is contributed to the Master's feeding of the poor in India.

1948 Raid Has Made

KASHMIRIS LOOK WITH DREAD ON PAKISTANIS

IS the Kashmiri Muslim true to India? I have been asked this question again and again by many people since my return from Kashmir.

Why anybody should have any doubts about the loyalty of the Kashmiri Muslims is beyond comprehension.

The Kashmiri Muslim is as loyal to his motherland, India, as any other Indian Muslim.

If we have faith in our 40 million Muslim brothers, why should we not have the same faith in the Kashmiri Muslims?

The non-Punjabi Kashmiri Muslim whose language is neither Urdu nor Punjabi but Kashmiri, which is spoken by the Muslims and the Hindus alike, has nothing in common except religion with the Muslims of Pakistan.

Besides, he has had such tragic experience of the Pakistani invaders who descended in hordes in 1948 and ravished the peaceful valley that he will never more be able to look upon his Pakistani co-religionist as a brother.

To him a Pakistani will always remain a mortal enemy.

THE ANSWER

Why are the Kashmiri Muslims so much afraid of the Pakistanis?

The answer is very simple.

WHEN THE INVADERS CAME LIKE AN AVALANCHE FROM ACROSS THE MIGHTY MOUNTAIN RANGES AND DEVASTATED SEVERAL TOWNS AND VILLAGES IN THE VALLEY, THE KASHMIRI MUSLIMS WERE THE BIGGEST SUFFERERS AT THE HANDS OF THEIR CO-RELIGIONISTS.

No doubt between Uri to Baramula the invaders had massacred 18,000 Sikhs.

They had not spared the Muslims either.

Sherwani, who is today remembered as the biggest martyr of the tragic times, was virtually nailed to a tree and tortured to death by the hostiles.

Every Kashmiri Muslim to whom I mentioned the name of Sherwani recounted with a deep sigh and bitterness the brutal conduct of the killers of the martyr.

It is a well-known fact that Kashmiri women are India's fairest and most beautiful women.

The Punjabi Muslim always took a pride in having a Kashmiri belle as his spouse.

The first thing that he did when he invaded the valley was to carry away as many women as he could lay his hands on.

The Kashmiri Muslim realises fully well that if Kashmir

"What's that you're knitting?"

ever fell into the hands of Pakistan, he would be the biggest sufferer in this respect.

This is a genuine fear and has created a great distrust of Pakistanis in the minds of the Kashmiri Muslims.

Apart from this aspect there are several other reasons why the Kashmiri Muslim will not be disloyal to India.

GENUINE FEAR

Till Prime Minister Bakshi Ghulam Mohammed took over the reins of Government from Sheikh Abdullah, the affairs of the State were in a chaotic condition.

Scores of people told me that they had hardly any work to do in those dark days.

There being no work and no income, naturally there was no food also.

The Kashmiri starved silently till Allah came to his rescue and gave him a better and sounder administration.

INDIA RECKONING THE SAD PLIGHT OF THE KASHMIRIS SENT THEM EVERY POSSIBLE HELP. THE CHIEF TYPE OF HELP WAS AMPLE SUPPLIES OF RICE, THE STAPLE FOOD OF THE PEOPLE OF THE VALLEY.

Today there is no shortage of rice, everyone has a square meal and not even the poorest have to go hungry as rice in Kashmir is cheapest anywhere in India, costing about three annas a seer.

As long as the Kashmiris get food and get work, with the help of India, they will never look to Pakistan for any kind of aid.

PAK CAN'T

Besides, Pakistan is hardly in a position to provide any help.

Pakistan itself today is suffering from food shortage and is dependent on imports from outside.

Sultan Tunda, a houseboat owner, and his two brothers, Mohamadu and Ramzana, told me without mincing words that before Bakshi Saheb took over they hardly had three or four meals a week, as there was no work and no money to buy food.

Ramzanally, a pedlar of artwares, also told me that due to the acute depression in his trade, as in all other trades, they had virtually gone through hell.

NEAR MIRACLE

Similar experiences were narrated by Dost Mohammed, a carpenter, Khudabux, a barber, Ghulam, a washerman, and a host of others from various walks of life, who all repeated the same sad story.

In their own words a "near miracle" had been wrought.

ANY SWITCHOVER OF LOYALTY WOULD BRING THEM RUINATION, HARDSHIP AND DISASTER

Who in his senses would like to invite troubles on his head when he could lead a peaceful, steady and sure existence?

Since the formation of the Bakshi Government in 1953 Kashmir has enjoyed a comparatively smooth period of political, economic and administrative stability.

After financial integration with India Kashmiri's economy has not only become sounder but also shows trends towards prosperity.

Politically today Kashmir is in a much happier position than it has ever been before and the loose strands of its administrative machinery have been straightened out by Bakshi Sahib, who pays personal attention to every strata of the administrative structure.

His personal interest has proved very beneficial and everyone in the administration, whether he is a gazetted officer or a mere chaprasi, knows that the watchful eyes of the Prime Minister are on him.

VIGIL TELLS

How keen is the vigil he keeps on the affairs of the State can be seen from the following incidents:

A shopkeeper in Srinagar knowing that Bakshi Sahib had gone to Delhi for some important consultations with the Government of India raised the prices of his wares by about 25 per cent.

When the Prime Minister returned the aggrieved customer informed him about the shopkeeper's dishonesty.

Bakshi Sahib called for his car and drove straight to the shop with the person who had complained against the behaviour of the proprietor.

He made inquiries on the spot and found that the complaint was bona fide.

HE GAVE THE SHOPKEEPER SUCH A TONGUE-LASHING THAT SINCE THEN THE SHOPKEEPER HAS NEVER CHARGED ANY CUSTOMER A PIE MORE THAN THE STANDARD PRICES.

He has done this to other shopkeepers too and none dare swindle a customer while Bakshi sahib is in town.

ALWAYS ONE

Another beautiful thing about the people of Kashmir is that the Muslims and the Hindus there do not think they are members of different communities.

They speak the same language, they eat the same type of food, their music and their songs and dances are the same, and in every respect they feel they are one.

A Kashmiri pandit and a Kashmiri Muslim while in company will never give one the impression that they are members of two different communities.

The difference is only noticeable from the mode of dress.

As long as this cultural community lasts the Kashmiri Hindu and the Kashmiri Muslim will never be separated from each other.

Indian help has brought prosperity and happiness to the Kashmiris.

Whatever the designs of Pakistan, this will never happen.

Kashmir and India will always be one.

The Premier of Kashmir, Mr. Bakshi Ghulam Mohammed, laying a wreath in memory of those who gave their lives to preserve the valley from the onslaught of Pak raiders.

By Thomas J. Coutinho,
CHRONICLE CHIEF REPORTER

SNOWFLOWER

A young damsel of the vale of Kashmir pictured against the snow-covered Himalayan background.

Opera Will Help Drama Revival

THE divorce of drama from music was urged and was also partly achieved by the modern theatre movement.

Consequently drama is taken by many as a stage performance exclusively in prose; and for the same reason the opera to them would be an out-of-date, if not an unknown, form of drama.

However, there are some people who have boldly advocated composition of typically Indian operas; they have thus, gone to the extreme in the opposite direction and have run the risk of being divided as reactionaries.

REVIVAL OF OPERA

IN India, music — vocal and instrumental—has been, from the earliest times, an integral part of the ensemble of drama.

Still millions, who are not conquered by the modernists are reminded of music as soon as the name of drama is mentioned to them, and they are also not unfamiliar with the opera, which means replacement of prose by music.

If prose or the gesture language of dance can interpret a dramatic theme and story, music should logically take the place of the medium of expression in drama.

The ballet and opera must be regarded as developments drama of equal values.

Acceptance of the ballet on the one hand and rejection of the opera on the other should, therefore, be taken as a sign of gross ignorance of the values and varieties of drama.

During the glorious days of the professional stage, full-length operas were presented in the several regions.

★

The opera was, then, the product of collaboration by the dramatist and music director.

Art Notes By D. G. Vyas

It had a pattern and style of its own which differed in every region.

The opera cannot be composed in an empirical manner.

It is the subject of a specialised technique which has to be patiently and judiciously developed.

Tunes and talas, if picked up at random and amalgamated in a composition will produce something which might amount to a travesty of the opera.

THE WORKING OUT OF THE MUSIC SCORE WHICH MEANS SELECTION OF TUNES, TALAS, VARIATIONS IN RHYTHM AND SINGING, IS THE PRINCIPAL POINT IN THE OPERA AND IT HAS TO FOLLOW A RATIONAL METHOD.

After all, drama is to be rendered and interpreted in music.

Poetry will take the place of prose and will run in the grooves of music.

Drama is built up round the different form of Ras — the sentiment — which is its soul.

The emotional expression — Ras Bhawa in its diverse forms — is implicit in every situation and its several sequences.

The changing moods and flitting emotions of every character have to be exactly defined.

THE TECHNIQUE

THE music score has, therefore, to be so built up that its every point is accurately fixed in the script, and only then it would succeed in interpreting the drama.

Note only the wordings of the poetic compositions should be appropriate to the emotional background of every situation, but the tunes and talas to which they are to be set should, as a rule, be selected from the point of view of their emotive values and diurnal and seasonal significance.

And then singing, playing and rhythm have to be varied from time to time in order to stress the emotional content of the situation and singing.

The stereo-typed or conventional singing which is in vogue in the concert hall cannot be rigidly adhered to in the opera which means flowing rhythm and interpreting of the emotions and their nuances.

★

The beauty of the opera springs from music — the swara, tala and rhythm, inspite of the fact that narration is carried on by wordings of the songs.

Poetry has to rely upon music.

For the effectiveness of its appeal.

Although singing should predominate in the opera, the instrumental music apart from providing accompaniment to it, will have an ample scope to play an independent role in the opera and for this reason it should be strong, varied and resourceful.

Classical music is resourceful enough to yield full score.

However, the opera should be left flexible and free to assimilate times and phrases of folk songs.

It should also draw upon the fund of vrittas and chhandas.

THE RECOURSE TO FOLK SONGS AND OTHER VARIETIES WILL NOT DETRACT FROM THE CLASSICALITY OR GENUINENESS OF THE OPERA.

On the contrary, it will enhance the beauty and add to the variety of the music score.

Every opera should be duly recorded.

It should further be reduced to notation with instructions, about all the details of interpretation.

★

The opera being a part of India's drama tradition cannot be dropped out of the plan of rivival.

If the modernists will realise the limitations of prose for emotional expression, they will be inclined to bring back music to its legitimate place in drama!

Even if the modern stage does not move on to the opera, at least the way to it will be paved if singing in drama is insisted upon as a necessity.

ENCOURAGEMENT TO LITERATURE

THE movement to offer impetus to the development of literature is proceeding apace in different regions.

In Travancore-Cochin, for example, the Government has formed a Sahitya Akademi for the advancement of Malayalam literature.

Since the current tendency is to leave arts in an isolated compartment it is hoped that 'literature in and on' arts like drama, music and dance will not be treated as nobody's concern in any region.

In Saurashtra, the movement has taken a different turn.

A TRUST OF RUPEES TWO LAKHS HAS BEEN CREATED BY THE STATE GOVERNMENT FOR TRANSLATION INTO GUJARATI OF CLASSICS IN INDIAN AND FOREIGN LANGUAGES.

The plan is, no doubt, commendable, but it is rather too ambitions.

★

Literature in Gujarat has a rich section of 'translations' and 'adaptations'.

Saurastra's plan should therefore, avoid unnecessary duplications.

Obviously the field will have to be carefully surveyed and defined.

Gujarat has produced a large number of stage plays; a few of them which were printed need to be reprinted, which several others of high artistic and literary merit never went to the press.

The available among them must, therefore, be collected and printed.

The Government of Saurashtra should not rest satisfied only with translations.

It should undertake publication of unpublished works especially dramas.

The Government of Saurashtra has also set apart Rupees 13,000 for a different purpose.

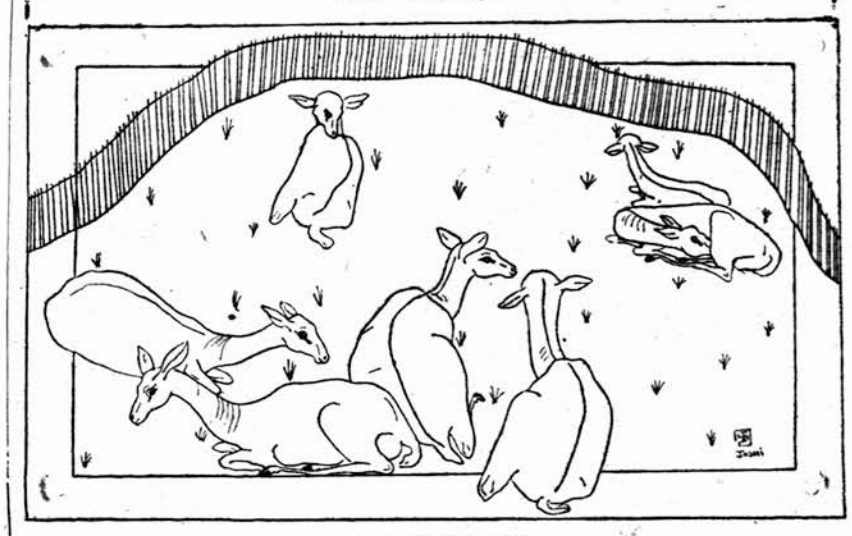
This grant is to be spent for the celebration of the birth or death anniversaries of Gujarat's celebrities in the field of literature and culture.

A few names have been already selected and published.

Those in charge of the plan should not miss the stage celibrities of the eminence, of waghji Asharam, Dahyabhai Dholshaji, Amrit Keshav Nayak and Mohanlal Lalji.

The Saurashtra Government must have the fairness to equate the contributions made by such celebrities to the stage and drama with the achievements of poets and literary scholars.

At Rest



By Krishnakant Joshi.

YOU BE THE JUDGE

By K. PRAHLADA RAO, Advocate

These three typical illustrations are based on well-known cases. The average intelligent man should be able to arrive at a reasonably just verdict. Verdicts actually given by the judges are appended at the end.

PRAN and Arjun were good neighbours. But for a beautiful rose plant they would have probably co-existed for ever as friends.

The rose plant was the real thorn in the fabric of their friendship.

The trouble was that the beautiful plant was on the edge of Arjun's compound and most of its branches overhung the boundary of Mr. Pran's premises.

When Pran's pretty daughter Prema plucked a flower from the branch of the plant that had stretched out into her little garden, Arjun's darling Vina would raise a hue and cry.

"It belongs to us," she would say. "How dare you steal my beautiful flower."

Prema would reply: "No, no, it is hanging inside our garden and so it belongs to us."

Time rolled on.

The girls grew up into beautiful women.

And their the pretty quarrels developed into hatred—all over the tiny plant that gave fragrant flowers.

One day during such a quarrel they lost their temper and called out their husbands.

Prema's husband Rajan was the type of person who solved problems by cutting them at the root.

"Do not worry Prema. I will see to it. I will solve this problem for ever," said he, and did solve the problem by chopping off the portion of the plant that extended over their compound.

Vina could not bear the sight of her beloved plant being butchered right before her eyes.

"I must teach that rowdy husband of Prema what it is to chop off a neighbour's plant," thought she and ran to her aged father Arjun.

She urged him to take revenge on Pran for his son-in-law's atrocious act.

So weak-minded was old Arjun that he could not turn down his daughter's request.

He filed a suit against Pran for damages for the cutting off the overhanging branches of the rose plant.

He argued: "My Lord! Rajan has no right to cut the plant that I have been rearing for years. At worst he could have claimed a right to the flowers that grew on the overhanging branches. He has caused me and my dear daughter mental agony in addition to material loss. His intention to injure our feelings further aggravate matters."

Pran's counsel replied: "Your Lordship! Whatever be my client's motive he has the right to keep his premises free from intrusion!

"He has not transgressed into the garden of his neighbour. Arjun has no business to allow his plant to extend over his premises. My client was within his rights in cutting off the overhanging branches."

Do you agree with Pran's stand?

★

LEELA RAM and Bhagawandas were clever merchants.

So clever were they that they did not trust each other.

Each knew that the other would dupe him if chance permitted.

In order to avoid mutual deception they agreed to use a particular measure in all their mutual transactions.

That measure was not a standard measure approved by the Government.

Both knew that they were using such a measure.

And they were getting on well.

But the arm of the law did not miss them.

The officers of the Weights and Measures Department charged them for using false measures though between themselves.

In their defence they told the court: "Your Lordships, we had agreed to use a common measure in all mutual transactions. Both of us knew that it was not a standard measure. It was impossible for us to have deceived each other.

"We are free to use whatever measure we like between ourselves. There will be an offence only when an unwary customer is victimised by our fraud."

The prosecutor, alleging that they were still guilty of the offence, said: "No person can defeat the provisions of law by mutual agreement. Every person is bound to use the standard measure, in trade, and they cannot escape the liability merely because it is a mutual transaction.

"Their intention may be good. There may be no loss to any one. But still the law must be respected.

"Further," he argued, "it is dangerous to allow merchants to posses false measures as there is every chance of an innocent customer being defrauded."

Do you feel that they are guilty?

★

RAJ was the master mischief-maker in the class room.

No amount of admonition could bring him round.

The complaints against him grew in number.

The headmistress Suma was a kind person, but her kindness did not extend to mischief-makers and she was fed up with a number of complaints against Raj, the incorrigible.

Raj's mischief grew so unbearable that one day she lost her patience and gave quite a few strokes to Raj.

The beating was too much for Raj.

He felt humiliated by what he thought to be the high-handedness of his cruel teacher.

He went to his papa Patil and with tears in his eyes complained: "Papa, that dirty teacher of mine has very nearly killed me. See what she has done to your Raj."

Yes, Patil imagined the agony that his son must have suffered.

He imagined the devilish teacher thrashing his dear son to death.

He thought: "I do not send children to school for being beaten. That teacher of Raj needs a good lesson."

Patil was a lawyer of repute. He prosecuted the teacher for assaulting and injuring his dear Raj.

Suma had sound commonsense.

So she preferred her own commonsense to the wisdom of a learned counsel.

She defended herself and told the court: "Of course, I gave the child a few beatings. This I did in his own interest.

"I believe that I have the same right as the parents of the child for the purpose of teaching and also correcting him. In the school I stand in the shoes of the parent.

"I have not committed any offence. I am innocent."

Patil arguing his case said: "My Lord, do I send my child to school for being thrashed like a dog? Does the teacher's liberty extend to this? She had not taken my permission to beat my child.

"She is not above law. The ordinary law that would be applied in the case of a woman beating a boy should be applied in this case also. She cannot take cover under her authority of a teacher. Suma must be punished for beating my son."

What is your verdict?

Answers

1. The court agreed with the argument of the defendant and dismissed the suit.

It said that Pran was within his rights in cutting off the overhanging branches of the rose plant even without informing the owner and his bad motive does in no way interfere with his right to keep his premises free of intrusion.

(Lemon vs Webb (1895) A.C. 1)

2. In this case the merchants were held to be not guilty.

The judges said that since both of them knew that it was not a standard measure and had agreed to use it in mutual transactions, no offence was made out against the accused.

They said that law cannot interfere wherever there is some chance of an offence being committed.

(Kannayalal Mohanalal Gajar vs Emperor, AIR (1939) Bombay 455.)

3. In this famous case which kept every Indian school teacher on tenterhooks, the judges decided in favour of the teacher.

They opined that while a child is at school, the schoolmaster is in the position of a parent.

The parental authority of chastisement is delegated to the teacher who represents the parent for the purpose of correction.

(Rex vs G. B. Chatge (1949) 4. D. L. R. Bombay 43.)

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talking of BOOKS

'Christianity Was Western Buddhism'

WESTERN BUDDHISM. By Swami Sankaranand. Published by Nilmony Moharaj, 88, Vivekanand Road, Calcutta 6. Pages 66. Price Rs. 4-8.

THIS little work aims to put forward a thesis.

This thesis is that Christianity was nothing but western Buddhism.

The author believes that "the Jewish converts to Buddhism, guided by national chauvinism, tried to create a tale of the same of a Jewish carpenter as the saviour of the Jews."

To prove this point the author collects evidence about the westward movement of Buddhism.

He also analyses the various features of the Christian religion, its ethics and its customs to show their essential similarity with Hindu and Buddhist thought in this country.

The author concludes that Jesus or Jishu was a corruption of the word Jishnu, one of the names of Buddha.

Though somewhat sketchy his arguments will find some support from various scholars in this field.

Their attention should, therefore, be attracted to this book.

Its utility is of course to that extent limited.

GIRLS ENTER BULLRING FOR CAREER

Chronicle Correspondent

JUAREZ, Mexico.

A SCHOOL for women bullfighters is being planned at the historic Juarez Plaza De Toros, where three American girls began their famed careers in Mexico's bullrings.

Instructor for the classes will be Alejandro Del Hierro, a former bullfighter who developed Patricia McCormick and the newest American recruit, Carla Lee, a Phoenix secretary.

Bette Ford, the former Broadway model and actress, and Georgianna Knowles, the El Paso girl who fights bulls from horseback, also got their training in the Juarez bullring.

Alfred Holguin, Juarez ring manager who appreciates the box-office success of women in the dangerous sport, despite objections of old-line, said he hopes to sign eight girls for the first classes.

Holguin's dream is to someday have a "bullfighting ballet with real girls and real bulls."

KON-TIKI STORY IS A GRIPPING RECORD

THE KON-TIKI EXPEDITION: By Thor Heyerdahl, Published by George Allan and Unwin. Pages 235. Price: 7sh. 6d.

THE spirit of adventure expresses itself in many forms; whether it is in climbing the Everest or in reaching the north pole, or whether it involves going deep into the unknown territory full of forests and savages, the fundamental urge is the same.

It is the urge to do something out of the ordinary with some special purpose in mind.

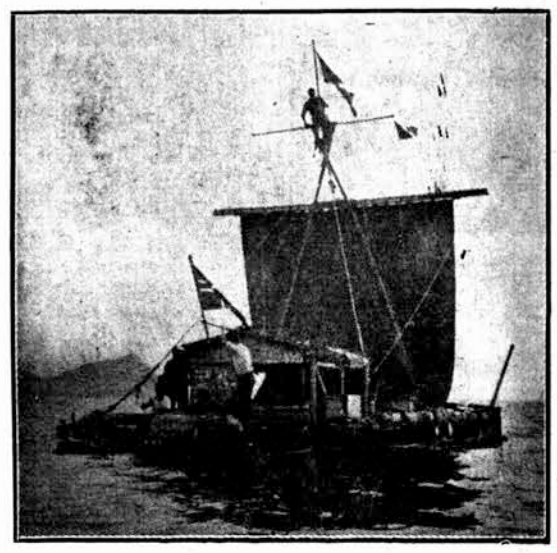
The Kon-Tiki Expedition is the report of a voyage across the South Pacific by six men on a raft, which was the exact replica of the raft that had been used by the Indians of Peru many centuries earlier.

A Theory

This work apart from its interest as a story of adventure is useful in so far as it proves a theory that the Indians of Peru driven at some time by conquering enemies had managed to cross in their thousands from South America over to the South Sea Islands.

It is a theory that the present residents of these islands are the descendants of those original travellers.

There was a failure on the part of the author of this book to attract the attention of the Universities in the United States to this theory, which is based on the stories of Spanish America.



Ready to start in Callao harbour, the raft was an exact copy of the old Indian vessels, with an open bamboo cabin aft of a square-sail between two masts lashed together.

The objection was raised by even intimate friends of the author that "so long as the Indians had only open rafts, it was futile to consider the possibility of their having discovered the Pacific islands."

Objective

It was, therefore, in order to prove that such a crossing was by no means impossible that the author decided to build a raft exactly of the type that had existed at the time when the Indians had crossed over according to the author's theory.

THE BOOK DESCRIBES HOW ON THIS RAFT THE AUTHOR AND FIVE OF HIS FRIENDS DID IN FACT CROSS THE PACIFIC ON THE HUMBOLDT AND SOUTH EQUATORIAL CURRENTS UNTIL THEY REACHED THE FIRST LAND IN THE SOUTH SEA GROUP AFTER 97 DAYS AND PROCEEDED FURTHER TO REACH TAHITI.

Like all adventures this one was full of its tediousness and its formalities.

Almost a quarter of the book is in fact devoted to describe all the initial difficulties which had to be overcome before the Kon-Tiki, as they named their raft, could actually start out on its long voyage.

The rest of the book is devoted principally to the voyage itself which covered 97 days on the sea.

The last few pages covered the period of friendship with the South Sea islanders who were very happy indeed to see this proof of the myths that had been prevalent among them.

The expedition itself passed off very successfully indeed, for the author not merely succeeded in reaching the land in the period that they had expected to but also found that the raft that they had built possessed the qualities no scientists before had imagined that they would have.

Proof Of Myth

Inspite of the stormy weather that they faced on occasions and inspite of the difficulties arising out of their inexperience of this type of navigation, the six men were able to travel safely across the wide Pacific Ocean.

They found that neither the problem of water nor of food was at all acute.

FOR FOOD THEY HAD PLENTY OF FISH AND FOR WATER APART FROM THE MEAGRE QUANTITIES THAT THEY CARRIED WITH THEM, RAINS WHICH FELL FREQUENTLY DURING THE LATER PART OF THEIR TRIP PROVED QUITE ADEQUATE.

The story is gripping.

The author writes well and manages to keep the excitement at almost fever-pitch throughout.

The description is vivid and the comments full of humour and wit.

The wealth of life that they found in the sea all around them suggests how useful a zoological expedition over the same region would be.

What with sharks and gales and octopuses their life on the raft itself was by no means dull.

No Big Problem

The illustrations make the book still more attractive and stir the reader to the depths, particularly when he sees the nature of the raft on which the men risked their lives on the foundations of a mere theory of how the people of Peru had managed to cross the pacific.

It is a book which, one begun, one can hardly put down even for a brief period.

Yet this is a book also which we can repeatedly go back to glancing at this or that chapter to renew your acquaintance with every little detail of the adventures of these six men, details which one might have missed in the first excited and rapid reading.

H.

"She loves me — she loves me not—."

The Cornhill Magazine

THE first half of the Summer number of the Cornhill describes the friendship between Dame Laurentia McLachlan, late Abbess of Stanbrook, and George Bernard Shaw which is probably one of the most unlikely and extraordinary friendships of our time.

Rarely has such conflict of views or contest of letters been carried on with such candour on ended in such mutual respect.

But for a coincidence the publication of 'A Black Girl in her search for God' would have permanently broken his friendship with the Benedictine Nun: however the damage was repaired and the correspondence continued until Bernard Shaw's death.

★

On his last birthday he wrote 'Stanbrook is one of my holy places.'

Shaw's letters, which are printed for the first time, are among the most brilliant that he ever wrote and include a letter of thirteen sheets written from the Holy Land.

In THE NUN AND THE DRAMATIST Shaw is seen in a new and unexpected light, and the letters appear on the centenary of his birth.

In SHADES OF THE PRISON HOUSE, a story with an Anglo-Indian background, John Verney shows himself as an outstanding short story writer.

ACTOR TELLS STORY OF BOMB ATTEMPT ON HITLER

THROUGHOUT the world, and even in Germany itself, there is still a terrible ignorance about one of the most tragic dates of modern history — July 20, 1944.

On that date, a group of several hundred German Army officers launched a long-planned attempt to kill Dictator Adolf Hitler and remove Nazism from Germany.

The plot failed.

Thousands of German officers, soldiers and civilians were tortured, hanged or shot in a ruthless blood purge unleashed by the dreaded Gestapo, the secret police.

Only a few persons knew about the development of the German resistance movement against Hitler.

Fuehrer Wounded

I was among these men of 1944, who believed in the true Germany during the Dictatorship of National Socialism.

The story of the actual attempt to rid Germany of Adolf Hitler on July 20, 1944, is generally known: How at the German Army Headquarters near Rastenburg, East Prussia, a bomb in the briefcase of staff-Colonel Glaus Graf Von Stauffenberg exploded.

Von Stauffenburg had flown to Rastenburg from Berlin that very day.

When the attempt failed, he returned immediately to Berlin.

By Friedrich Georgi

Twelve years ago, shortly after Allied troops stormed Hitler's Atlantic Wall, a group of high-ranking German officers unsuccessfully attepted to kill the Nazi Fuehrer at his headquarters in East Prussia.

Friedrich Georgi, then a 27-year-old German Air Force major, who participated in the plot, was imprisoned.

Georgi, a book publisher, tells of the "revolt of July 20" in this article.

It is known how Hitler escaped certain death when one of his staff officers moved the briefcase a few inches from the Fuehrer because it was in the way of his feet. Hitler was wounded on his arms and legs in the blast.

The original idea to have Hitler arrested by reliable army troops when he was inspecting the front proved impossible, because Hitler had such a fear of assassination, he never visited the front lines.

Therefore, there remained only the chance of a bomb attempt on his life at headquarters.

Several previous attempts had already failed, but never reached the tragic results of July 20, when Col. Von Stauffenberg carried out our plan.

Taking Shape

I watched the plot against Hitler slowly take shape.

I was a staff officer in the German Air Force and the son-in-law of the leader of the military underground against Hitler, Infantry General Friedrich Olbricht, Chief of German Military Administration.

THE THREADS OF THE CIVILIAN AND MILITARY RESISTANCE AGAINST THE FUEHRER TERMINATED AT OLBRICHT'S OFFICE AND WERE HANDLED BY HIS STAFF AND CLOSE FELLOW WORKERS BEGINNING IN 1943.

His Chief of Staff was Von Stauffenberg.

Immediately following the attempt in East Prussia, the leaders of the revolt took over power at the Military Administration building in Berlin arresting trusted Hitler Nazis.

Olbricht, Von Stauffenberg and their followers did all in their power to bring the coup to a successful end.

Overpowered

After nearly a full day's fighting between resistance men and Hitler's faithful Nazis, the Fuehrer's men overpowered those of Olbright and Von Stauffenberg.

The turn or events was chiefly caused by a double-cross by Hitler's trusted officers who had originally carried out orders to revolt but later switched back to Hitler's side.

As soon as Hitler's men were re-entrenched in the Military Administration building in Berlin, they had Olbricht, Von Stauffenberg and two other officers arrested and shot in the courtyard of the former War Ministry building.

Other officers were lined up and shot in the building's corridors.

Then the Nazis took their revenge.

Sadistic

All persons who in some way were suspected of being connected with the events were arrested by the Gestapo, tortured and put to death. There were thousands of victims.

HITLER HAD ORDERED FILMS TAKEN OF ALL THE TORTURES AND HANGINGS OR SHOOTINGS AND LATER WATCHED THEM ON THE SCREEN, ENJOYING THE VIEWS OF HIS VICTIMS' LAST HOURS.

The importance of the "revolt of July 20"—this uprising of conscience against a criminal political government regime—goes beyond Germany and the events of those days.

It was an action which, everywhere in the world and for all times, will be an example for defending the ethical basis of human dignity and freedom against suppression and immorality.

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Students from almost every Asian country and their Australian friends attended the Colombo Plan Ball held recently in Melbourne, Australia. The Ball is an annual event organised by students in Melbourne on Colombo Plan Scholarships. This year proceeds were devoted to the £300,000 International House project to provide a home in Melbourne for Asian and Australian students. Mrs. Nasseri, wife of an Indonesian scholar, performing a classical Indonesian dance, Tari Colek. She flew from Sydney to perform at the Ball in Melbourne.

New Trends In Asia Analysed

Guy Wint, Published by Penguin Books. Pages 220. Price 2sh. 6d.

RAPID developments in Asia which had till recently been a neglected area in world affairs have turned the thoughts of many to it today.

The developments in recent years, however, have not only been rapid but also bewildering particularly because little has been known with certainty about the factors affecting the changes or the forces in operation.

The achievement of independence by and the partition of India, the success of the Communist revolution in China, the end of the American occupation in Japan, the freeing of the Netherlands East Indies to the Republic of Indonesia, the granting of independence to the Phillipines, the turmoil in Indo-China and the unsettled conditions in Burma, all these and other significant events have transformed not merely the map but the socio-economic and political conditions prevalent in this region.

Good Guide

SPOT LIGHT ON ASIA by Guy Wint is a small but comprehensive work, which in the space of a couple of hundred pages manages to introduce the reader to the developments in this region.

Like all diligent citizens of the world the author is intimately concerned with the problem which has been posed so acutely and sharply in this region: Of Communism versus liberal democracy as a form of government as much as a form of social and economic change.

The author is, therefore, intimately concerned with two great nations—India and China—which have so clearly chosen differing means to what may perhaps be accepted to be a common end.

"Voluntarily or involuntarily," says the author, "India and China are now in competition to see which has become the pattern for the rest of Asia, and the issue is complicated by the world struggle of the great powers."

The countries of this region are carefully studied.

★

The strands in the character of different peoples, the streams of culture and civilisation intermingling or moving side by side, are brought out with the object of showing the impact these are likely to have on the future course of events in the context of the powerful political forces that have become established therein.

While India and China, therefore, occupies a major part of the book, the author is concerned as much with other parts of Asia.

HE DEALS WITH JAPAN AND SHOWS HOW THE CHARACTER OF THE JAPANESE PEOPLE HAS ENABLED THEM TO GO THROUGH THE AMERICAN OCCUPATION WITH HARDLY ANY SIGNIFICANT CHANGE IN THEIR FUNDAMENTAL ATTITUDES.

He throws light on the developments in Soviet Central Asia and raises questions with regard to its future.

He deals also with the countries of South-East Asia, Burma and Ceylon, the Phillipines, Indo-China, Indonesia and Siam.

He shows how, in each of these the character of the people intermingling with the attitudes adopted by the Western nations in the respective countries and the historical developments of the war and post-war periods, have combined to produce conditions widely differing from each other and yet similar in many ways.

These now hold the future of Asia and the world in their hands.

Balanced

The author is a leader writer on the MANCHESTER GUARDIAN and has evidently specialised in Asian affairs.

In keeping with the tradition of his journal he makes a balanced evaluation of developments however palatable or unpalatable they might be to the author himself.

Some readers in this country might not agree with his judgment about affairs of India.

On the achievements of China the author is very fair.

He does not deny the physical achievements and yet he does not mince words on the moral achievements of the Chinese Communist Party in the vast area over which it now exercises sovereignty.

This book is valuable to Indian citizens, particularly to those who speak so often of an Asian nation, an Asian consciousness, and in terms of a Pan-Asian unity.

H.

Shaw Became At 80 An Irish Citizen

By E. A. COUGHLIN

DUBLIN.

PATRIOTIC DUBLIN IRISHMEN RECENTLY CELEBRATED THE CENTENARY OF THE BIRTH OF ONE OF THE TINY IRISH REPUBLIC'S GREATEST LITERARY EXPORTS—THE DRAMATIST AND AUTHOR, GEORGE BERNARD SHAW

Shaw, who died at Ayot St. Lawrence, near London, on November 2, 1950, aged 95, was born here on July 26, 1856, at 3 Upper Synge Street.

He subsequently became the world's best known and most quoted Irishman.

Shaw's plays and books, his wit and outspoken, frequently mordant commentaries on current affairs, are well known.

The Irish viewpoint of Shaw stresses three other facets of the famous dramatist.

These are: Shaw the iconoclast, Shaw the patriot, and Shaw the business executive.

IN BUSINESS

George Bernard Shaw's Irish compatriots recall that the boy born in the Irish capital a century ago had little formal education.

At 15 he already was a business man and was working as a junior clerk with a Dublin real estate concern.

In London a few years later, Shaw found himself in his only other purely commercial role in a long life.

This was a post with the London branch of the Edison Telephone Co.

Shaw, who had made good with the Dublin firm, also was a success with the American concern.

He soon became manager of the company's London Wayleave Department.

★

He left three years later, when the Edison Company was amalgamated with the Bell Company in 1880.

Shaw, Irish sources say, could have stayed on under the amalgamation agreement. But he regarded the changeover as an opportunity to embark on a literary career.

Five hard years later—in 1885—he was paying his way, and he never again returned to business.

As a patriot, Shaw, always an outspoken and fearless supporter of Ireland's bid for independence, could not have paid a bigger compliment to his country than he did in 1935.

He had been out of Ireland for more than 42 years when the Irish Free State was formally established in 1922.

He did not thus qualify for the status of an Irish citizen because under the first constitution it was necessary for all citizens to be in residence in Ireland on December 6 of that year.

But a 1935 enactment enabled those born in Ireland who had not qualified as citizens under the 1922 constitution to acquire Irish status by registering in a special register of Irish nationals.

SHAW, THEN 80, MADE A SPECIAL JOURNEY TO THE IRISH GOVERNMENT OFFICE IN LONDON WHERE HE AND HIS WIFE FORMALLY REGISTERED AS IRISH CITIZENS.

In his role of iconoclast and shatterer of accepted ideas, Shaw's witticisms became familiar the world over.

"With the exception of Homer, there is no eminent writer, not even Sir Walter Scott, whom I can despise so entirely as I despise Shakespeare when I measure my mind against his," he once declared.

AMERICAN LINK

Shaw's links with the U.S. were not restricted to his early career with the Edison Company.

A convinced Socialist and bulwark of the British Labour Party he is said to have been converted to Socialist political principles by hearing the lectures of the American economist Henry George, in 1882.

As long ago as 1897 one of his earliest plays, "The Devil's Disciple," first was produced at the Albany Theatre in New York.

And what is now acclaimed as the greatest of his plays "St. Joan," also was first presented in 1923 in New York.

Need Of Revival Of Faith In Modern Man

RECOVERY OF FAITH. By Dr. S. Radhakrishnan, Published by George Allen and Unwin, Ltd., London. Pages 205. Price 8sh. 6d.

DR. RADHAKRISHNAN, who is the Vice-President of India, is also well known as a philosopher in his own right.

This inspiring book by him has been brought out in the World Perspective Series by George Allen and Unwin.

The aim of this series is to present short books written by the most conscious and responsible minds of today.

Each volume represents the thought and beliefs of the author and sets forth the inter-relation of the changing religious scientific, artistic, political, economic and social influences upon man's total experience.

★

A number of fundamental questions arise relating to the spiritual, moral and political crises of our day, which have received too little consideration in recent times.

The creative energies of peoples which have been released by technological developments must be given an appropriate direction, if they are not to be frustrated and result in the destruction of the human race.

In the present work Dr. Radhakrishnan examines the creeds of men past and present.

He covers in his simple and expressive style the great variety of religious thought from the ancient Upanishads to the ideas of William Penn and in our own times of those of Sartre, Bergson and others.

IN THIS VITAL AND POWERFUL WORK DR. RADHAKRISHNAN EXPOSES THE PRETENSIONS OF COMMUNISM AND REJECTS IT AS INCAPABLE OF SATISFYING THE INNER NEEDS OF MAN.

He explores also Hinduism, Judiasm, Christianity, Taoism, and other beliefs.

★

He attempts to show that out of the enduring spiritual ideas of these religions, a new religion can be built up which would satisfy humanity's aspirations and transcend dogmatic and sectarian differences.

His starting point is the belief which he feels is shared by sensitive and individual minds all over the world "that the fundamental need of the world far deeper than any social, political, or economic re-adjustments, is a spiritual reawakening or recovery of faith."

This is what gives the title to this very significant book.

—H.

FROM FOUR CORNERS
By Veritas

DEMOCRATS ALONE CAN WIN THE PEACE

IT was truly a convincing and sure-footed victory which Mr. Adlai Stevenson won for the Democratic presidential nomination; from the start one would have said it was a safe bet as a one-horse race.

The decision of the Chicago Convention was not merely the triumph of a party man or a national leader but a resounding vindication of America's true and inborn liberalism, idealism and high principles.

If Mr. Averell Harriman, Mr. Truman's protege, lost by a street, it was because he had nothing to offer to the nation, besides being a good administrator.

Mr. Stevenson, noted for his rounded phrases and forceful and inspiring expression and breathing a wide humanity that became infectious of late, captured the nomination—and the nation's imagination—with all the hazards and uncertainties of the atomic era facing the United States and the world.

★

Free India has ceased to take a mere academic view of American affairs and she watches with absorbing interest what appears to be the risng fortunes of the Democratic Party.

The party and the man who leads it have proved themselves in thought, word and deed to be real and assertive democrats (with a small "d" but a large connotation.)

As Mr. Stevenson said, the U.S. is on the threshold of a great and decisive era, a period of abundance, "real" freedom and progress towards peace.

That abundance and that freedom, if it is "real", have to be shared for the world's progress towards peace.

It was heartening to see the Democratic Convention boldly supporting the Supreme Court's decisions against segregation in publicly supported schools and elsewhere, because "the decisions are part of the law of the land."

When it comes to giving full support to principles consecrated in the Constitution, the Democrats refuse to stoop to vote-catching devices or to placate any section, however powerful, for electoral purposes.

★

On the other hand, Mr. Sam Rayburn, Speaker of the U.S. House of Representatives, was not indulging in party tub-thumping while showing up the negative and disappointing record of the Republican Party in the last four years.

It was difficult to find any effective contribution to world peace made by the party except playing "the dangerous game of tenuous military alliances" and juggling with catch-phrases like "massive retaliation" and

Archbishop Makarios

"peace by negotiation through strength."

The Democratic Party is humanity's great hope; the spirit of the late President Roosevelt lives in it and with it.

Here is the party that can save the peace of the world, as opposed to the other party which is preparing for war — with the best of intentions!

Burma Border

FROM persistent reports the incursions of Chinese troops into Burmese territory seem to have gained fearful proportions.

Chinese forces numbering at least 4,500, according to latest accounts, occupy a thousand-square-mile area in Burma's northern territory after clashes with Burmese troops.

Peking Radio flatly denied these reports and dubbed them as "groundless."

A further **dementi** was tendered by the Chinese Government in a letter sent with Ala Maung, Burmese Ambassador in China, who was visiting Rangoon, with the assurance that the matter could be settled amicably.

It did not bother Peking that the denial could not square with the willingness to negotiate on a problem which did not exist!

It showed, however, by devious admission, that the Chinese wanted certain rectifications of the border line and had anticipated the results to their liking by effecting penetrations into Burmese territory.

★

The denial was too naive to believe for the simple reason that border clashes between Chinese and Burmese troops have been common of late, "a major engagement" being reported early this month with a six-hour ding-dong battle whose issue was undisclosed.

There have been various estimates of Chinese penetration into Burmese territory, and none could be quite reliable as the mountainous northern frontier on the Burmese side of the province of Yunan is practically a no-man's land, hard to penetrate and harder to keep.

Thus, an item of news that the Chinese hold a 500-mile arc upto 60 miles into north Burma territory cannot be verified by any known means.

It is **expected of Peking to settle the matter of the so-called "undefined border" rather than bargain with a friendly neighbour with the trump card of a fait accompli.**

Israeli Border

IT is sad to reflect that while the Suez talks were being held in London, what was happening within gun-range of the Canal might determine adversely the future of the area and West Asia generally.

Clashes on the Israeli border have been a common occurrence for a long time but, at the present critical juncture, they take on an ominous aspect.

Recently Egyptian and Israeli soldiers were killed in not a negligible brush on the frontier and each side blamed the other with incursion.

The two previous major clashes reported a month ago were on the Israeli-Jordan border and involved a mine blast in the truce area near Mt. Scopus and exchange of fire beween troops in the Jerusalem area.

★

Few people know that these border clashes are not exhibitions of neighbourly jealousy or racial rancour and that some of them at least arise from problems that have long been left unsettled.

Article 8 of the Jordan-Israel Armistice agrement, for instance, envisages a joint committee which will concert measures to reopen certain roads in the border areas. These roads will allow Israelis access to Mt. Scopus, end the isolation of the Hebrew University and the Hadassah hospital from the Israeli section of Jerusalem and permit the Israelis access to the Wailing Wall which lies in the Jordanian part of the city.

In view of the present tension on the area, however, these purely religious and humanitarian longings of Israel may be construed as expansionism and pose a threat to the Arab nations.

That is why the need for settling these issues was never more urgent.

Canal Issue

AS the deliberations of the Suez Canal conference in London ran to their close, it became known that 18 of the 22 nations represented at the talks favoured the Dulles plan.

Mr. Robert Menzies, the Australian Premier, has been authorised to convey to the Egyptian Government the results of the deliberations.

The main defect of the Dulles plan was the proposal which in effect meant the internationalisation of the Canal which had been nationalised.

This would make Egypt feel that it was the imposition of "collective imperialism" so soon after the British withdrawal from the Canal.

The Indian plan proceeded, on the other hand, from the full recognition of Egyptian sovereignty over the Canal and laid down an arrangement for the association of user — interests on an advisory and consultative basis for the maintenance and operation of the Canal.

★

Naturally, even the amendment of Senor Artajo of Spain to the Dulles plan, which provided for the operation of the Canal in Egyptian hands with international representation on the Egyptian Board, did not find favour with the Western powers.

The crux of the Suez problem, as Mr. Menon observed, is the acceptance of the proposals by Egypt. Ultimately, if a deadlock or another grave crisis is to be averted, Egyptian consent would be the deciding factor.

Mr. Menon claimed that India had "laid out the carpet on which they (Western powers) and Egypt can walk and meet."

Mr. Menon warned the conference that there was a continent that was awake.

It is left to the Western powers to use "the carpet" for the intended purpose and not for sound thrashing to clear the dust as a prelude to a general "spring-cleaning" in West Asia.

Two armed Egyptian spies, Abdul Azziz el Barim, 24, of the Beni Suheila tribe near Gaza, and Suliman Abu Suis, 21, of Khan Yunis, pleading guilty, were sentenced to life imprisonment by the Israeli military court recently. The two spies are seen bareheaded in the above picture.

EOKA's Gesture

Another great event in West Asia which promises stability while the situation over Suez and Israeli borders continues to be disturbed and uncertain is the truce call made recently in a leaflet by EOKA, the revolutionary underground movement in strife-ridden Cyprus.

The British, still suspicious, were not prepared to release Archbishop Makarios, the Cypriot leader who has been in exile since March last, unless peace returned in actual fact within a fortnight's testing period.

Sir Anthony Eden has been insisting that no solution of Cyprus was possible unless terrorism was first given up. It is now Britain who will be on test, and she should be well advised in shaking the hands of conciliation stretched out to her.

★

Nothing will be lost in a resumption of negotiations, for

Adlai Stevenson

Britain's security measures in the island can continue until the talks are successful; and everything will be gained, as it is common sense that the ultimate way out of the present impasse will only be on political lines.

The EOKA may eventually prove to the hilt its claim to be patriotic, and give the lie to the British charge of being the spearhead of a scabrous and sinister rebellion.

It stands to reason that if the gesture helps Britain at a crucial time in a disturbed area, Britain, in her turn, will be grateful enough to prepare the Cypriots under peaceful auspices for the self-determination they have been claiming with terrorism and violence.

It is a crude approach, however, to offer surrender terms to the EOKA — answered boldly by 'come and get us." Britain is losing a great opportunity which may not recur for a long time.

Burma watches Mao

KISAN DANCE

Demonstration of Kisan dance at Bal Bha van ' the course of Children's programme.

Milk - And - Sago

THE other day, the Chief Minister of West Bengal opened a crematorium at Calcutta.

As I read the report of the ceremony, — my mouth watered, — recalling the wonderful "tanduri chickens" of Delhi. Oven-baked chickens, you know.

You shove a dressed chicken into the "tandur", wait for twenty minutes, and out it comes done to a turn. More or less, this crematorium did the same thing.

But next morning, the mouth stopped watering, because there was no tongue in it to make it water.

Only a short piece cut out of somebody's rubber sole. I had caught 'flu. I still have it. I mean, the 'flu still has *me*.

Myself, I would have never thought that there was anything particularly exhilarating in a slab of rubber.

But since that morning, about twenty men and six women have come and made me show that thing to them.

"Let's see your tongue!" is the general cry.

It would seem as if they would never smile again if I didn't show it to them.

So, I did, and they went away happy.

When I asked them why they were so interested in my "tongue", the answer was unanimous. "It would show how my liver was functioning." They were all dying to know how my liver was functioning.

One man went so far as to cut it short by asking me straight out *"Let's see the liver, will you?"* But I didn't.

Too much, Tongue, certainly. But liver, — No. Definitely not the liver. After all, a man must have privacy *somewhere*.

Why do you think these men come? In sympathy? Commiseration? Charitableness? Don't you believe it.

They simply come to show off, — that's all. *"Show off what ?"* Their dinner. What they had for dinner. I'll explain.

I don't know if you have noticed it in any of your own sicknesses, but to me it seems that every one of these "sympathisers" is a glutton. "Gourmet" is not the word for them.

They are just gourmands, Gargantuas, plain gluttons.

★

Every man who has approached my bed since that morning has had that look about him. There is an unashamed bulge in the middle, — *you* would call it "belly", — and a face slavering oil and "good humour", and sometimes, betel juice.

Nothing is more obvious than that the man has had one of the best dinners in town before coming to see my "tongue".

Some wouldn't be content with that alone. They would tell me what they had for dinner.

Course by course.

I suppose, it helps them to prescribe *my* dinner for me. What? Sago, milk-and-soda, lemon whey, barley water, dish-water, any devil's brew which they can think of at the moment.

They digest their own prawn cutlets sitting by my bed and exuding sympathy and helping me to get my sago slops down.

There are men like that stalking the face of the earth. — all full of steak juice and roly-poly pudding whose one relaxation in life is to see other men eat their nice sago and milk.

★

Getting fed up, aren't you? So am I. But I have got to tell you about that "homoeopath" before I pipe down.

I don't know who called him. He came, sat down on my bed, and wanted to "see my hand."

In Bengali, it means, "let's feel your pulse." In Bengali, it also means "Open and show your palm."

I stretched out a languid arm, expecting the man to put his fingers on my wrist and count the pulse-beats. My fingers were curled up loosely.

But he didn't.

What he did was to take hold of my fingers and open them out, one by one, till the palm lay flat on his hand.

He gripped it and went on looking at my palm intently. Just as an astrologer does.

No homoeopath or allopath had done that to me before. So I asked him, was he feeling my pulse or reading my palm.

He said that he was reading my palm. "But why?"

He said that he would explain later.

Then he dipped into his bag and brought out two fat volumes.

One was Kent's Repertory.

The other was a Bengali almanac. He started consulting both, — first one and then the other, back and forth.

I asked him again was he a homoeopath or an astrologer?

He said that he "was a practitioner in Astro-Homoeopathy."

At first, he had thought that Causticum was indicated in my case but the "Tithi" (day of the moon) in the almanac made it quite clear that nothing but Eupatorium Perfoliatum would do me any good. (You may check these up if you like).

So! "Astro-Homoeopathy," — is it ? It took me two minutes to decide *my* medicine for this "Astro-Homeopath."

By this time, he had taken a little phial out of his medicine-chest. I held up my hand.

"Just one moment," I begged. "Would you mind, just as a matter of form, telling me how my pulse is going?" and stretched out my hand again, the right hand.

This time, he did put his fingers on the pulse. . .

In a moment, he began to frown.

He felt the pulse some more and then caught hold of my left hand and felt the pulse of that hand.

And then his eyes started rolling.

"What's this!" the man squeaked out. "I find no pulse!"

In silence, I passed my right hand to a friend standing by.

He felt the pulse and laughed. "What are you talking about, doctor?

"I can feel his pulse alright."

The fellow grabbed my hand again and felt.

Again, he shouted. "But I can't!"

Then I spoke. "If you can't, you had better go.

And, if you don't mind take that 'Equatorium' thing with you." He went.

I had, of course, stopped the pulse when *he* held the hand and set it going when my friend held it.

Nothing to brag about, for others can do it just as well But, of course, I am not going to tell you how it is done

For, there may be other "Astro-Homoeopaths" yet to meet in this sweet life

I can supply the name and address of the "Astro" to those who are interested in "Astro-Homoeopathy."

PATTER
By
ASUDE

75-YEAR-OLD MOVIE MOGUL HAS NO TIME TO BE SICK

By Emily Belser

HOLLYWOOD.

CECIL B. DE MILLE, Hollywood's elder statesman, celebrated his 75th birthday on August 12—and nearly a half a century of glamorous toil.

The celebrated director, who looks and feels like a man half his age, says he got that way by working out with barbells, by chopping wood and swimming his cares away in ice water.

"I guess I'm the only man in Hollywood who doesn't have a swimming pool," he commented, "but there's a mountain stream on my ranch and I believe it contains the coldest water in the world."

De Mille described how he wields the barbells (every day, often 90 times without stopping) and how a hefty pine tree still falls before his mighty axe.

"I FEEL WONDERFUL," HE ADDED, "OF COURSE, YOU HAVEN'T TIME TO BE SICK WHEN YOU'RE MAKING A PICTURE LIKE 'THE TEN COMMANDMENTS'."

The epic film, finally completed after two years, will be premiered on November 9 at New York's Criterion theatre, but already De Mille is setting sail for future film horizons.

Next Film

"I have two pictures in mind," he said, "the first one will be 'The Buccaneer'—it's the story of Jean Lafitte—and Yul Brynner will star. I can't say anything about the next one.

"It will take two or three years to prepare and at 75, two or three years is a long time. I made 'The Buccaneer' in 1934, but please don't say this will be a 'remake.' I hate that word!"

THE TALL, TIRELESS GRAY-HAIRED MOVIE MOGUL ADMITTED THAT HE "KEEPS ON GOING" BECAUSE, "I'D RATHER WEAR OUT THAN RUST OUT."

"One of the greatest forces in the world," he said, "is the creative spirit. As for me, the things I've gotten out of life are things I can take with me."

Then he swivelled his chair around in his office jam-packed with photos and posters from "The Ten Commandments," and quoted his favourite Biblical philosophy:

"Lay not up for yourselves treasures upon earth, where moth and rust doth corrupt and where thieves break through and steal; but lay up for yourselves treasures in heaven, where neither moth nor rust doth corrupt and where thieves do not break through nor steal. For where your treasure is, there will your heart be also'."

Asked "what makes Cecil run," the great director laughed and said:

"I would say Mrs. De Mille! In fact, she may be the only person who has made me run! But I guess whatever success I've had is because I am a good story-teller.

"I'm not a preacher. On the screen I tell stories of what happens under certain circumstances and the people can draw their own conclusions.

"I DO NOT THINK THE SCREEN SHOULD BE USED FOR PROPAGANDA. YOU CAN REACH PEOPLE BY GIVING THEM MORAL VALUES THROUGH ENTERTAINMENT."

"And the screen," he went on, "is the greatest medium to convey thought from one mind to another. I have tried to convey ideas that will help, not hurt, mankind."

The side of Cecil B. De Mille that few people know is the life he leads when he visits his 1,000-acre ranch in the St. Gabriel Mountains.

"You go back 200 years when you go up to my ranch," he said wistfully.

Although the director is quite popular with the animal-folk he's considered *persona non grata* by the local hunters.

On His Ranch

"At the beginning of every hunting season," he grinned, "I feed the deer oats, molasses and rye. I've seen as many as 56 deer on my lawn at one time. They get so fat they don't even move until the hunting season is over—30 days later!"

HAVING WITNESSED THE MIRACULOUS PROGRESS OF SCIENCE OVER THE PAST 75 YEARS, DE MILLE SAID HE WOULDN'T BE SURPRISED TO SEE THE DISCOVERY OF A "FOUNTAIN OF YOUTH" WITHIN THE NEXT FEW YEARS.

"My grandchildren probably will live to be 120," he laughed. "I hope they're still able to feed themselves!"

Photo shows Dmitri Shepilov (right) and a Russian interpreter taking a walk in the sunshine during a tea break in the Suez Conference session.

AMERICA HOLDS BIGGEST AIR DISPLAY

CHRONICLE CORRESPONDENT
OKLAHOMA CITY.

AMERICA'S aerial muscles will be flexed before the World Labour Day weekend in Oklahoma City.

With the scream of slim jets and the thunder of giantic bombers the Air Force, Navy, Marines and Army will parade the newest of everything that flies before an expected 300,000 American and foreign visitors at the national aircraft show, September 1, 2 and 3.

The show, described as the biggest in history and being held in the southwest for the first time, will draw the top commanders of the four armed services, as well as 60 air attaches of the foreign governments which have embassies in Washington.

THREE TROPHIES

The hundreds of planes in the show will include the latest in operational craft of the armed Services, one of which will be the Air Force's F-104 Starfighter making its initial bow in public.

Featured events of the three-day show include precision flying by top teams of the Air Force and Navy, simulated carrier and ground attacks and the famed speed races for the Thompson, Bendix, Allison and General Electric trophies.

The Navy will make a bid to set a new speed record in the Thompson Trophy race with its supersonic F8U Crusader jet fighter, revealed recently to have a speed of well over 1,000 miles an hour.

Current record for the event is 822 miles an hour, set last year by an Air Force pilot, Col. Horace Haines.

It will be the first time the Navy has entered the Thompson race.

Precision flying teams to perform include the Navy's Blue Angels and the Air Force Thunderbirds.

The Army Air Service will order its assault air teams of Helicopters into action daily and parachute-jumpers also will take part.

Non-stop flights from Europe and the Orient will bring massed bombers over the field at intervals and there will be periodic arrival of the speed planes from west coast and other cities in the trophy events.

GROUND DISPLAYS WILL INCLUDE THE ARMY'S 'PEEPING TOM" CAMERA WHICH HAS A 100-INCH LENS AND CAN PHOTOGRAP OBJECTS 35 MILES AWAY.

The show last year was held in Philadelphia and for two

years before that at Dayton, Ohio.

Activities will be centred at Oklahoma City's Will Rogers airport and nearby Tinker Air Force base.

Weekly Events Reviewed By VIJAYA

FAST TO EXORCISE DEMON OF LINGUISM

IT IS BY A QUIRK OF STRANGE FORTUNE THAT MR. MORARJI DESAI WAS DRIVEN TO THE LAST RESORT OF UNDERTAKING A FAST IN PROTEST AGAINST THE UNREASONABLE ATTITUDE OF A PART OF HIS OWN COMMUNITY AMONG WHOM HIS INFLUENCE SHOULD COUNT MOST.

Surprisingly enough, he had to start the fast at a time when peace had returned to Ahmedabad after eight days of violent demonstrations.

It is a negation of democracy not to allow the Chief Minister of a State to address his own people, but what is really condemnable is the perversity of mind of those who instigated the violence for their own political ends.

What impelled Mr. Desai to fast above all was, as he himself said, "pain and anguish" at the crude outburst of violence and mental "oppression" at the thought of using force as a painful necessity to maintain law and order.

THE ORDEAL

Most politicians are hard-boiled enough to accept disturbances and upheavals in national life.

For one whom Mr. S. K. Patil described as "God-fearing" and "high-souled" and one whose life is permeated with Gandhian inspiration, the wave of unprecedented fury and violence which swept over Ahmedabad could only be atoned by the ordeal of an indefinitely long fast.

It was a question, to use Mr. Dhebar's forceful phrase, of "the survival of moral values."

Mr. Morarji Desai announced his intention to fast at the meeting of the Gujarat Pradesh Congress Committee after an overwhelming vote had been cast (99 to 11) in favour of a bigger bilingual State of Bombay.

It was too much to say that those who had voted for acceptance were out of touch with their own community's true sentiments on the question.

And it became increasingly clear that the continuing agitation for a separate Mahagujarat State was more in the hands of some politicians than in the minds of the people at large.

ASSURANCE

All fair-minded people agreed with Mrs. Lilavati Munshi's contention in the Lok Sabha that the eleventh-hour decision for a bilingual State gave a shock to Gujaratis.

It is the nature of shocks to rattle men and things momentarily, and the people of Gujarat were given ample time to reconsider the issues at stake and strike a just balance in the larger national interest.

THE GUJARATIS HAVE THE ASSURANCE OF MR. T. R. DEOGIRIKAR, PRESIDENT OF THE MAHARASHTRA-PRADESH CONGRESS COMMITTEE, THAT THEY WILL HAVE "FULL JUSTICE" FROM THE MAJORITY COMMUNITY.

After all, the fear of being swamped by Maharashtrians

"Trick riding, my foot! She's got a boil."

can have little basis when it is remembered that the two communities have lived together amicably for 150 years or more.

SALUTARY

The remnants of opposition to the bilingual State till the last have been the Ahmedabad City Congress Committee, the Saurashtra unit of the Praja-Socialist Party, in spite of Mr. Asoka Mehta's plea for acceptance, and some of the clamant students.

On all, however, the fast has had a salutary effect, and it should be every Indian's prayer that the purpose for which it was undertaken—in the words of Mr. Mr. K. M. Munshi, "to lay the ghost of intolerant and aggressive linguism"—has been fulfilled for all times.

With the signs of returning normalcy in Ahmedabad, Mr. Nehru hoped (at the time of writing) that the purpose of Mr. Desai's fast would be fulfilled.

Though students, as Mr. Nehru pointed out, were mainly involved in the disturbances, one can say with conviction that the causes of the upheaval lay

K. M. Munshi

deeper than the emotionalism of youth.

The fast will have achieved its purpose when it has brought conversion in the forces that incited and directed impressible elements in society.

UNIVERSITY EDUCATION

IT is only right that a brake should be put, occasionally but effectively, on some of our whole-hogging, go-ahead reformists who want to create a new India overnight.

It was left to Dr. Harekrushna Mahtab, Governor of Bombay, to say that the existing system of university education must remain intact.

At the Convocation of Bombay University, Dr. Mahtab emphasised that there was ..firm opinion in the country that nothing was inherently wrong with the present system.

This opinion may be well established in certain quarters; it is not certain however, whether it is widespread enough to arrest the activities of even some eminent educationists who cannot leave well alone.

FOR JOBS

The gross incongruity of laying down basic academic qualifications for various jobs, especially in the official cadres, and then decrying the futility of such attainment because the test is defective has not struck those who continually cavil at our educational system.

THE FEAR IS THAT IF GOVERNMENT SHOULD PRESCRIBE QUALIFYING TESTS OTHER THAN UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS FOR CERTAIN JOBS, AS DR. MAHTAB SUGGESTED, THE VALUE OF UNIVERSITY DEGREES WILL DEPRECIATE AND, WITH IT, THE GENERAL STANDARDS OF EDUCATION.

The spectacle of educated youth beating the pavements in India is a sorry one, but, in the general fervour for mass education and the search for shortcuts to job procurement it will be a national loss, if the ultimate object of education to make sufficiently informed and enlightened citizen suffers in any way.

DEMOCRACIES BOTH

THE visit to Bombay of Mr. Earl Warren, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States, on the first lap of a 17-day tour of the country, was a refreshing experience for the citizens.

The distinguished visitor spoke of the near identity and commonness of the judicial and legal principles and systems and the Constitutions of India and the U.S. and, above all, the kinship between the peoples of the two countries.

By virtue of his position and mental training Mr. Warren weighed his words carefuly; for, apart from divergence of views and attitudes on world problems between India and the U.S., the basic fact is that the political and judicial system that India has adopted is a golden legacy from the British and imbued strongly with Anglo-American inspiration.

FEAR COMPLEX

This is just what matters ultimately for the cause of democracy—the acceptance of human values and moral principles founded on freedom and social justice and, in the last analysis, nations who share them must keep together through the vicissitudes of world history.

The trouble is that, though the basic unity is there, the United States of today is enmeshed in an ideological fixity of mind and involved, by that driving fear, in friendship with colonial interests.

True, the ideals of America, as Mr. Warren observes, are as sound today as ever.

Only, fear is a bad counsellor and takes precedence at times over high principles.

If the American people are looking forward to a better world not only for themselves but for everyone, the Indian people are with them, though there be no agreement on the path that the U.S. Government has chosen to the cherished objective.

GOAN FREEDOM

SIGNS are not wanting that the patience of both Goan nationals and India is well-nigh exhausted at the unconscionable delay in the attainment of freedom by Goa.

Mr. Peter Alvares, the Goan national leader, would seem, however, to be arguing against himself in calling upon the Government of India to treat the Goan freedom issue as part of the larger Asian problem and yet tackle it as an urgent question.

Mr. Nehru has repeatedly said—and Mr. Alvares reiterates, perhaps unwittingly, what the Prime Minister has been stressing—that Goan freedom has to be viewed in the wider context of the anti-colonial upsurge in many parts of the world.

Such an approach must inevitably entail waiting.

THAT GOAN FREEDOM IS IMMINENT CANNOT BE SAID WITH CERTAINTY BUT, AS MR. NEHRU REVEALED IN THE LOK SABHA LAST MONTH, THERE WAS EVIDENCE OF A STRONG LIBERATION MOVEMENT IN GOA.

Subsequent events have borne out the truth of the disclosure—the Indian tricolour has been seen fluttering from tree-tops on the border, Goan priests and prominent business men have joined the movement in strength, leading to 500 arrests in recent times, and passenger trains have been attacked.

Outside Goa, there has been a concerted move to boycott ships bound for Goa.

One can expect these acts to have with cumulative power and bring nearer the day of Goa's ultimate freedom.

RISE IN PRICES

THE steady rise in prices of consumer goods in India, more noticeable recently than at any time in the past, has given anxious moments to the common man who hopes—and expects—this tendency to be arrested in time.

One has to agree with Mr. A. C. Guha, Union Minister of Revenue, that this rise was not completely due to deficit financing and was restricted mainly to agricultural products.

Mr. Guha, said that the rise in prices started in March last; actually the uptrend has been observed since May, 1955.

T. R. Deogirikar

Since then the general index has risen by 14 per cent and the working class cost of living by nine per cent, though food articles alone registered an increase of 31 per cent.

THE CAUSE

Mr. Guha was clearly watering down unpleasant facts by describing the effect of deficit financing on price rises as "very small."

IN 1954-55 DEFICIT FINANCING WAS RS. 142 CRORES AND, AT THE PRESENT RATE OF SPENDING UNDER THE EXPANDED SECOND PLAN, IT MAY RUN INTO RS. 220 CRORES FOR THE YEAR.

Traders will be grateful to Mr. Guha for covering up the sins of hoarding with a respectable term — "speculative trading."

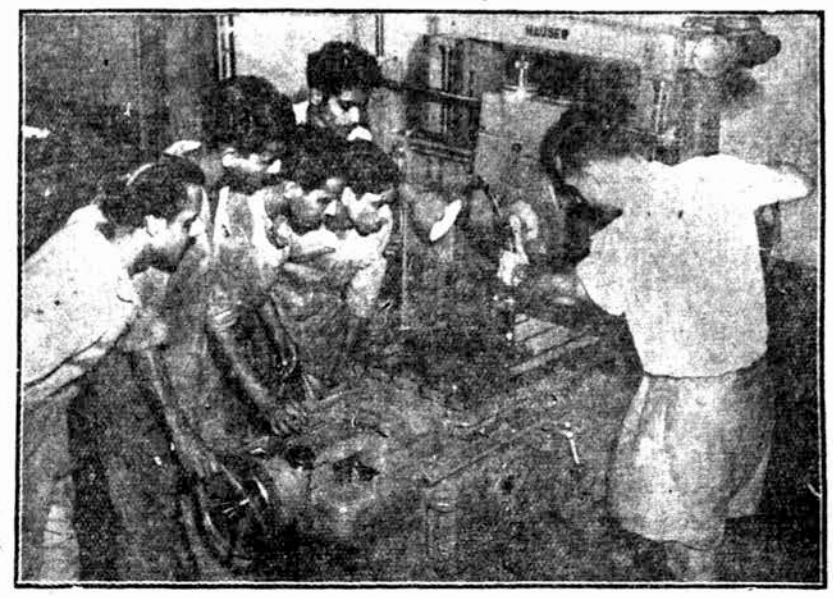
THE NIZAM

IF Hyderabad will go off the map of India in a few months, it is but fitting that the Nizam should have decided to retire from public life on the termination of his tenure as Rajpramukh.

He can have little interest in politics when the State over which he and his dynasty ruled for years, at one time with absolute sway, will cease to exist.

The Nizam —reputed to be one of the richest men in the world—has passed the Psalmist's allotted span of three score years and ten and will devote himself to composing Persian and Urdu couplets, at which he has always shown rare and unrivalled gift, within the spacious and lordly precincts of his King Kothi Palace.

Free India, which gave him the honour of being Rajpramukh of his erstwhile State, will not grudge him the quiet indulgence he desires and wish him happiness and peace of mind in his self-inflicted seclusion.



An instructor explaining the working of a precision jig boring machine to a batch of trainees at the Machine Tool Prototype Factory at Ambarnath, near Bombay.

RANGOON NOT PERTURBED BY CHINESE 'INVASION'

BY JOHN RIDLEY

RANGOON.

THE situation on the mountainous Sino-Burmese border where a number of Chinese Communist troops have occupied certain areas of Burmese territory remains very quiet.

So far, there have been no reports of any fighting although a force of about battalion strength of the Burmese Army has been sent up to the northeast frontier.

Generally, here in Rangoon, the incident is being officially played down and it is felt that the whole matter will soon be satisfactorily settled diplomatically.

Officials stress that the Chinese Communists cannot be said to have actually invaded Burma, but rather that elements have infiltrated into the country in an area where the border isn't clearly defined.

This process of infiltration has been going on for the greater part of this year and was the subject of an exchange of letters between U Nu and Chou En Lai.

No Reply

Replying to U Nu's first note, protesting against the presence of Chinese nationals on Burmese territory, Chou En-Lai promised that the matter would be examined.

When no action was taken, second letter was sent to Peking, but so far there has been no reply.

"We are facing a dangerous and tense situation which must be handled with the greatest delicacy," one official said.

"From information we have received it is difficult to definitely say whether Chinese troops, in establishing outposts on Burmese territory, close to the China-Burma border, have committed an act of aggression or if they are merely acting on the belief that this particular area actually belongs to China."

Winning Over

Reports however, said that in some parts of Wa State, Chinese Communists who have come in are giving presents to inhabitants in an effort to make themselves and their country popular.

THIS WOULD SEEM TO INDICATE THAT PEKING IS CONSIDERING RAISING AGAIN THE QUESTION OF DEMARCATION OF THE BORDER AND IS ALREADY TRYING TO PERSUADE THE POPULATION TO VOTE IN THEIR FAVOUR IN THE EVENT OF ANY SORT OF REFERENDUM THAT MIGHT BE HELD.

THE BURMA-CHINA border has long been a disputed one, going back as far as 1894 when an Anglo-Chinese convention was held.

Early Raids

From earliest times the whole Irrawaddy basin was claimed as being a part of Burma and the British Government drew a boundary along the main Salween-Irrawaddy watershed.

The Chinese protested and raided beyond this line in 1908 and 1911.

Each time they were driven out by British troops.

For 50 years, therefore, the present Kachin State has been clearly defined.

In 1935, the League of Nations Commission drew up a boundary between China and Wa State, one of its effects being to secure for Burma an area of Lufang where there are silver deposits.

The Chinese, however, never agreed to the cession to Burma of what it considered part of China.

No Alarm

The people of Rangoon don't seem unduly alarmed by the news that their country has been "invaded" by the Chinese and, in fact, the majority of local newspapers are completely ignoring the fact.

A British Embassy spokesman was of the opinion that reports reaching the capital of the "invasion" were exaggerated.

The Lion Of Bombay

(Continued from Page 8, Col. 8)

and Dufferin said that they should not confine themselves to social problems and that it was best they tackled the political problems also.

"Let them attack," he said, "the Government and the Administration. Let them attack the revenue Policy and let them attack everything. We shall then know their mind and be benefited by it."

Hume recounted this to his other friends and that is why Dufferin is regarded as part-father of the Congress.

W. C. Bonerjee

He was quite equal to Pherozeshah Mehta in all respects, and perhaps his superior in one respect.

Pherozeshah was in prominence everwhere, while Bonerjee liked to be behind the scenes.

But he was as great a man, and as able a lawyer.

He became so rich, that he bought some land in Croydon in England and built a fine little house for himself to which he retired for six months every year.

He came to Calcutta for six months and made a good deal of money.

HE WAS KNOWN AS THE PERSON WHO ACTUALLY MET THE EXPENSES THAT CONGRESS COLLECTIONS WERE UNABLE TO MEET.

Kung's Weekly Chat

THE ZEPPELIN ERA HAS LEFT ITS MARK ON PHILATELY

WHEN THE PROHIBITION TO CONSTRUCT ZEPPELINS WHICH WAS ONE OF THE CONDITIONS OF THE ARMISTICE WAS EVENTUALLY REMOVED THE CRAVING IN GERMANY FOR FURTHER PROOF OF THEIR TECHNICAL ACHIEVEMENT BECAME OVERWHELMING.

A national gift was organised to obtain funds for a new airship.

Donations flowed in and in 1928, a new "Graf Zeppelin" was launched at Friedrichshafen.

Her first trip took place on September 18, 1928, and the boldness of her construction amazed the world, especially as she had an overall length of 237 metres and engines developing 2,650 h.p., which were unheard-of features in 1928.

After carrying out a number of so-called "workshop-flights" the zeppelin set out on her first Trans-Atlantic flight in October.

Special postmarks aboard ship as well as for the America-bound and return trip were used by the German and American post.

In the following years numerous trips were carried out with complete reliability.

From August 7 to September 4, 1929, a round the world flight took place and mail posted and carried by the airship to and from many countries not only received special postmarks, but was often franked with special stamps issued for the occasion.

The first crossing of the South Atlantic followed in May and June 1930, the Polar Flight from July 24 to 31 1931, and the first England trip from August 18 to 20, 1931.

Regular flights to South America with landings at Pernambuco in Brazil commenced in 1931 and continued until 1937.

On all those flights and on many more to various destinations the mail carried by the airship was cancelled with special postmarks, mostly of a pictorial character.

It is a fascinating parade of stamps and postmarks that the collector of zeppelin mail can assemble in the pages of his collection, even if he be satisfied with a selection of items only.

★

The "Graf Zeppelin" completed over 500 flights according to schedule, crossed the oceans a hundred times and carried some 16,000 passengers—truly not a bad record.

HER INTENDED SUCCESSOR THE L.Z. 129 OR "HINDENBURG," NAMED AFTER THE SOLDIER-PRESIDENT OF GERMANY, WAS EVEN LARGER AND MORE POWERFUL THAN THE "GRAF ZEPPELIN."

She was completed in March 1936 and crossed the South Atlantic for the first time from March 31 to April 10, 1936, flying from Friedrichshafen to Recife and Rio de Janeiro and back.

In May of the same year the first flight to the United States followed. From Lakehurst the airship returned this time to Frankfurt on Main, her new base.

For the first time pictorial arrival postmarks were used at Frankfurt.

The "Hindenburg" made ten North America flights in all during 1936, and a new type of pictorial postmark was used on German mail carried from the sixth trip onward, the design changing with each flight.

On the South America flights only the usual circular postmark was applied, if the mail was posted aboard.

Otherwise the despatch postmark and arrival postmark are the only means of identification, which becomes more difficult if the arrival postmark is missing.

A generally applied postmark, consisting of a double circle, showing the outlines of an aeroplane and zeppelin in the centre was taken into use in 1936.

It was imprinted on all air mail, whether carried by zeppelin or plane, to South America, and as a regular air mail service by aeroplane had also been established, it is not always easy to ascertain what carrier had been used.

★

The "Hindenburg" was not favoured by luck and on her first North America flight in May 1937 she suffered the fate of so many of her predecessors.

Whilst landing at Lakehurst she crashed with serious loss of life; 35 passengers and members of the crew met their death in the disaster and the airship was completely destroyed.

Of the mail carried, approximately 133 letters and cards were salvaged; the remainder were lost.

Naturally, such of them as are still existing are most valuable.

Mail postmarked with the New York Paquebot stamp and dated May 10, 1937, are items intended for the return flight. Ultimately it was not carried, but forwarded by steamer instead.

Once again nation and constructors of the zeppelin braced themselves and another airship was soon in progress of construction.

The L.Z. 130 was completed just before the outbreak of the second world war. No great enthusiasm and no celebrations accompanied launching, because the clouds of war hung heavily over the country.

Her first official trip was in September 1938 to the "liberated" Sudetenland, after its enforced cessation to the Third Reich.

Later in 1939 the new zeppelin carried out a few propaganda flights with landings at various places, like Goerlitz in Silesia, now on the East German frontier with Poland, at Essen in the Ruhr, and others.

★

Special pictorial postmarks were applied to mail carried on all these flights and special arrival postmarks were also used.

But the L.Z. 130 was not found war-worthy. Hitler had no interest in zeppelins generally and Goering is reported to have said that he had no confidence in these "gas bubbles."

The shortage of helium gas for use by the airships had no doubt some influence upon these deprecating views.

During the war both the "Graf Zeppelin" and the L.Z. 130 were quietly taken to a knackers yard and broken up. The raw material thus gained was used in the construction of aeroplanes.

Fifty years have just gone by since the first zeppelin made her appearance. And recently 82-year-old Dr. Eckener, the man who spent his life with the zeppelin, gave an interview to newspaper correspondents.

ASKED ABOUT THE FUTURE OF THE AIRSHIP HE JUST SHRUGGED HIS SHOULDERS.

"There is no longer any chance for the zeppelin. Aeroplanes now bridge spaces and cross oceans and they are as safe and reliable as airships and even more.

"People want to travel faster too; the future belongs to the stratocruiser and jet airliner. There is no place for the Zeppelin in the world of 1950 and after."

Thus for the foremost living pioneer of the airship, the end has come.

The collector of zeppelin mail will read Dr. Eckener's words with regret and maybe with some satisfaction.

He knows that, although his treasures cannot be multiplied by new issues, what he has got is capital that will pay good interest. Time will do the bidding for him.

A NEW STAR

Her name is Ingrid Tulean, and she flew into London with husband Harry Schein. Ingrid is twenty-seven, with icicle-blue eyes, and long blonde hair which cascades down over one shoulder. A newcomer in films she has just had a starring part in "Foreign Intrigue" with Robert Mitchum.

STAMPS AND ALBUMS

Make Ideal Gifts for all occasions. Price List Free. JAL COOPER, Standard Building (above Great Western Stores) Hornby Road, Bombay.

Puzzles & Pastimes

What Do You Say It Is?

BEFORE you color this picture, see what you can draw in it to complete it. Start at dot 1 and draw straight lines from dot to dot. Think you can guess the answer before taking pencil in hand?

Anyone for a Go at Tennis?

THERE are four contestants in a tennis tournament. If every man plays each of the other three how many matches will be played?

Answer: Army will play six matches.

There's an Art to Splitting Cubes

SUPPOSE you have a cube of soft wood and wish to divide it into eight individual cubes. It's a simple matter to slice through twice from top to bottom and once from side to side to achieve this result. But not all problems involving cubes are resolved so easily, as demonstrated below. In these, painted surfaces make results far more difficult to ascertain. William J. Baumgartner, the originator of these problems, suggests some pertinent rules which may help you develop a knack for solving them.

PUZZLE I

Three large cubes painted on all sides are cut 3 ways as often as necessary to form smaller inch cubes. The results:

(a) The first cube cut has 64 unpainted cubes.

(b) The second cube cut has twice as many cubes with paint on one side as unpainted cubes.

(c) The third cube cut has four times as many cubes with paint on one side than those with paint on two sides.

Problem: How large were the three original cubes if the smaller cubes are one inch each way?

PUZZLE II

Four large cubes painted on all sides are cut 3 ways as often as necessary to form smaller cubes. These are the results:

(a) The first two cubes cut have 72 smaller cubes with no paint on them.

(b) The second two cubes cut have 300 more cubes with paint on one side than those with paint on two sides.

Problem: How large were the original cubes?

Answers: Puzzle I—(a) 6 inches, (b) 5 inches, (c) 10 inches. Puzzle II—(a) 4 inches and 6 inches. (b) 7 inches and 9 inches.

LAWS OF CUBES

The following laws govern when solving puzzles based on painted cubes cut three ways to form smaller cubes.

1. Every cube has six sides, twelve edges and eight corners where the edges meet.

2. The unpainted cubes lie in the center of the larger cube. Before cutting, their number is always equal to a number cubed or multiplied three times by itself.

3. The cubes with paint on one side only appear in the center of each side to form a square, and their number is a multiple of six. As the cube increases in size, their numbers form a series of 6, 24, 54, 96, 150, etc.

4. The cubes with paint on two sides lie in the center of each of the edges and their number must always be a multiple of twelve. As the cube increases in size, their number forms a series of 12, 24, 36, 48, 60, 72, etc.

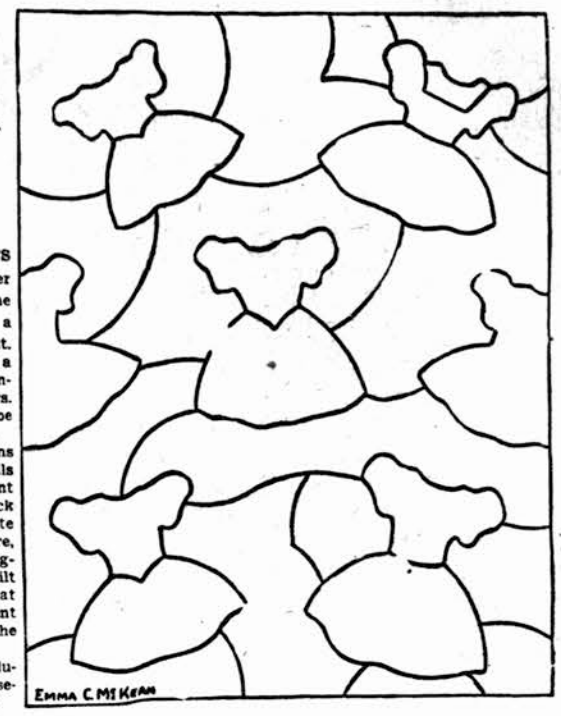
5. The cubes with paint on three of the sides appear in the corners where the edges meet; their number is always eight regardless of original cube size.

Patch-Work

GRANDMA'S again at her favorite pastime of assembling a patchwork quilt. As usual there's a problem of planning its colors. Perhaps you'd be willing to help.

Using crayons or colored pencils of three different shades, or check marks to indicate what they are, color each segment of the quilt at right so that no two adjacent areas are of the same color.

There's a solution given elsewhere in page.



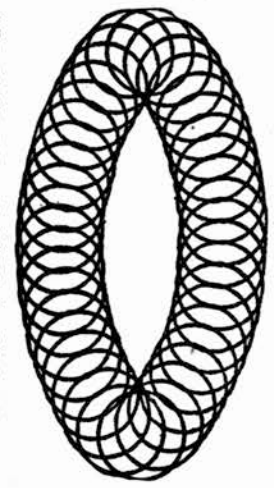
Helping Yourself

BRIEF REPORTS on select new books of interest to home craftsmen, hobbyists and collectors. Selected by Clark Kinnaird.

The New Complete Hoyle, by Albert H. Morehead, Richard L. Frey and Geoffrey Mott-Smith (Hanover House, 740 pages: $3.95). In their revised edition of a cyclopedia of games originally published in 1947, Morehead, Frey and Mott-Smith cover some five hundred games and pastimes played with cards, boards, counters, dice, numbers and words.

Complete Book of Wood Finishing, by Robert Scharff (McGraw-Hill, 293 pages: $4.98). Here is a guide that deserves the descriptive phrase "complete"; it covers every kind of treatment of practically every kind of wood used either indoors or outdoors.

EYE-WITNESS ACCOUNT



DOES this circle of circles appear to be rolling toward the right or left? You may have difficulty deciding for it is a puzzling optical illusion.

By the way, guess how many small circles are contained in the large one—would you say the answer is closer to 25, 40, 60, 90?

After you've guessed, check with the answer given below. You'll find it a lot easier than counting them.

Answer: The number is forty-one.

It's Your Move

By Millard Hopper

SITUATION: White checkers to move and win in four moves.

Clue: White sets up a jump with his first move that eventually results in a four-man sweep. White is traveling up the board, of course.

Solution: White 14-10 Black 6-15 White 11-27 Black 4-11-20 White 27-32 Black 20-27 White-Blinko!

Memorable Day

WHETHER or not corporal punishment is a good thing for young children is a constant subject for debate amongst parents but Alice Walton, speaking in the BBC's Midland Home Service, came down hard on the side of it in her reminiscences of life in a Victorian nursery.

She described an early lesson in controlling her temper and recalled the day when she threw an ebony ruler at her brother in a fit of anger.

Her mother took her to the night nursery, removed her clothes and gave her a very hard smacking, then put on her nightdress, drew the blinds and put her to bed for the day.

No one was allowed to see her, although the assaulted brother came often to the keyhole with tender enquiries.

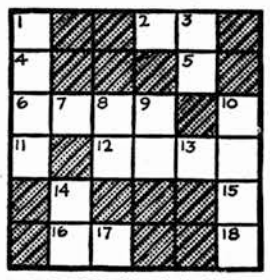
In the evening her mother came to her for a talk and said "When you remember this day — and you will — it will remind you that unless you can control your temper you are not fit to live with other people."

Mrs. Walton said that even now the words came to her mind when she felt herself slipping.

Despite this and many other hard lessons she maintained that the family's upbringing was not grim nor was their mother harsh.

She was the most loving and beloved of women but she was also the queen of the tribe and her word was law.

Fill the Blanks With Figures



TO SOLVE this wits tester, proceed as in a crossword puzzle, using numbers instead of letters for the answers. Insert a single digit in each square. The trick is to get answers that will function across and down.

ACROSS

1. More than this is a crowd.
2. To determine your life expectancy, subtract your age from 80 and multiply the difference by 2/3. A 59-year-old person can expect to live how many more years?
4. *Riddle me, riddle me, riddle me ree*
   To what number add "S"
   and make it less three?
5. Cry of the links.
6. Jim's father's age is the same as Jim's with the digits reversed. If last year the father was four times Jim's age, father's age now is — years and Jim's is — years.
10. A birdie on a 5-par golf hole.
11. In playing solitaire, place a red — on a black five.
12. Ought none cipher zero.
14. How many U. S. Presidents first saw the light of day in Texas?
15. A "unau" is a — toed sloth.
16. Your cafe waiter shouts this number if you are all out of money and cannot pay your check.
18. Freezing point of water on centigrade thermometer.

DOWN

1. Great thrills: A — cribbage hand; the — thousand dollar jackpot.
2. How many errors in spelling: It occurred to me that he was more disappointed then you.
3. A mother's post card message: "four kids, — colds, —lorn!"
7. If arteries carry blood to the heart write 2; if from the heart, write 1.
8. Number of members in the President's cabinet.
9. The approximate weight of a bushel of wheat.
10. Sign on a corset shop: If you're 20 and want to look 40, that's your business, if you're — and want to look —, that's OUR business.
13. Like a Band of Gold.
14. Two nines.
17. A hockey team.

Solution: Across—1-2, 2-14, 4-9, 5-6, 6-5116, 10-4, 11-4, 12-0000, 14-1, 15-2, 16-66, 18-0. Down—1-3564, 2-1, 3-64, 7-1, 8-10, 9-60, 10-4030, 13-0, 14-18, 17-6.

Find Some Figures

FROM the figures that are given, deduce which digits are represented by the X's in this problem in multiplication.

```
  X 1 X
  3 X 2
  -----
  X 3 X
X 3 X
X 2 X 5
-------
1 X 3 X 3 0
```

Answer: Four one five multiplied by three eight two is one five eight five three nought.

A Party Stunt

HOLD a handkerchief in the center and place it on the floor so as to form a mound. Each player must stand on one leg and place his hands behind his back. He must then bend down and try to lift the handkerchief between his teeth.

There is a little trick in doing this. Rest your left knee against the back of the right leg, and if you are good at balancing, you will succeed in picking up the handkerchief. If you do not succeed in picking up the handkerchief, you will get plenty of fun watching the other players go through their contortions.

Lie-Detector Vouches TV. Announcement

A DALLAS advertising agency has come up with a unique method of 'proving" its televised commercials are not exaggerated.

A Polygraph, or lie-detector, is rigged to the announcer while he delivers the commercial. A separate camera is focused on the instrument and an "expert" interprets its findings for viewers.

The first use of the new idea concerned an announcer's remarks based on his personal experience with an automobile air conditioner.

The lie-detector expert said the Polygraph showed the announcer spoke the "absolute truth" about the air conditioner, "even the superlative adjectives which he used to describe it."

Magic Cure

When Mattia Manzi told his story, his family doctor suddenly became one of Naples' businest physicians.

The doctor cured Mrs. Manzi of a long-standing nervous disorder and when friends wanted to know what magic the good doctor had applied, the happy husband spread the word: "No magic. He just told her her condition was a symptom of old age."

Poser of the Reversed Digits

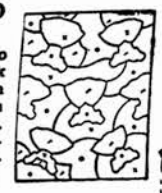
1. There is a number consisting of two digits. The number itself is equal to five times the sum of its digits, and if nine be added to the number, the position of its digits is reversed. 2. There is another number of two digits which itself is equal to seven times the sum of its digits. If 18 be subtracted from it, the position of its digits is reversed.

What are these two numbers?

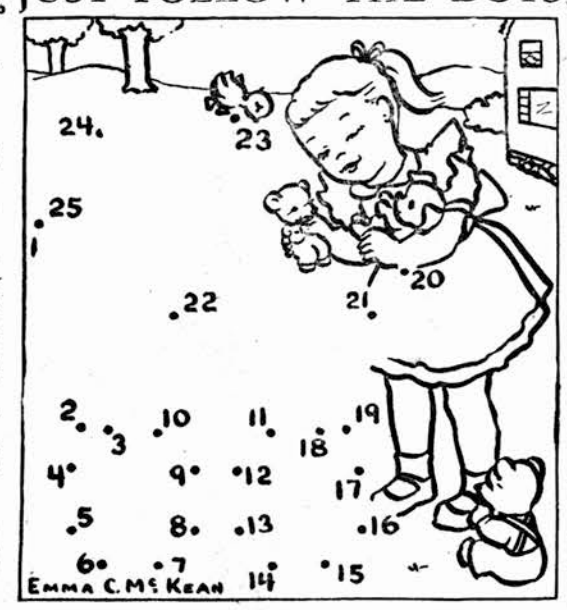
Answers: Forty-five and forty-two, respectively.

HOW TO DO IT

Solution to Patchwork Poser shown elsewhere in the page. Symbols represent respective colorings.



JUST FOLLOW THE DOTS



WHAT can you draw to complete the picture above?

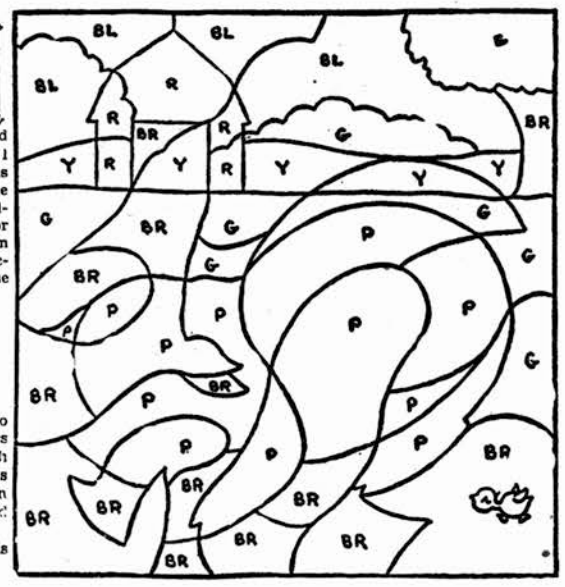
Starting at dot 1, draw a continuous line from dot to dot consecutively and end at dot 25. Where two numbers are beside one dot, such as 1 and 25, use the dot for both numbers.

A Word With You?

THERE are only a few words in the English language which contain all of the vowels including "Y." Can you give one?

Answer: Eloquitonarty, revolutionary and unquestionably, are some.

Hidden Figure



CAN you find the animal hidden in this scene? To make it appear use colored pencils or crayons to fill in the spaces according to these indicators:

Bl—Blue
R—Red
P—Pink
G—Green
Br—Brown
Y—Yellow

Those who do not have colors handy, may wish to try various shadings with an ordinary lead pencil.

What animal is concealed?

Color-Graph

TO bring forth the colorful Yuletide scene hidden in the diagram at right, shade in the spaces with colored pencils or crayons according to the following color indicators:

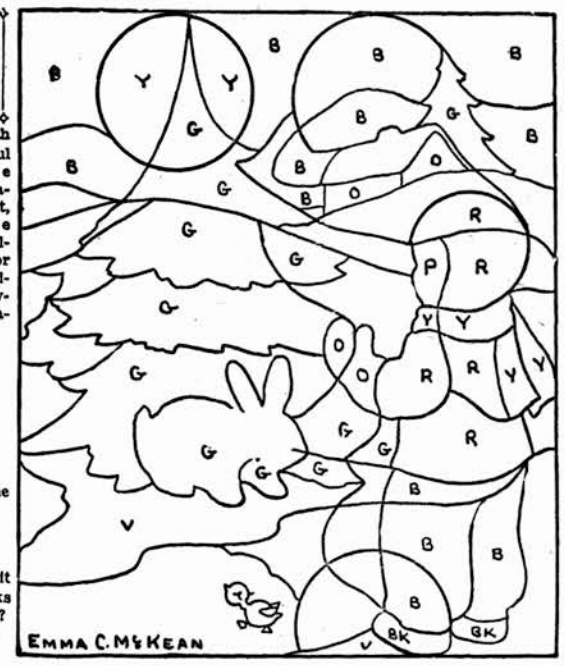
B—Blue
Y—Yellow
G—Green
O—Orange
R—Red
V—Violet
Bk—Black
P—Pink

What does the scene portray?

Riddle

WHAT is it that speaks every language?

Answer: An echo.



Children's Own Corner

My Dear Sisters And Brothers,

A PERSON in search of a drink might make the mistake of walking through a London doorway under a sign that bears the words "Hopscotch Inn." From the outside, it does look like a tavern.

But the 'pub' is really a club for some of Britain's less fortunate youngsters — a place where they can get together for some constructive fun.

And thus avoid the perils of juvenile delinquency.

The junior club is run by the Save The Children Fund, an organisation of volunteer workers who devote their spare time to creating a feeling of "belonging" for the youngsters.

Situated in a grimy back street near London's Euston railway station, the three-storey building housing this haven of juvenile outlet is a converted shop.

The lower floor houses the recreational hobbies such as pottery, painting, woodworking and basket-weaving.

★

On the second floor, the excited cries, shouts, and laughter of children enjoying themselves at "letting themselves go" would deafen a normal ear.

Here, they play indoor games such as billiards and table tennis.

Miss Barbara Maas, a slender attractive figure in sweater and tartan slacks, is in charge of the club.

The excited cries of pleasure she feels are a sign that the work of the organisation is successful.

The room at the top of the building has been set aside for the more quiet forms of pastime such as reading, sewing, dressing up and acting in plays.

The inn is one of 13 run by the fund for children from five to 15 years of age.

A budding orator in action.

PigEconomy

INDIA has its holy cows and Gibraltar its historic apes, but in primitive New Guinea it is the lowly pig which is the centre of all society.

In the untamed interior the pig enjoys an exalted position.

But unlike the sacred cow of India, the New Guinea pig has one ultimate function—sooner or later he ends up in the cooking pot.

On recent patrol, leaders made contact with tribes sheltered for centuries from the outside world by 12,000-feet-high jungleclad Razorback Ridges.

Where aerial reconnaissance had spotted only a few thousand, the patrols made contact with tens of thousands of natives.

Officials estimated the hidden valleys of the central highlands might contain another 2,000,000, still uncontacted by government patrols.

But wherever the Australians penetrated, the pig economy was the rule.

★

Whenever a native garden is planted or harvested, a house built, or a birth or a death occurs, pigs go into the cooking pots.

More civilised tribes call these pig feasts "Big Fella Christmas," and they are observed with feasting, dancing and the cooking of as many pigs as can be spared.

Patrol leaders found pigs were considered more important in the community than the women members of the tribe.

Before a pig festival is held, the host tribes play a tune on their bamboo flutes.

The purpose of the music is to call on the spirits to make the pigs grow fat before the festival.

For the festival women and children carry all the wood and do the chores.

Among the primitive New Guinea tribes it is the male who sports the plumage.

The woman is in her usual state of drabness regardless of the celebration.

In these tribes the woman raising native living standards, men are an indication of the subjection of the women.

THE MAN WHO HAS SUP- has no social position. The plumage and decoration of the PLIED THE BIGGEST PIG TO THE BANQUET IS KING OF THE DAY.

He receives all the admiration from the other men although his wives have done all the work in rearing the pig.

Government authorities now are studying the prospects of increasing pig stocks in New Guinea as a first step toward

Balkan-ji-Bari

All are welcome to join this premier All-India Children's ...

The Children's Garden

Please send for its full particulars and enrolment forms from Dada Gulistan, Khar—Bombay 21, mentioning your full name and address and age and enclosing a one anna stamp for postage.

Dada will always be happy to hear from you.

JAI HIND!

All Good Wishes from
Your loving
Dada

KREMLIN'S NEW LOOK SPIKES DULLES'S GUN

By Crosby S. Noyes

IF the "New Look" in Russian policy is, as the evidence strongly suggests, a deliberate offensive and a threat to the security of the free world, an answer would seem to be called for.

The answer, surely, is not to take refuge in the hope that the offensive will fail of its own accord.

Or still better, that it will backfire and bring the Communist world tumbling into ruin.

It doesn't lie either in the pretence that nothing really has changed and that the West can go on waging the cold war with the same slogans and the same techniques that have worked in the past.

In terms of its effect in the European area, the new look in Russian policy shapes up as anything—but a symptom of weakness or a sign of retreat.

On the contrary, it has all the earmarks of a carefully calculated and positive decision by the new Russian leadership.

As a pattern of action, everything that has been done makes sense. The spirit behind it is aggressive.

Objective

The objective is to destroy United States prestige and power throughout the world—to bring what remains of free Asia, Africa and perhaps even part of the Western Europe under increasing Communist influence and ultimate Communists control.

The new leaders themselves may feel that the kind of internecine warfare which characterised the Stalin era has lost its zest.

The Russians may be seeking closer ties with the West to counter-balance the awesome weight of 600,000,000 Communist Chinese.

Each of these factors could have helped to shape the decision.

But perhaps the biggest reason of all is that the new Russian leaders understand what Stalin never understood: That in the struggle between two world systems, the olive branch is a more effective weapon than the big stick.

At any rate, whatever real or imagined dangers may lie in their path, Russia is clearly moving ahead with a logical programme which confronts the West with two facts deserving urgent recognition.

For the first time, Communism as a system is in open and successful competition with Democracy, fighting in areas and with weapons on which the West until now has had a monopoly.

This competition which is basically hostile to the interests of the free world, cannot be met successfully by diplomatic techniques and propaganda created

"So I said to myself: 'What's glamour — if she's got a bit of money'."

during the opening phases of the cold war.

France today has a Socialist Government.

In Italy and Germany the Socialist parties seem to take control in the near future.

The best long-term defence against Communism lies in the development of a strong, non-Communist left.

Anti-American

What makes it unfortunate is the characteristic tinge of anti-Americanism in European socialism, explained in no small measure by our steadfast support of "co-operative" right-centre Governments throughout the entire postwar era.

This is a setup which the Communists, both inside and outside Russia, hope to exploit.

If the new era of peace and international understanding has the desired results—if the national Communist parties in France and Italy get their second wind and achieve something like political respectability, the barriers might be broken and European Communism come into its own.

It also might not, since Europe's Socialist leadership is not nearly as soft-headed as it has sometimes been made out to be.

But short of outright victory, there are a number of elements in the picture which the men of the Kremlin can read with a satisfaction that seems rather more justified than the complacency of the West.

In Europe, Soviet policy is geared to the long haul with little prospect of quick profits or spectacular windfalls.

In Africa and the Middle East the timetable is more compressed and the effort more intense.

In one sense it's the same battle.

IF RUSSIA CAN SUCCEED IN ROUTING THE WESTERN POWERS FROM THIS AREA IT WILL HAVE STRUCK A POSSIBLY FATAL BLOW.

If Russia can bolster its own position in the area and stir up dissension within the Allied camp in the meanwhile, so much the better.

For these reasons, Africa and the Middle East can be classed together as a European battlefield where the West is engaged in the most critical defensive struggle of the cold war.

The stakes are oil, raw materials, bases and land.

If Russia's ambitions do not extend for the present to having these for herself, she should dearly like to see the West deprived of them.

The war is being waged within the minds of Arab leaders with problems, prejudices and ambitions of their own.

Pattern Changes

The Russian approach has been straightforward and elementary:

First, the new Kremlin regime has identified itself warmly with all Arab Nationalist movements in the area, encouraging its leaders in their crusade to "throw off the yoke of foreign imperialism."

Second, the Russians have been developing an economic offensive on an increasing scale.

The aim here is simply to make the area less dependent on Western aid for their economic and military development.

But now the Arab leaders are all fully aware that a substitute Santa Claus is standing by, ready to take over whenever he gets the nod.

The Russians have made good use of the essential provincialism of the new Arab leadership.

They have understood that the Arabs' attitudes and prejudices are entirely local in origin and confined to the limits of their own experience.

Since Western imperialism is the only kind Arabs ever personally experienced, fear of Russian imperialism is beyond the horizon.

The Russians have been most careful not to change this state of affairs.

If there is a rope attached to every Kremlin gift, neither the Arabs, nor, for that matter, most Western observers in the area have been able to detect it.

There is, in fact, no need for any.

At this point, the aim of the Kremlin is not to subvert the Arabs or make Communists of them.

The aim is simply to woo them out of a close association with the West into a position of neutrality. And the disinterested, unconditional goodneighbourliness with which they are setting about it makes American aid officials tear their hair.

Extraordinary solicitude is shown to avoid injuring the pride of the local leaders.

THE MOST TRANSPARENT GIVEAWAY PROGRAMMES ARE CAREFULLY CAMOUFLAGED AS "NORMAL TRADE AGREEMENTS."

Apart from the economic offensive is the question of military aid. In Cairo, foreign observers were recently treated to an impressive peek at some of the modern weapons sent to Egypt by Communist Czechoslovakia in exchange for cotton.

Does Russia want to provoke war in the middle east?

It seems unlikely, since war between Israel and the Arab States would probably bring a return of Western military power to the area.

These women serving in the 84th Congress of the United States hope to represent their constituencies again in the 85th Congress. All but Mrs. Margaret Chase Smith, the only Senator and the only incumbent whose term does not expire this year, will be candidates for re-election in November. Indications are that they will be joined by a record number of women candidates for national, State and local offices.

In recent statements, Kremlin leaders have expressed pious hopes for a peaceful settlement of the Arab-Israel dispute.

Arms Deal

In their dealings with Egypt's president Nasser, the effort seems to be to divert his attention and energies in new directions.

During the recent visit to Cairo of Russian Foreign Minister Shepilov, most of the talk concerned Russia's bid to finance the construction of Egypt's high dam.

Perhaps the best explanation of the arms deals is simply that planes and tanks are the surest and quickest way to the heart of a nationalist Arab leader.

The battle for the minds of men can almost be simplified down to one man who, with some justice can claim to speak for the Arab world.

Nasser is in many respects an admirable leader.

His devotion to the cause of Arab Nationalism is complete.

His vigour, intelligence and honesty are widely acclaimed. His charm is undeniable.

No one could justly accuse Nasser of being a conscious tool of Communism. And yet, under his leadership, Arab neutrality in the cold war has become established doctrine.

In North Africa, Egypt's diplomacy and propaganda is energetically directed toward the uprooting of Western influence under the name of imperialism.

Nasser's announced aims include the destruction of Israel and the demolition of the Baghdad Pact.

Power Politics

Throughout the area—and indeed throughout all Africa—his bid for leadership in the fight against "western domination" sounds like the call to holy war.

The major effort of the U.S. in this area throughout much of the postwar period has been to avoid taking any side.

The U.S. has broad interests throughout the world which might be compromised by vigorous action in one area.

It is not that there is any lack of announced aims.

The trouble lies in the difficulty of finding a clear line of action which can, at the same time:

1. Encourage Arab Nationalism.
2. Support the State of Israel.
3. Maintain a balance of power.
4. Strengthen the area militarily and economically against Communism.
5. Support the European allies.
6. Protect U.S. strategic interests.
7. Present the world with a shining picture of American anti-colonialism.

Of all these worthy objectives, none is being attained today.

America takes comfort in the Baghdad Pact as a bulwark against Communism.

Yet the majority of Arabs consider it an effort to undermine Egyptian influence in the area.

The Israelis look on it as Western support for a hostile Arab coalition.

The French see it as a diplomatic blunder of no military significance.

The British are resentful that America inspired the pact, persuaded them to join it, and then refused to join it.

Being everybody's friend has endeared us to no one.

A change is needed in American thinking about Communism itself.

NoFearComplex

Communism must be accepted as a competitive system.

It is time to stop talking about it as one would talk about a disease.

It is time to stop preaching about it as a sin and assuming that, in the eyes of a majority of people in the world, all morality lies on the side of the dedicated anti-Communists.

In its new guise, it no longer is possible either to pin the Western case against Communism primarily on the fear of subversion or military domination.

The danger may still be real enough. But, except in a very few areas, fear is no longer an effective guarantee of co-operation.

Accepting this, the West must also recognise that the competition with Communism is in deadly earnest.

Whatever cards the Communists may be using today, the stakes involve the freedom of millions and the survival of democratic society.

And the game is still being played for keeps.

Love Of Trucks Lands Man In Prison

CHRONICLE CORRESPONDENT

LONDON.

ONE man's love — of motor trucks — provided Scotland Yard with the biggest and strangest case of fraud in its criminal history.

Eric Earles Bamford, 26-year-old former pit boy in a Derby county coal mine, loved trucks —fleets of gleaming haulage trucks.

★

As a youngster he spent all his pennies on toy ones.

At 24 he had saved nearly $3,000.

He put it into a haulage firm which he swore to build up into the country's biggest truck owners.

But Bamford's infatuation earned him a 7-year jail sentence after a frantastic series or fraudulent deals involving more than £1,500,000.

Scotland Yard's fraud experts struggled for more than nine months to unravel Bamford's breathtaking financial operations in which he bought and sold "ghost" fleets of trucks.

Bankers and hire purchase firms vied with each other to pour money into Bamford's companies.

They wined and dined him and gave him unlimited credit.

ONE FINANCIAL FIRM ACTUALLY GAVE BAMFORD AN OPEN CREDIT ACCOUNT AND ALL HE HAD TO DO TO GET FUNDS WAS TO PHONE THROUGH DETAILS OF TRUCK DEALS.

Prosecutor William Fearnley-Whittingstall told the court that Bamford and Kenneth Walton Hutchinson, his friend and fellow director who was charged with him, had carried out "a most astonishing scale of fraud."

★

Their method was to obtain large sums from banks and hire purchase firms for trucks which never existed, or were under the names of dummy purchasers.

The total amount involved in the frauds, said Whittingstall, would never be known.

Defence lawyer Brian Appleby said Bamford had an obsession for trucks and added:

"Ambition has been blamed for many things but there is no doubt that it was the root cause of Bamford's downfall.

"By hard work and ambition he built up a business for himself at the age of 24. He is now ruined.

"This has been described as one of the greatest cases of fraud in criminal history and certainly I have not been able to find a larger, but it all springs from Bamford's ambition to keep the companies which he had built up and all the money was poured back into them."

Judge Sir Donald Finnemore exclaimed:

"I cannot say, but it is astonishing that two such young men should be involved in such large-scale frauds."

Hutchinson, who was said to have been influenced by Bamford, received a three-year sentence.

★

Scotland Yard's Superintendent George Bellamy, who worked on the case, said:

"It was the biggest fraud case in Yard history."

BAMFORD WAS ARRESTED ON A "HOLDING" CHARGE, WHILE INVESTIGATIONS WERE BEING COMPLETED. IT HAD BEEN LEARNED THAT HE HAD INTENDED TO GO TO SIAM WHICH HAS NO EXTRADITION TREATY WITH BRITAIN.

THIS PROMISES TO BE ONE OF THE MOST CHEERFUL WEEKS YOU HAVE HAD OF LATE AND, AFTER WEDNESDAY, ONE OF THE MOST EVENTFUL.

THOSE MOST LIKELY TO BENEFIT TO THE FULL ARE READERS BORN BETWEEN THE MIDDLE OF APRIL AND THE MIDDLE OF JULY IN ANY YEAR.

CAPRICORN
DEC. 21—JAN. 19.

Journeys, relatives and intimate friends may bring you good fortune this week.

A woman in your environment helps you to gain a much needed backing or financial support.

Family quarrels tend to subside and good feelings will be restored before the week is out.

AQUARIUS
JAN. 20—FEB. 18.

You may hear some good news of a confidential nature in the first few days.

This will help you to increase your business activities, bring about a profitable deal.

If a parent, this week will be made especially happy by the actions of, or events which concern, the younger people in your family.

PISCES
FEB. 19—MARCH 20

After a disappointing start things will turn more in your favour this week.

Not all you aim at will be accomplished, but there will be more than one gratifying result.

On the business side, advice of an old, experienced associate will open new doors for your advancement.

ARIES
MARCH 21—APRIL 20

There are prospects of an existing or long-standing friendship warming up this week.

Memories and emotions will be stirred and you may find it difficult to control yourself.

Circumstances favour courtship and marriage, if eligible.

Financially, tips or inside information may put a little extra cash in your pocket around Sunday.

TAURUS
APRIL 21—MAY 20

Despite added expenditure you are likely to get through the week well financially.

Money which has been tied up in some way may be freed for use or a well-planned speculation may bring a windfall mid-week.

Socially, a particularly amusing time; surprising number of people seem to pop in and out of your life.

GEMINI
MAY 21-JUNE 20.

Judicial hospitality and new introductions should bring happy tidings this week.

The bank manager, insurance or other business agents you deal with, may put forward new ideas for your advancement.

Issues connected with a loan or a mortgage may also find a satisfactory solution end of the week.

CANCER
JUNE 21—JULY 20

No outstanding advance in the week ahead but you will feel pleasantly satisfied with business stability and private affairs.

Finances will demand cautious spending—cash you had hoped to gain through a recent job will not arrive.

A proud attitude in an important friendship will lose you the chance of enhancing your present position.

LEO
JULY 21—AUG. 20.

A slow beginning will speed up and lead to an unexpected business improvement.

Your home will offer a new happiness and a proposition will have the full support of your partner.

Those younger in years, however, may be inclined to act impetuously.

Fondness for the curious will influence your week-end planning.

VIRGO
AUG. 21—SEPT. 22.

Not quite a satisfactory week because of your tendency to be indecisive.

There will be danger in taking a suggestion regarding an investment at it's face value.

Week-end offers a chance for a pleasure trip and there may be news which calls for celebration.

LIBRA
SEPT. 23—OCT. 23.

Pick your company with care—someone who appears reliable and prosperous may let you down.

Misunderstanding that arises early in the week may lead to loss of prestige and money.

Chance to improve domestic relationships and to make life more interesting and comfortable should come your way around Thursday.

SCORPIO
OCT. 24—NOV. 22

Something you have been working on will take a more definite turn this week.

Your attempt to make money outside your normal income will prove a success.

Rumours and counter-rumours affecting your career will end with good news.

In business, a week of interesting new schemes and possibly a windfall.

SAGITTARIUS
NOV. 23—DEC. 21.

Inconsiderate talk by a third person will cause strain on the domestic front if you let it.

Accepting your partner's commonsense attitude, through you will ride out this storm-in-a-teacup.

Financially you will have a stroke of good luck late in the week—a previous speculation may pay off.

FAVOURABLE DAYS FOR	
Buying:	
Business Deals	Friday 31
Personal Purchases	Monday 27
Selling	Wednesday 29
Entertainments	Monday 27 Saturday 1
Sports	Tuesday 28 Saturday 1

Your Daily Guide

SUNDAY, AUGUST 26

Some complications this morning, then things speed up. Unexpected visitors, invitations may bring pleasant tidings after noon.

MONDAY, AUGUST 27

Make a fresh start with the new week. Excellent indications for ambitious schemes, monetary dealings, legal and official matters. Entertain tonight.

TUESDAY, AUGUST 28

Morning good for anything requiring bold, prompt action, independent effort. Unexpected pleasant surprises for the sportsmen.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 29

Diplomacy and goodwill pay well today. Stick to routine; avoid speculation—cut expenses.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 30

Forcing pace will do you no good today. Pursue the normal course, clear off outstanding work. Be sociable.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 31

It is to your financial advantage to mix with people of means and influence. Unexpected financial gains for those who are alert and enterprising.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 1

Week ends on a fortunate note. Equally good day for social matters, sport, gardening. Settle down to serious thought, plan for the new month.

The 2,500th anniversary of Buddha was celebrated in Washington recently at the Jefferson Memorial Auditorium, with Buddhists and their friends marking the occasion with prayers, candle-lighting, offerings of flowers, reading of scriptures and blessings. Ambassador Gunawardene (left) and Ambassador Mehta are shown on the stage during the observance.

JAP INVENTION KNITS SWEATERS IN A FEW HOURS

Chronicle Correspondent

WASHINGTON.

HOW would you like to knit a sweater for your husband in just a few hours? Or a whole suit for yourself in a couple of days?

This may be possible shortly, thanks to the happy inspiration of the wife of the new Chinese Ambassador to Washington.

Mrs. Hollington K. Tong, whose husband was sent here by President Chiang Kai-Shek to succeed Dr. Wellington Koo, is very much of a diplomat herself.

"Sally" Tong, as this charming erudite, but highly domestic lady suggests her new American friends call her, has a diplomatic project in mind which concerns the old "knit-one purl-two" routine.

New Project

It involves a new Japanese (not Chinese) invention.

This is a home knitting machine that works like an American sewing machine.

The project of the new Chinese Ambassador's wife is linked with the wife of the Japanese Ambassador.

Incidentally, this is right in line with the new Chinese Ambassador's lifelong work toward increasing friendliness between China and Japan.

If successful, "Sally" Tong's diplomatic knitting programme could revolutionalise American knitting, revive the old-fashioned American sewing bee into a modern knitting bee in ultra-sophisticated Washington.

The Japanese invention is said to be quite reasonably priced.

The machine only recently has appeared in Tokyo.

Mrs. Tong saw it in use in the homes of her Japanese friends just before her husband ended his six years as Chinese Ambassador to Japan.

Time Saved

"You can knit a sweater on this knitting machine in just a few hours," says this youthful-looking grandmother of fourteen grandchildren.

"I had hoped to take lessons in use of the new machine and bring one with me to Washington. But there was just too much to do when we left Tokyo for our new post here."

As mother of three daughters and three sons, all married now, Mrs. Tong has put in many long hours with a pair of fast knitting needles for both children and grandchildren.

SHE SAYS THE NEW KNITTING MACHINE CAN WHIP UP A TINY GARMENT FOR A BLESSED EVENT IN NO TIME AT ALL OR A FASHIONABLE KNITTED DRESS IN A MATTER OF HOURS INSTEAD OF WEEKS, THE OLD KNITTING NEEDLE WAY.

Mrs. Tong has already discussed her plans with Mrs. Masayuki Tani, wife of the Japanese Ambassador here.

These plans are not only domestic, but full of overtones of international goodwill between Chinese, Japanese, and American women.

Young women at the Japanese Embassy would be drafted as instructors in the use of the new machine.

Not only to teach American and Chinese women, but any other women who are interested at any of the 77 diplomatic missions here.

Mishaps Plague White Collar Workers, Too

Chronicle Correspondent

NEW YORK.

PERSONAL safety on the job for the 8,000,000 "white collar" workers in U.S. industry is purely an illusion, according to statistics assembled by a nation-wide safety organisation.

Granted the injury rate for chair-borne employees is the lowest in all job categories, it is estimated 25,000 suffer disabling injuries each year and that the number of non-disabling injuries runs into the hundreds of thousands.

Falls account for 53 per cent of the disabling injuries suffered by office workers.

Handling of materials and equipment is next with a total of 20 per cent.

Bumping into equipment and material total eight per cent, falling objects about two per cent, all other sources 17 per cent.

One way to cut the number of disabling office injuries, safety experts advise, is for office supervisors to make sure each section or floor has at hand an adequate first aid kit.

It need not be an elaborate one, they point out.

The main thing is to have it available for quick use.

SPORT CHRONICLE

NERVE OF STEEL

Inside this motor cycle sidecar is a notice "Do not lean out of the window," which is, of course, exactly what 18-year-old Jill Sear has to do when she goes racing with her father. Jill, a factory worker at Lancing, Sussex, has a nerve of steel as well as a sense of humour and she goes track racing just for the fun of it. Here she's seen competing with her father in the S.E. Centre Grass Track Championship at Brands Hatch, Kent.

Romance – An Unlisted Contender At Olympic Games

CHRONICLE SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT

SYDNEY.

CONSTRUCTION of the olympic village at Heidelberg, eight miles from Melbourne, was completed last week on schedule — and promises to add a new, and hitherto unscheduled event, to the olympic tradition.

The added event: International Romance.

For the first time the accommodation for men and women athletes taking part in the olympic games will be concentrated in a single, gigantic village.

Men and women will live in houses and flats separated by only a few yards—and an eight-foot high "manproof" fence.

However, the fence is only to keep unwanted visitors out of the women's section because the women athletes will be free to walk in the men's compound.

Melbournites regard the dol. 10,000,000 olympic village as an excellent setting for romantic attachments between the men and women athletes.

The Victorian springtime is expected to set athletes' hearts a flutter amid the friendliest fraternisation of the sexes in games' history.

Segregation between the sexes will be out, but romance is not expected to bud until towards the end of the 15-day games, which begin on November 22.

The 8,000 men athletes and 700 women athletes will be more interested in training to win gold medals during the first days and weeks' of their Melbourne visit.

However, when the race has been run, the athletes will begin to feel the springtime influence and the closeness of fraternisation.

SEEING OWN PERFORMANCES ON NEWSREELS

Men and women athletes will be able to see their own performances on newsreels at the 1,000-seat cinema. Singsongs will develop in the evenings round the pianos in the recreation huts.

The 115-acre olympic village will be opened officially on October 29, and will be home for athletes and officials for six weeks.

The Victorian Housing Commission built the 841 houses and flats in 12 to 15 months.

The village will have a modern 20-bed hospital and the services of Australia's best physicians and surgeons, a dental center, 23 restaurants, 12 shops, police station, post office and bank, laundry, drycleaning depots, internal bus service, three electric substations, public baths, hairdressing saloon, boot and shoe repairs.

Olympic athletes will pay dol. 8 a day for board. The dol. 2,500,000 worth of heavy equipment for the outsize kitchens is now being fitted.

Camp commandant Phil Miskin is briefing his staff of 2,200 for the big job ahead. About 1,400 experts will attend to catering, cooking administration, gardening and hundreds of other jobs.

No athlete's chances are likely to be put off by unfamiliar food. The Melbourne organisers hope to give every team its own national food and there are 75 competing nations in 1956.

'MASTER OF SPORT'

One of the most successful woman athletes in the recent Spartakied of Russia was Lyndnila Yegorova, Master of Sport of the USSR. Here she is seen with her medals and bouquet of flowers after the prize distribution.

THE THREAT IN CHESS WHICH IS STRONGER THAN ITS EXECUTION

IN THIS YEAR'S CANDIDATE'S TOURNAMENT FOR THE WORLD CHESS CHAMPIONSHIP SMYSLOV ACCOMPLISHES THE TRUE DEMOLITION OF THE SAEMISCH LINE IN THE NIMZO-INDIAN DEFENCE AS SHOWN IN THIS WEEK'S GAME.

By BHALCHANDRA V. KHARE

Throughout the game he proves the well-known maxim "The threat is stronger than its execution" and forces the opponent into difficulties in trying to defend.

The play against the Wyvill formation in which White has doubled Pawns on the Queen Bishop file is most logical and Smyslov gives no chance to his opponent.

NIMZO-INDIAN DEFENCE

White:—Geller.
Black:—Smyslov.

1. P-Q4, Kt-KB3; 2. P-QB4. P-K3; 3. Kt-QB3, B-Kt5; 4. P-QR3, BxKt ch; 5 PxB, P-B4; 6. P-K3, P-QKt3; 7. Kt-K-2 (*1), KtB3; 8. Kt-Kt3, Castles; 9. B-Q3, B-R3 (*2); 10 P-K4, Kt-K1 (*3); 11. B-K3, Kt-R4; 12. Q-K2, R-B1; 13. P-Q5, Q-R5 (*4); 14. Castles, Kt-Q3; 15. QR-Q1, P-B4 (*5); 16. PxKP, QPxP; 17. PxP, PxP; 18. Q-B3, B-Kt2; 19. Q-B4, Q-B3; 20. B-Kt1, Kt-K5 (*6); 21. R-Q7, Q-B3; 22. RxB, QxR; 23. KtxP, QR-K1; 24. Q-Kt4, K-R1; 25. Kt-Kt3, KtxKt; 26. RPxKt (*7); Q-KB2; 27. Q-R4, (*8), P-KR3; 28. B-Q3, Q-B3 (*9); 29. Q-R5, R-Q1; 30. B-K2, Q-B4; 31. Q-R4, Q-B3; 32. Q-R5, Kt-B3; 33. P-Kt4, Q-B2; 34. Q-R4, Kt-K2; 35. Q-R3, Kt-Kt3; 36. Q-R2 (*10); KtB5; 37. B-B3, QxP; 38. P-Kt5, R-Q3; 39. R-B1, R-Kt3; 40. PxP, RxRP; 41. Q-Kt3 (*11), Q-K5; 42. QxKt, QxQ; 43. BxQ, RxB (*12); 44. R-K1, R-QR5; 45. R-K8 ch, K-R2; 46. B-K4 ch, P-Kt3; 47. P-Kt4, RxRP; 48 R-K6; RxP; 49. K-Kt2, P-QKt4; 50. P-B3, P-Kt5; 51. P-Kt5. R-R5; 52. BxP ch, K-Kt2; 53. K-Kt3, R-Q5; 54. B-K8 (*13), P-Kt6; 55. P-Kt6, R-Q1; 56. R-K7 ch. But White lost on time as his flag dropped before he could press the button of his Chess Clock (*14).

COMMENTS

(*1) This virtually amounts to the sacrifice of a Pawn for the sake of a King's side attack.

(*2) Preparing for the standard attack on the Pawn on White's QB4 by..Kt-QR4.... R-QB1...PXP.

(*3) Freeing the King Bishop's Pawn against the Pawn roller, and also getting ready to attack the QBP once more by Kt-Q3.

(*4) Indirectly, Q-B5 is attacked once more, but the main purpose of the move is to stop the White Queen from reaching K-R5 so that the eventual Kt-Q3 cannot be answered with P-K5.

(*5) The Pawn can wait—after 15.—BXP; 16 P-B4 White would still get a dangerous attack. Now Black threatens 16....P-B5.

CRUCIAL CHOICE

(*6) Now White is faced with making a crucial choice between a sacrifice for the sake of an attack or a bad ending (21. KtXKt, PXKt; 22. QXQ. PXQ; 23. R-Q7, QR-Q1; 24. KR-Q1. RXR; 25. RXR, R-B2; 26. R-Q8 or Q1) and how is White to protect the Pawns on the Q-side.

(*7) White's two Bishops certainly appear strong. It is believed that two Bishops are as strong as a Rook and a Knight.

(*8) Threatening mate.

BLACK IMPROVES

(*9) Now Black improves his position by persistently threatening to exchange Queens. White is short of time the position calls for a simplification.

(*10) At this stage White could have saved a move or two but his shortage of time is somewhat responsible for his peculiar retreat of the Queen.

(*11) Here Smyslov sealed his move—a pseudo Queen sacrifice.

(*12) The positional outcome of the exchanges is that one of White's good Bishops has been exchanged off for the Knight. The remaining Bishop is useless.

(*13) After 54. B-R5 hoping for perpetual checks, 54...R-Q2 would immediately finish the game.

(*14) Lost on time by seconds. However the game is lost after 56...K-B3; 57. P-Kt7, RXB; 58. RXR, KXP etc.

GETTING READY

18-year-old Jill Sear is a factory worker at Lancing, Sussex. But in her spare time she goes motor cycle sidecar racing with her father. And here's Jill getting ready for another of those hair-raising spells round the grass track at Brands Hatch, Kent.

The Chairman of the Olympic Construction Sub-Committee, Councillor P. L. Coleman, told a Press conference in Melbourne that the whole £A5,500,000 construction programme was 98 per cent complete.

With about four months to go before the Opening of the Games, contractors were working at high pressure on installation of fittings and equipment and cleaning up the sites.

All structural work on the new £9700,000 threetier stand at the Main Stadium is complete. All that remains to be done at the Olympic Park swimming stadium is the glazing of the pool and the erection of diving platforms and boards. The pool will be filled and ready for use in August.

Two other arenas are finished and the cycle track, with its grandstand for 4,500 spectators, is due for completion in September.

THE G.O.M. OF CRICKET

"WHO WAS THE OLDEST CRICKETER EVER TO PLAY FOR ENGLAND IN A TEST?" I MUST ANSWER IT BY SAYING: "IT WAS DR. W. G. GRACE REFERRED TO STILL AS THE "G.O.M. OF CRICKET," WRITES MR. S. P. FOENANDER IN THE "CEYLON OBSERVER."

Dr. Grace played his last Test in 1899 at Trent Bridge, Nottingham, against the Australians led by J.J. Darling. Going in first with C. B. Fry, nowadays a veteran of over 80 years "W.G." scored 28 and 1.

I have before me the full scores of that match edited by James Rivers and in it there appears the following:

"W. G. Grace played his last game for England in this Test at Nottingham.

He was born in July 1848 and was therefore 51 years old when he played his last Test in 1899" This is therefore a record that has still to be beaten.

I am sure it will interest all lovers of the game, especially students of cricket records, to know that another of the World's greatest batsmen of all time, the late A. C. MacLaren, who like Dr. Grace, played in Colombo in the long ago was also 51 years of age when he led the M. C. C. team vs. New Zealand.

In that game MacLaren scored 200, not out, a phenomenal performance indeed.

Wilfred R. Rhodes, I may mention, was born on October 29, 1877 and played his last Test in August 1926, being then in his 49th year. It is sad to think that today Rhodes is suffering from total blindness.

I well remember seeing Rhodes "singing his swan song" in Test cricket in that memorable Test at the Oval when he had a big hand in England's dramatic victory under A.P.F. Chapman's captaincy.

Sir Jack Hobbs, then 44 years old was also one of Rhode's team mates and scored his last century in England in a Test match with Australia.

In 1930 when in his 49th year like Rhodes, Sir Jack played his last Test with Australia, scoring 47 and helping Sutcliffe to put on a century for the first wicket.

NOT A RECORD

Last week in the 3rd Test match at Headingley, Leeds, C. Washbrook and Peter May put on 187 for the fourth wicket.

This, however, is not a record for Tests, between England and Australia or for a matter of that in any other Test game.

In 1938 at Lord's W. R. Hammond and E. Paynter put on 222 for the fourth wicket, which is a record for this series, and also for all Test cricket.

I might add that in 1938 at Cape town Hammond and L. E. G. Ames put on 191 for the fourth wicket vs. S. Africa. That is a record for England vs. S. Africa Tests.

DISTINCTION

Talking of the Battle of the Blues at Lord's I referred last week to Gamini Goonasena's success in the past for Cambridge.

In the recent Oxford vs. Cambridge match M. J. K. Smith of Oxford scored his third century in consecutive Inter-Varsity matches at Lord's, and set up a unique record for this series.

The only batsmen to have scored two centuries in these matches are the Nawab of Pataudi with 238 not out in 1931 and 106 in 1929, and D. R. W. Silk for Cambridge in 1953 and 1954.

It was stated in the English press and also in Ceylon that Gamini Goonasena is the first Asiatic or Asian cricketer to have been elected captain of a Varsity team.

Neither the Nawab of Pataudi nor before him the immortal Ranji or his nephew Duleepsinhji nor other excellent Indian cricketers like Jehangir Khan, or Abdul Hafeez Kardar had the honour of captaining Oxford or Cambridge.

A Ceylonese claims that unique distinction.

However, I might mention that the first Asian born cricketer to captain a Varsity team was Colin Cowdrey who was born in Bangalore, South India in December 1932.

Cowdrey's father was a coffee planter in Bangalore and the future captain of Oxford and an England Test cricketer was born in India, like D. R. Jardine, who before Cowdrey played for Oxford and captained England in Tests.

Incidentally I might mention that Lord Harris and Sir P. F. Warner, who captained England in Tests, were born in the West Indies, while F. R. Brown was born in South America.

SELECTOR TOO

When C. Washbrook, one of England's Test match Selectors was chosen to play for England in the 3rd Test at Leeds it was stated that there was a good deal of criticism of this selection.

Anyhow Washbrook justified his selection and made his critics "look very small fry" indeed.

This was not the first time a member of England's Selection Committee had been chosen to play for England.

It will be remembers that three years ago F. R. R. Brown played for England while serving as a Selector. The first member of an England Test selection committees to play in a Test vs. Australia was Sir Jack Hobbs in 1926.

But at that time Sir Jack was one of England's best batsmen, and so no one could cavil at his selection.

But in the same series the 49 year old W. R. Rhodes of Yorkshire, who had been co-opted to serve on England's Selection Committee with A. E. R. Gilligan, A. W. Carr, Sir P. F. Warner and Sir J. B. Hobbs, had practically retired from big cricket, but in the 5th Test at the Oval he was one of the England eleven and his selection evoked some criticism.

But see what's Rhodes, then a grandfather achieved in that Test.

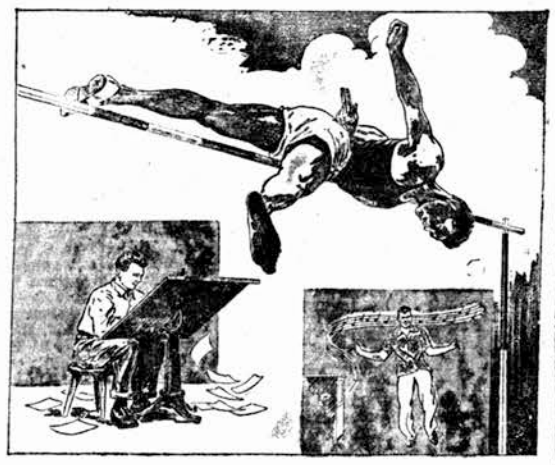
He scored 28 and 14 and took 2 for 35 and 4 for 44, clinching a sensational victory for England and helping to regain the "Ashes."

And how Washbrook has repeated history by scoring 98 for England after having been recalled to play in a Test while serving on the Selection Committee.

ERNIE SHELTON

OUTSTANDING U. S. OLYMPIC HIGH JUMPING PROSPECT

RANKED AMONG THE BEST HIGH JUMPERS IN THE WORLD, THE 23-YEAR-OLD LOS ANGELES BOY HAS LEAPED AS HIGH AS SIX FEET 11¼ INCHES AND AIMS TO TOP THE 7-FOOT MARK IN THE 1956 MELBOURNE GAMES. HE HAS BETTERED THE WORLD RECORD OF SIX FEET 11¼ INCHES IN PRACTICE SESSIONS.



AFTER HE FINISHES COLLEGE AND SERVICE IN THE U.S. ARMED FORCES, HE WANTS TO BECOME A COMMERCIAL ARTIST IN INDUSTRIAL DESIGN.

A TALENTED PERFORMER, ERNIE HAS DONE MUCH TAP DANCING—AN ACTIVITY WHICH HE FEELS HAS HELPED HIS HIGH JUMPING DEVELOPMENT.

Defensive Bidding Could Be Costly If Not Made Discreetly

By Howard Schenken And Richard L. Frey

THERE are three requirements for successful defensive bidding.

You can lose a lot if you try to defend without all three.

First: You must be able to determine that you won't be badly set—that any penalty you may incur will be in proportion to the amount the opponents would score if allowed to play the hand.

Second: You should be able to determine the opponents' probable maximum, so that if you succeed in pushing them higher it won't be to a makable slam contract, for example.

Third: You must have some defensive strength so that, having pushed them up, you can stand a double by partner. This last is particularly necessary when the opponents' suit outranks yours.

Here's an example:

Both	North	
Score:	S. 8 4 3 2	
N S— 40	H. K	
	D. A K 8 5	
	C. 10 9 8 5	
East		West
S. ——		S. A J 10
H. J 10 5 4		H. 8 7 2
D. Q 10 7 6 2		D. J 4
C. K 7 6 3		C. A Q J 4 2
	South (D)	
	S. K Q 9 7 6 5	
	H. A Q 9 6 3	
	D. 9 3	
	C. ——	

The bidding:

South	West	North	East
1 spade	2 clubs	2 spades	3 clubs
3 spades	Pass	Pass	4 clubs
4 spades	Dbl.	Redbl	All pass.

South was wise in concealing his heart suit.

Once spades had been raised, he saw no point in tipping off his unbalanced distribution to the opponents.

With the partial score, he could afford to bid slowly, although he was prepared to go to five spades, if necessary.

DIDN'T REBID OVER RAISE

West had a good enough overcall, specially in view of the score. Note that he did not rebid after his partner's raise. However, after East raised a second time, West felt that his partner should be able to furnish one trick defensively.

He doubled, not only because he expected to take three that it was necessary to consider a further sacrifice.

Perhaps North should have been too well pleased with four spades doubled to have redoubled. However, he felt sure he could annihilate the opponents if they ran to five clubs.

This was a slight miscalculation; in fact, the most he could collect was 800 points.

AN OVERTRICK

East, of course, should have taken his medicine by running to five clubs, since he could hardly expect West to defeat four spades singlehanded.

When he decided to ride out the storm, South made an overtrick, losing only two spades.

The result, when everything was added up, counted 1,430 points, exactly as much as the value of a vulnerable small slam.

But East's worst mistake was [illegible] precipitated the situation—his second club raise.

After having raised his partner once on purely distributional values, he should have accepted defeat and passed out the three-spade bid—precisely for the reason that he was helpless if the opponents accepted the push and went on to [illegible].

BHALJI'S CORNER

Problem No. 203

BLACK

WHITE

White to move and mate in three moves. Solution next week.

Problem No. 202

Problem No. 202, two-mover by M. Lipton KEYMOVE:—R-KKt1.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 21 April, 2017

SPORT CHRONICLE

AMATEURS HOLD ICL GOALLESS

BOMBAY, Saturday.

LOCAL favourites, India Culture League, were held to a goalless draw by Bombay Amateurs in the first division of the Harwood League, at the Bombay Gymkhana Ground, this evening.

Bombay Amateurs had a good chance beating the League side had they made use of the opportunities that came their way. They either delayed too long or shot wide with only the goalkeeper to beat.

Early in the game, both Maqbool and G. Fernandes hung on to the ball too long and Nagappa and Sisodia in turn foiled their efforts.

I.C.L. visited the Amateurs' goal a visit and Damodar saw his good try missing the mark narrowly, and then Bhoja followed in his footsteps when his header went over off Damodar's flag kick.

Amateurs had their spell of superiority but J. Lewis and G. Fernandes followed in their opponents' footsteps.

Then two minutes before the breather right-back Pakrasi miskicked a ball which left J. Lewis with only the goalkeeper to beat, but his feeble shot was kept out by Sisodia.

Soon after that Pakrasi faltered once again and Gulab, who was confronted by the goalkeeper, shot wide.

In the second half, I.C.L. warmed up and had the Amateurs' defence in difficulties.

BHOJA, THE CULTURE LEAGUE CENTRE-FORWARD, FAILED TO CONNECT WITH KRISHNA'S CENTRE BUT BANGERA GOT HIS HEAD TO IT, BUT THE BALL WENT OVER THE BAR.

Then Krishna shot wide off a through pass by Peeran.

Culture League were awarded an inclined free kick in the fifteenth minute when Saleh was penalised for overcarrying and Bangera shot over from close in.

Amateurs too had their chance but Gulab shot over from close in and then G. Fernandes hesitated to shoot and Anthony Fernandes robbed him of the ball before he could get a clear shot.

The teams were:

I.C.L.: Sisodia; Pakrasi, Nagappa; Uchil, P. Shetty, Anthony Fernandes; Krishna, S. Peeran, K. Bhoja, Damodar and K. Bangera.

BOMBAY AMATEURS: Saleh; V. Suvarna, Sheshappa; Chowdhury, Deju, Gururaj, J. Lewis, Pai, Gulab, Maqbool and G. Fernandes.

REFEREE: D. P. Puthran.

They Didn't Play

BOMBAY, Saturday.

KHALSA COLLEGE failed to field their alleged bonafide students—former international Soman, Esprit D'Silva and Joe Rodrigues—all of Burmah Shell in today's semi-final. D'Silva was present on the ground in time.

Reason for withholding the players seems to be fear of impending protest against the bonafides of the three players.

Working hours of the three players in their firm start at 8-30 a.m. while morning classes in Khalsa College, which they have been enrolled are held between 7-30 and 10-45 a.m.

All three players are known to attend office regularly.

Khalsa supporters continued to heckle Owen Ferreira, Tournament Secretary, and Manager of the St. Xavier's ground, throughout this evening's semi-final game. Mr Ferreira, it is learnt, had recently made inquiries at Burmah Shell in this regard.

Goalless Semi-Final Of Colleges Football

BOMBAY, Saturday.

RIVAL skippers Manik Ghodekar (Ruparel) and Bismark Martins (Khalsa) played a captain's game when their teams met in the semi-final round of the Inter-collegiate football tournament at the St. Xavier's College Gymkhana ground, Parel, this evening. Ruparel and Khalsa failed to score despite extra time.

Fast and interesting exchanges featured the game, which was easily the best match witnessed in the tournament so far.

In the twentieth minute, Ruparel goalkeeper Rupret D'Souza was dispossessed while attempting to clear the ball by Khalsa outside-left Bhandangle but Prasad shot over from the pass.

Five minutes later Khalsa lost another good chance, outside-right C. S. Mani's centre was headed over by Bhandangle.

RUDE SHOCK

Two minutes after the change of ends vociferous Khalsa supporters received a rude shock, when under similar circumstances Bhandangle found the net only to be rightly pulled up for being off-side.

Ruparel too had their chances and the many incidents in the rival goalmouth kept the packed students' enclosures on their toes.

Inside-left Venkatesh generalled the Ruparel attack and responded well to the calls made on him by centre-half Ghodekar.

Others to shine were Khalsa centre-half Lazarus Correa, of Caltex Sports Club, and Ruparel defenders Jonas Coutinho, a senior player, and J. Silveira.

The replay has been fixed for Tuesday.

The teams were:

RUPAREL COLLEGE: Peter D'Souza; J Silveira and Jonas Coutinho, M K Roy, M G Ghodekar and R P Narayan; Raghavendra Rao, A Fernandes, S Choudhary, Venkatesh and B N Chatterjee.

KHALSA COLLEGE: Joe Varkey; B Martins and T D'Mello; N G Dalvi, Lazarus Correa and M G Rao; C S Mani, Mahendra Singh, S K Sham, B Prasad and S K Bhandangle.

Georgian Cup Football

BOMBAY, Saturday.

The Georgian Challenge Cup and President J D Aquiar's Shield Football tournament (for Scheduled Castes only), conducted under the auspices of the Siddharth Sporting Association, will commence from September 15.

Entries for these competitions will close on September 10.

India Represented

MOSCOW, August 25.

India is among the 32 nations to be represented at the twelfth chess olympiad which opens in the Soviet Army's central theatre here on September 1.

More than 200 players including Soviet Union's world champion Michel Votvinik, will be competing.

Games will be played on sixty tables set up on the theatre's stage in five-hourly sesions every evening of the olympiad.

Many of the games will be televised over the Soviet network and radio commentators will broadcast descriptions of play.

Railways Volley Ball

GORAKPUR, August 25.

The Fourth Inter-Railway Volley Ball tournament will be held at North-Eastern Railway Sports Ground at Gorakpur sometime in November next. Entries for this tournament will be received from different railways till September 1.

Today's FIXTURES

FOOTBALL

Bombay Gymkhana:

5-30 p.m. Indian Navy vs. St. Francis Goans (first division, Harwood League).

TABLE TENNIS

Byculla Y.M.C.A.:

9 a.m. First and second round of Junior's Singles, 4-00 p.m. onwards third round of Junior's Singles, quarter-finals of Women's Singles, fourth round of Men's Singles, Semi-finals of Junior's Doubles (Open Tournament).

WATER POLO

Victoria Bath

9 a.m. Golwala Water Polo League.

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STYLISH GATHERING

Bombay Amateurs' goal-keeper seen as he jumped high to collect the ball in fine style in the Senior Harwood League match against the I.C.L. on Saturday. Maqbool (left), of Amateurs, and Uchil, of I.C.L., are the others watching Sisodia's move.

Rain Curtails Play In Test

LONDON, August 25.

A TERRIFIC downpour shortly after lunch prevented further play on the third day of the fifth test match at The Oval today. England then led by 121 runs with nine wickets in hand and looked to be well placed for the victory which would give them the rubber.

Australia lost a good chance of playing themselves into a reasonable position because of their inability to make the most of a difficult pitch in the morning.

Under conditions ideally suited to spin bowling they managed to dismiss only Colin Cowdrey with the score seventeen.

Then Peter Richardson and David Sheppard shared a grand unbeaten stand of fifty-nine of which Sheppard made forty.

The rain started ten minutes after the lunch interval and quickly drenched the ground. The pitch was under water and at 1400 G.M.T. the announcement came that it would be impossible to resume today. This was a big disappointment for the crowd of about 25,000 who had seen some fine batting and were hoping for more.—UPI-AFP.

SCORE-BOARD

ENGLAND (first innings)	247
AUSTRALIA (first innings)	
McDonald c Lock b Tyson ..	3
Burke b Laker	8
Harvey c May b Lock	39
Craig c Statham b Laker ..	2
Johnson b Laker	12
Davidson c May b Laker	8
Miller c Washbrook b Statham	61
Archer c Tyson b Laker	9
Benaud b Statham	32
Lindwall not out	22
Langley lbw b Statham ..	0
Extras	6
TOTAL (all out)	202
ENGLAND (Second Innings)	
P. E. Richardson batting	28
M. C. Cowdrey c Benaud b Davidson	8
D. S. Sheppard batting ..	40
Extras	0
TOTAL (for one wicket) ..	76

GOAL IN NICK OF TIME SAVES DELHI IN SANTOSH TROPHY

TRIVANDRUM, August 25.

THE second round match between Delhi and Madras in the Santosh Trophy ended in a draw, each side scoring once. Both the goals were scored in the second half.

An estimated crowd of 5,000 watched excitedly the veritable soccer drama between Madras and Delhi, which had many a climax but without ultimate success for either side. The game ended in a thrilling draw, each side scoring one.

The goal by Madras was just before five minutes to the close of play, and the equaliser by Delhi was so quick that the game was draw before the referee whistled long and loud to end the play.

This crystallised the reason for the climax that the game provided.

Delhi's dramatic equaliser was within three minutes of the solitary goal by Madras. The equaliser was the result of a penalty kick, which first hit upright but was converted into a neat goal by Likoer.

New World Boxing Champion

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 25.

Aovjoe Brown became world lightweight boxing champion here last night when he beat the holder, Wallace Bud Smith on points. Brown had a clear points win over the title-holder "Bud" Smith, who was only saved from a knock-out by the gong at the end of the 14th round.

Brown hurt his right hand in the second round and after the fifth used his left almost exclusively.—UPI-AFP.

Central Railway 'B' Win Narrowly

BOMBAY, Saturday.

Central Railway 'B' scored a narrow two-one victory over Laxmi Ratan Sports Club in the final play-off league of the Second Division Harwood Football League at the St. Xavier's College Gymkhana ground, Parel, this evening.

In the tenth minute of play, the Railway right-inner Rajling paved the way for outside-left Leitao to paw the ball home.

A few minutes later inside-right Doraiswamy was successful in a goalmouth scrimmage following a flag-kick.

Laxmi Ratan wasted a penalty kick minute later. Defender C. D'Souza, who was entrusted with the kick, banged the ball against the cross-bar.

The lapse proved costly for Laxmi Ratan for with inside-left M. C. Amin's neat goal midway through the second session, they could have salvaged a point.

Natekar—In Line For A Treble

BOMBAY, Saturday.

INDIA'S No. 1, Nandu Natekar and R. Dalal (Ruia) entered the final of men's doubles when they beat A. Guzdar and A. Lekhraj (V.J.T.I.) in the semi-final round of Inter-Collegiate Badminton Championship, at the R. D. National Court, Bandra, this evening. Natekar and Dalal won in straight games conceding five points in the first and six in the second.

Later, Natekar, in partnership with Sudha Patwardhan (Ruia), also entered the final of mixed doubles at the expense of the senior string of Grant Medical, S. Desai and Nalini Choubal. The Ruiaites were given full resistance in the first game which they won at 15|11 but in the second, the Medicos lost collecting only four points.

With the entry into the final of men's singles on Friday, Natekar is in line for the coveted triple for the second year.

Khalsa's Chandrakant Deoras is also another contestant for the coveted triple having entered the final of three events.

He entered the final of men's doubles with Vasant Kalambi and mixed doubles in association with Vasanti Ederi, this evening. He is the final of men's singles also.

Keen competition for the team championship is expected between holders, Ruia and Khalsa. With Vasanti Ederi also in women's singles semi-final, Khalsa seem to have a slight advantage as a result of the matches this evening.

The women's doubles final will be contested between Pushpalatha Malvankar and Anuradha Thakar (Elphinstone 'A') and Sophia's pair, Janet Pereira and Iona Lewis as a result of the semi-finals this evening.

While the former pair, Pushpalatha and Anuradha disposed of St. Xavier's pair, Viloo Irani and Miss Banker in straight games at 15-4, 15-7, Sophia's pair, Janet and Iona accounted for Elphinstone 'B' pair, Neela Deshpande and Achala Karni in straight but keen games, the first going over extra points, the scores reading 18-15, 15-5.

The following were the results of the semi-finals:—

MEN'S DOUBLES: N. Naekar and R. Dalal (Ruia 'A') beat A. Guzdar and A. Lekhraj (VJTI 'A'), 15-5, 15-5; C. Deoras and V. Kalambi (Khalsa 'A') beat S. Desai and T. Garud (G.M.C. 'A'), 15-4, 15-10.

WOMEN'S DOUBLES: P. Malvankar and A. Thakar (Elphinstone 'A') beat V. Irani and B. Banker (St. X. 'A'), 15-4, 15-7; J. Pereira and I. Lewis (Sophia 'A') beat N. Deshpande and A. Karnik (Elphinstone 'B'), 18-15, 15-5.

MIXED DOUBLES: N. Natekar and Sudha Patwardhan (Ruia 'A') beat S. Desai and Nalini Chaubal (G.M.C. 'A'), 15-11, 15-4; C. Deoras and Vasanti Ederi (Khalsa 'A') beat T. Mehra and Neela Parekh (I.Sc. 'A'), 15-6, 15-5.

Hututu Tournament

BOMBAY, Saturday.

Mulund Kanyashala entered the final of Colaba Hututu tournament when they beat Raj Hans Hututu Club, holders, by 30 points at the club ground, this evening. Raj Hans led 50-30 at half time.

All excitement in the match was after lemon time when both the teams put forth their best. The scores five minutes before the full time was 90-80 in favour of the losers and seemed to win.

But Mulund women forced them into errors and drew level 90-all at full time.

Extra time was played and the winners scored 30 points in the second half and won the match. They meet Gorakpur Vyayamshala in the final on Sunday.

Karthikeya Hututu Club and Vikram Hututu Sangh, Parel, will contest the final of below 110 lb. section beating Republic Hututu Sangh, Colaba by a narrow margin, the final scores were 90-70.

The junior boys title went to Sri Krishna Hututu Sangh, Dadar, for the second year, when they accounted for Bhimsen Vyayamshala, Byculla in tame final devoid of interest, the final scores were 90-20. The half time score was 70-16.

Chronicle Racing Correspondent's SELECTIONS

RACE	WIN	NEXT BEST
1.	Orloff	Basilian
2..	Rita O'Hara	Bluebottle
3.	Taimur	Viscount Pirla
4.	Dil-Ki-Bat	Dark William
5.	Shandaar, if ab. Palika	Sunny Island
6.	Red Royalty, if ab. Cheerful	Noor-E-Hind
7.	Azad-E-Hind	Fair Lad

CHOICE TREBLE

Rita O'Hara — Red Royalty — Azad-E-Hind

FLUKES

Neolight — Golden Night

A Major Upset—Second-Seeded C. L. Subramaniam Beaten

BOMBAY, Saturday.

SURENDRA MEHTA caused a major upset today, when he beat second, seeded C. L. Subramaniam by straight games in the third round of the men's singles in the Byculla Y.M.C.A. Open Table Tennis tournament at the Y.M.C.A. hall, this afternoon.

Another surprise of the day was Veena Divan being extended to three games, and losing to Sudha Bhagwat, who won by two games to one, in the first round of Women's Singles.

Following are the results:

Men's Singles (Third Round): S. L. Mehta beat C. L. Subramaniam 21-14, 21-14; Mayur Shah beat S. Y. Khan 6-21, 21-18, 21-17; Chandrakant N. Honavar beat S. P. Dosli 21-9, 21-16; A. I. Jacob beat D. S. Kapoor 24-22, 17-21 21-13; Mayur Vyas beat P. Laxman 21-13, 19-21, 21-17; S. V. Nadkarni beat V. Raganath 21-19, 21-15, A. P. Meghani beat D. N. Bhatkal 21-15, 22-20; M. M. Shinde beat G. Khandwala 21-12, 21-10, D. D. Walawalker beat L. A. Ramani 21-13, 21-12; Mukul Vyas w.o. M. V. Halady; C. Y. Dawoodjee beat C. R. Agarwal 25-23, 23-21; Arun Desai beat C. R. Kapadia 21-16, 21-15; G. Sahadeo beat K. Bhatia 21-11, 21-15; A. J. Mehta beat P. M. Rana 21-14, 21-12; N. L. Bajaj w.o. A. N. Deshprabhu; N. G. Merchant beat H. J. Karai 21-17, 21-15.

JUNIORS SINGLES

Second Round: K. Rajnab beat P. Mistry 21-12, 21-12; A. Rangoonwala beat D. N. Sirur 21-4, 21-16; Mayur Vyas beat K. S. Bugwadia 21-10, 21-10; M. A. Tawker w.o. H. R. Vasant; A. Abbas w.o. 'A' Player, A. J. Mehta beat C. Cherian 21-6, 21-13; A. S. Talwar beat S. G. Ruparel 21-16, 19-21, 21-15; R.R. Ebrahim beat P.I. Dalal 15-21, 21-19, 21-19; Solly Saul beat S. Khandwalla 21-14, 21-14 P. B. Vakil beat P.P. Parab 21-14, 21-2.

Women's Singles (First Round): Sudha Bhagwat beat Veena Divan 15-21, 21-18, 26-24; Yvette Vaz w.o. 'B' Player; Achama Varkey w.o. 'A' Player.

Second Round: Yvette Vaz beat Iona Mordeaux 21-11, 21-12; Usha Shaligram beat C. Karkaria 21-16, 21-17; Kishori Anandkar beat Dolly Cardozo 21-18, 21-15; Sunanda Murar beat Doreen Augusto 21-15, 21-16; Shalini Haldipur beat Terry Menzes 21-16, 21-16; Kusum Lotwalla beat Achama Varkey 21-19, 21-15; Sudha Bhagwat beat Sushila Dhareshwar 21-18, 22-20.

P. N. Jhaveri

Unbeaten In Chess

BOMBAY, Saturday.

Pravin Jhaveri maintained his unbeaten record when he gained full point from C V K Subramanyam in the group I in the third round clash in the Bombay State (Junior) Chess tournament at the Parisian Restaurant, this evening.

M K Kothari is next best with two and a half points out of a possible three as he was forced to draw in one match against Behere.

P N Joshi was the other player to catch the eye who scored a full point in his adjourned game against M P Dossa in another Group I match. Most of the other matches between the leaders in the round were adjourned being unfinished.

The results were:

GROUP II (2nd round): J W Smith beat Suresh Pappu; P N Joshi beat M P Dossa; D G Mondkar beat P J Madan; Ravi Dandekar beat P L Nersy; D R Damani beat M N Kothari; K B Mehta beat K J Dharaj; S K Dharaj beat D G Gheewalla; G A Menon beat A A K Iyer; D M Khambatta beat K N Salian.

The following games were adjourned:

M K Rathod vs. M D D'Souza; Ishaq vs. Jayant Shah; A H Wardhe vs. M H Niyazi; M G Kolikar vs. Makhija.

GROUP I (3rd round): Mashook Ali beat Chidambaram; Jhaveri beat C V K Subramanyam; Joshi beat Dossa; Paranjpe beat K N Tata; Pendse beat Wickram; Vajifdar beat Raju Shetty.

Rita O'Hara Has Excellent Chance

Chronicle Racing Correspondent

POONA, August 25.

WESTERN INDIA'S former leading trainer, Abdul Latif Talib can pick four or more races on Sunday at the second day of the Poona big meeting.

Talib's charges, Red Royalty, Taimur, Shandaar and Azad-E-Hind have outstanding chances in their respective races and Neolight, last year's best filly can also upset in the A. Hoyt Plate.

Rita O'Hara who took the crowds by surprise at her debut early in the season has since been working exceedingly well and the well-bred filly should take easily the Ajanta Plate, the chief event of the day.

The only cup event, the Darjeeling Cup has been split up where Talib's charges, Taimur and Shandaar have outstanding chances.

Dil-Ki-Bat relishes well on the Poona course and may make amends in the A. Hoyt Plate.

Dark William, under the guidance of Eldin, will surely make a bold attempt and as already mentioned, Neolight can upset the apple cart.

Following are the probable runners and their riders:—

1 — 2-30 P.M.

THE DEOGAD PLATE.—5 F.

Basilian (R. Hyam)	9	3
Rough Diamond (Sawai S.)	9	2
Georgette (Kheem Singh)	9	0
Gay Pilot (Tasi)	8	13
Certainty II (V. Gopal)	8	11
Martini (Amir Ahmed)	8	10
Orloff (Purtu Singh)	8	9
Transoceanic (Magan S.)	8	7
No Zone (Bashu)	7	4
Dinaz (——)	7	2
Whirlwind (J. Bhosle)	7	2

2 — 3 P.M.

THE AJANTA PLATE—1 M.

Bluebottle (S. Chavan)	9	0
Vedette (Eldin)	8	7
Rita O'Hara (P. Khade)	8	7
Kent Lass (Damodar)	8	6
Paromar (J. Bhosle)	8	3
Welsh Monarch (Duffy)	8	2
Abu Navass (Shiba)	7	12

★

3 — 3-30 P.M.

THE DARJEELING CUP Div. I—1 M

Silent Banger (J. Bhosle)	9	5
Poor (Bashu)	8	11
Armaan (——)	8	6
Royal Love (Purtu Singh)	8	11
Viscount Pirla (Eldin)	8	10
Mustang (Mohd. Yusuf)	8	9
Iran (Purshottam)	8	9
Taimur (S. Chavan)	8	8
Iqbal al Nasser (Md. Khan)	8	7
Golden Palm (Shiba)	8	4
Diamond Crown (——)	8	4
Petite Parisienne (P. Khade)	8	1
Csango (Dinkar)	7	9
Ambuscado (Clump)	7	8

★

4 — 4 P.M.

THE A. HOYT PLATE—1 M

French Slipper (Duffy)	9	4
Dil-Ki-Bat (Mohd. Yusuf)	9	2
Dark William (Eldin)	9	1
Screamer (——)	8	13
Neolight (Purtu Singh)	8	5
L'Audace (Shiba)	7	13
Tosca (——)	7	13
Paper King (——)	7	7
Aftab (J. Bhosle)	7	7

★

5 — 4-30 P.M.

THE DARJEELING CUP Div II—1 M.

Diniar (——)	9	1
Trigger (B. Khalil)	8	13
Gay Lordling (Sawai S)	8	10
Sunny Island (Russi M.)	8	9
Tensing (P. Khade)	8	7
Happy Dream (Purshottam)	8	7
Roda Bay (V. Gopal)	8	5
Neptune's Daughter (Mullsingh)	8	4
Shiledar (Medhe)	8	1
Shandaar (——)	8	1
Coronation (Rajoo)	8	1
Maruti (——)	7	13
Arc de Triomphe	7	11
Palika (Clump)	7	11
Kaniya Kumari (J. Bhosle)	7	11

★

6 — 5 P.M.

THE KATRAJ PLATE—7 F.

Pilpli Saheb (Mohd. Yusuf)	9	0
Cheerful (P. Khade)	9	0
Commodore (Medhe)	9	0
Poonam Ka Chand (Damodar)	9	0
Ocean Star (Eldin)	9	0
Red Royalty (S. Chavan)	8	11
Free Kiss (R. Hyam)	8	11
Ranashree (Rajoo)	8	11
Noor-E-Hind (Purtu Singh)	8	11
Royal Deal (Argade)	8	11

★

7 — 5-30 P.M.

THE HARBOUR PLATE—1 M

Firdaussi (Medhe)	9	4
Kinder Garden (Mullsingh)	9	2
Arosa (Kader)	9	0
Jai Somnath (B. Khalil)	8	13
Raj Kamal (Duffy)	8	13
Final Effort (Kasbekar)	8	3
Wild Fire (Damodar)	8	13
Goodwood (Mohd Yusuf)	8	11
Rita's Pet (P. Khade)	8	11
Native Dancer (S. Chavan)	8	7
Vienna Woods (Shiba)	8	6
Golden Night (Rajoo)	8	2
Fair Lad (Eldin)	8	0
Azad-E-Hind (Purtu Singh)	7	12
Jahan Ara (——)	7	10
Bihari (Kheem Singh)	7	10
Ocean Prince (J. Bhosle)	7	7

JIM LAKER

£3,000—A—YEAR AUSTRALIAN OFFER FOR LAKER

LONDON, August 25

ENGLAND'S star bowler Jim Laker faces a tough decision this week-end, for an Australian firm has offered him a £3,000-a-year post with them in Melbourne, as a public relations officer.

Thirty four-year-old Laker has been picked to tour South Africa for England and his contract with Surrey will have to be renewed shortly.

The temptation is strong for him to start a new life with his family in a post which will last far longer than his cricketing career, but Yorkshire-born Laker has ties and loyalties in his own country.

Today, as many cricket fans were congratulating him on setting up another world record with an aggregate of 43 wickets in the present Test series, many were wondering whether they would one day see him playing in England for an Australian team.

Laker has refused to make any comment on the offer, which includes first class passages for himself and family.—NAFEN.

Schools' Football

BOMBAY, Saturday.

Staging a breakaway seven minutes before the call of time, St. Mary's the champions, registered the only goal in their match against Little Flower of Jesus High School in the Bombay Schools Football League at the St. Xavier's College Gymkhana ground, Parel, this evening.

The champions, who had dropped two points for the first time against St. Stanislaus School last week, found the rival defence hard to pierce in the first half.

In the eighteenth minute after the change of ends, St. Mary's centre-forward Kenneth Gustad dispelled indications of a goalless draw breaking away with a through pass by Basil Crookes to score the match winner.